



1

2

OSCI-Transport, Version 2.0

3

– Web Services Profiling and Extensions Specification –

4

OSCI Steering Office

5

Status: Final Edition 3

6

Last edited on 27th of April, 2010

- 7 This is the approved final version of the OSCI 2.0 Web Services Profiling and Extensions
8 Specification. Minor clarifications may be eligible, which could result from perceptions made in the
9 implementation and/or rollout process. These will be published in future editions of this document. A
10 change history since edition 1 is provided in Appendix D.
- 11 The latest edition always will be available at www.osci.eu/transport/OSCI2/specification.
- 12 Editor of this document:
- 13 Jörg Apitzsch, bos bremen online services GmbH & Co. Kg, ja@bos-bremen.de
- 14 Quality Assurance:
- 15 Thilo Schuster, cit GmbH, thilo.schuster@cit.de
- 16 Further contributors are listed in Appendix E.
- 17 Comments and questions may be addressed to the above mentioned persons.

18

Table of Contents

19	1	Introduction.....	5
20	2	Document Structure	6
21	3	Document Conventions.....	7
22	3.1	Notational Conventions.....	7
23	3.2	XML Namespaces	8
24	4	Specification Conformance	10
25	4.1	Conformance Requirements	10
26	4.2	Conformance Targets.....	10
27	5	SOAP Version, Transport and Fault Binding	12
28	5.1	General processing error	12
29	5.2	Fault delivery, logging and escalation.....	12
30	6	Addressing Endpoints.....	14
31	6.1	Use of WS-Addressing.....	14
32	6.1.1	Endpoint Reference.....	14
33	6.1.2	Addressing Properties – SOAP Binding.....	16
34	6.2	Non addressable Initiators and use of WS MakeConnection.....	19
35	6.3	Addressings faults	19
36	7	Message Security, Authentication and Authorization.....	20
37	7.1	WS Security header block	20
38	7.2	XML Digital Signature.....	20
39	7.2.1	Restrictions to WS-I Basic Security Profiling.....	20
40	7.2.2	Format of XML Digital Signatures used for Documents.....	21
41	7.3	XML Encryption.....	24
42	7.3.1	End-to-end Encryption of Content Data.....	24
43	7.3.2	Encryption Cyphersuite Restrictions.....	25
44	7.4	Security Token Types.....	25
45	7.5	Use of WS-Trust and SAML Token.....	26
46	7.5.1	Authentication Strongness.....	27
47	7.5.2	WS-Trust Messages.....	28
48	7.5.3	Issued SAML-Token Details.....	34
49	7.5.4	Authentication for Foreign Domain Access.....	36
50	7.5.5	SAML-Token for Receipt- /Notification Delivery.....	36
51	8	OSCI specific Extensions	40
52	8.1	Message Flow Time Stamping.....	40
53	8.2	Accessing message boxes	41
54	8.2.1	MsgBoxFetchRequest.....	41
55	8.2.2	MsgBoxStatusListRequest.....	43
56	8.2.3	MsgBoxResponse.....	46
57	8.2.4	MsgBoxGetNextRequest.....	49
58	8.2.5	MsgBoxCloseRequest.....	51
59	8.2.6	Processing Rules for MsgBoxGetNext/CloseRequest.....	52
60	8.3	Receipts	53
61	8.3.1	Demanding Receipts.....	53
62	8.3.2	Receipt Format and Processing.....	56
63	8.3.3	Fetches Notification.....	61
64	8.3.4	Additional Receipt/Notification Demand fault processing Rules	62
65	8.4	X.509-Token Validation on the Message Route.....	63
66	8.4.1	X.509-Token Container	64

67	8.4.2 X.509-Token Validation Results.....	66
68	8.4.3 Verification of XKMS Validate Result Signatures.....	67
69	8.5 General Processing of Custom Header Faults	67
70	9 Constituents of OSCI Message Types.....	68
71	9.1 osci:Request	69
72	9.2 osci:Response	71
73	9.3 MsgBoxFetchRequest	73
74	9.4 MsgBoxStatusListRequest.....	74
75	9.5 MsgBoxResponse	75
76	9.6 MsgBoxGetNextRequest	76
77	9.7 MsgBoxCloseRequest	77
78	10 Policies and Metadata of Communication Nodes and Endpoints.....	79
79	10.1 General usage of Web Service Description Language.....	79
80	10.1.1 WSDL and Policies for MEP synchronous point-to-point.....	79
81	10.1.2 WSDL and Policies for asynchronous MEPs via Message Boxes.....	80
82	10.2 OSCI specific Characteristics of Endpoints.....	80
83	10.2.1 Certificates used for Signatures and Encryption.....	80
84	10.2.2 Endpoint Services and Limitations	84
85	10.3 WS Addressing Metadata and WS MakeConnection.....	86
86	10.4 WS Reliable Messaging Policy Assertions.....	87
87	10.5 MTOM Policy Assertion.....	87
88	10.6 WS Security Profile and Policy Assertions	87
89	10.6.1 Endpoint Policy Subject Assertions.....	87
90	10.6.2 Message Policy Subject Assertions	88
91	10.6.3 Algorithm Suite Assertions.....	89
92	11 Applying End-to-end Encryption and Digital Signatures on Content Data ...	91
93	12 Indices.....	92
94	12.1 Tables	92
95	12.2 Pictures.....	92
96	12.3 OSCI specific faults.....	92
97	12.4 Listings.....	93
98	13 References	94
99	13.1 Normative.....	94
100	13.2 Informative	97
101	Appendix A. Schema.....	98
102	Appendix B. Example: OSCI Endpoint Metadata Instance.....	103
103	Appendix C. Example Signature Element	105
104	Appendix D. Change History	107
105	Appendix E. Acknowledgements.....	109

1 Introduction

The Web Services Profiling and Extensions Specification **Online Service Computer Interface Transport** 2.0 (OSCI 2.0) is made up of five documents:

(1) "OSCI-Transport 2.0 – Functional Requirements and Design Objectives"

(2) "OSCI-Transport 2 – Technical Features Overview"

(3) "OSCI Transport 2.0 – General Architecture"

and

(4) "OSCI Transport 2.0 – Web Services Profiling and Extensions Specification".

These documents are accompanied by a common comprehensive glossary:

(5) "OSCI Transport 2 – Glossary".

While the technical overview and the specification and profiling documents are presented in English language only, the other mentioned documents initially are available in German language¹.

The background and principles of the **Online Service Computer Interface (OSCI) Transport** specification is explained in the document "OSCI-Transport 2 – Technical Features Overview", which should be read first to obtain a base understanding for the profiling and specifications outlined in the here presented document.

¹ While the here presented document is under composition, the English translations of the document „OSCI Transport 2.0 – Generelle Architektur“ (general Architecture) is still outstanding.

2 Document Structure

Chapter [3] clarifies formal appointments concerning notational conventions, which is followed by a summary of conformance targets and requirements.

Due to the proliferation of differing platforms and technologies in the eGovernment, it is essential to ensure the different Web Service implementations are interoperable, regardless of the underlying implementation and operation technology. Therefore, we mainly rely on the work which is done by the Web Services Interoperability Organization², where profilings are compiled of the major Web Services specifications under the aspect of best practices for Web Services interoperability. If needed to satisfy the underlying OSCI requirements, we define further restrictions and processing rules in addition to these profilings. This is outlined in the chapters [5 thru 7].

As OSCI Transport has to serve special requirements, which are not yet satisfied by currently available Web Services specifications, chapter [8] specifies extensions to the WS-Stack for these purposes.

Chapter [9] summarizes the constituent of the different OSCI message types, completed by hints concerning policies and metadata definitions for nodes and endpoints of OSCI-based communication networks in chapter [10].

Finally, in chapter [11] hints are given to realize services, which may be needed by applications for end-to-end encryption and digital signature services on the content data level. Although a transport protocol should be agnostic to payload carried, these services are needed to satisfy confidentiality, legal bindings and non repudiation requirements.

In a continuing refinement process, this specification will be amended by example policies and realization hints for selected classes of communication scenarios.

² see <http://www.ws-i.org/>

3 Document Conventions

3.1 Notational Conventions

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

This specification uses the following syntax to define normative outlines for messages:

- The syntax appears as an XML instance, but values in italics indicate data types instead of values.
- Characters are appended to elements and attributes to indicate cardinality:
 - o "?" (0 or 1)
 - o "*" (0 or more)
 - o "+" (1 or more)
- The character "|" is used to indicate a choice between alternatives.
- The characters "(" and ")" are used to indicate that contained items are to be treated as a group with respect to cardinality or choice.
- An ellipsis (i.e. "...") indicates a point of extensibility that allows other child or attributes content specified in this document. Additional children elements and/or attributes MAY be added at the indicated extension points but they MUST NOT contradict the semantics of the parent and/or owner, respectively. If an extension is not recognized it SHOULD be ignored.
- XML namespace prefixes (see section 3.2) are used to indicate the namespace of the element being defined.

Elements and Attributes defined by this specification are referred to in the text of this document using [XPath 1.0] expressions. Extensibility points are referred to using an extended version of this syntax:

- An element extensibility point is referred to using {any} in place of the element name. This indicates that any element name can be used, from any namespace other than the osci: namespace.
- An attribute extensibility point is referred to using @{any} in place of the attribute name. This indicates that any attribute name from any namespace can be used.

For those parts of this specification where referenced specifications are profiled, normative statements of requirements are presented in the following manner:

Rnnnn - *Statement text here*

where "nnnn" is replaced by a number that is unique among the requirements in this specification, thereby forming a unique requirement identifier.

The terms "header" and "body" used in this document are used as abbreviation of "SOAP header" respective "SOAP body".

Following legend applies for the message diagrams in this document:

- Mandatory constituents have continuous lines, optional ones are marked dashed.
- Arrows on the left diagram side mark transport encryption requirements, those on the right transport signature requirements.
- Encrypted message parts are marked by a hatched background.

185 For explanation of used abbreviations and terms see the additional document "OSCI Transport 2.0 –
 186 Glossary".

187 3.2 XML Namespaces

188 Following XML namespaces are referenced:

Prefix	XML Namespace	Specification
ds	http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#	[XMLDSIG]
dss	urn:oasis:names:tc:dss:1.0:core:schema	[DSS]
fimac	urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:authenticationcontext ³	[SAFE]
osci	http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport	This document
s12	http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope	[SOAP12]
samlac	urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:ac	[SAMLAC]
saml1	urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion	[SAML1]
saml2	urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion	[SAML2]
wsa	http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing	[WSA]
wsaw	http://www.w3.org/2006/05/addressing/wsdl	[WSAW]
wsdli	http://www.w3.org/ns/wsdl-instance	[WSDL20]
wsdl11	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/wsdl/	[WSDL11]
wsmc	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsmc/200702	[WSMC]
wsp	http://www.w3.org/ns/ws-policy	[WSPF], [WSPA]
wspmtom	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrmp/200702	[MTOMP]
wstrm	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wstrm/200702	[WSRM]
wstrmp	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wstrmp/200702	[WSRMP]
wsse	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd	[WSS]
wssp	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-securitypolicy/200702	[WSSP]
wsu	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd	[WSS]
wst	http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-trust/200512	[WST]

³ Preliminary namespace for a SAML AuthnContext extension; proposal subject to standardization in Germany

xenc	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#	[XENC]
xkms	http://www.w3.org/2002/03/xkms#	[XKMS]
xkmsEU	http://www.lsp.eu/2009/04/xkmsExt#	[XKMSEU]
xs	http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema	[XMLSchema]

189 Table 1: Referenced Namespaces

4 Specification Conformance

4.1 Conformance Requirements

An implementation is not conformant with this specification if it fails to satisfy one or more of the MUST, MUST NOT or REQUIRED level requirements defined herein.

A SOAP node MUST NOT use following XML namespace identifiers for the custom SOAP headers defined in this specification within SOAP envelopes unless it is conformant with this specification:

- <http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/osci-transport.xsd>
- <http://www.w3.org/2002/03/xkms#>
- http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/xkiss_ext_de.xsd.

Normative text within this specification takes precedence over normative outlines, which in turn take precedence over the [XMLSchema] descriptions.

4.2 Conformance Targets

Conformance targets identify what artefacts (e.g., SOAP message, WSDL description, security token) or parties (e.g., SOAP processor, end user) requirements apply to.

This allows for the definition of conformance in different contexts, to assure unambiguous interpretation of the applicability of requirements, and to allow conformance testing of artefacts (e.g., SOAP messages and WSDL descriptions) and the behaviour of various parties to a Web Service (e.g., clients and service instances).

Requirements' conformance targets are physical artefacts wherever possible, to simplify testing and avoid ambiguity.

The following conformance targets are used in this specification:

OSCI MESSAGE - protocol elements that profiles the SOAP Envelope, whereby following special OSCI message types are defined:

osci:Request, osci:Response, MsgBoxFetchRequest, MsgBoxResponse, MsgBoxStatusListRequest, MsgBoxGetNextRequest, MsgBoxCloseRequest

OSCI GATEWAY – an assembly of functionalities realized in software able to produce, send, receive and consume OSCI Messages, hereby not concerned with SOAP Body entries (OSCI Messages for MsgBox access and faults transmitted in the SOAP body excepted)

DESCRIPTION - descriptions of types, messages, interfaces and their concrete protocol and data format bindings, and the network access points associated with Web Services (e.g., WSDL descriptions)

INITIATOR – end point instance that generates a message according to the protocol associated with it and that sends it to a RECIPIENT or MsgBox potentially through a message path that involves one or multiple INTERMEDIARY(ies);

RECIPIENT – end point instance that consumes a message according to the protocol associated with it.

INTERMEDIARY – node instance in the message path to the RECIPIENT which offers surplus to the MESSAGE according to the protocol associated with it.

MSG-BOX SERVICE (short **MsgBox**) – specialized INTERMEDIARY instance that is able to relay messages until they are pulled by the intended RECIPIENT according to the protocol defined here.

- 230 **ENDPOINT** – collective term for INITIATOR, RECIPIENT and MsgBox. Each ENDPOINT may be in
231 the role of a Security Token Requestor (STR)
- 232 **STR** – Security Token Requestor as defined by WS-Trust.
- 233 **STS** – Security Token Service as defined by WS-Trust.
- 234 **SAML-TOKEN** – Security Token as defined by SAML.

5 SOAP Version, Transport and Fault Binding

R0010 - OSCI Nodes MUST support SOAP Version 1.2 according to [SOAP12] and constraints specified in [WSI-Basic], chapter 3 Messaging with restriction **R0020**.

R0020 - Transport binding is restricted to HTTP/1.1, which has performance advantages and is more clearly specified than HTTP/1.0. R1140 of [WSI-Basic] (A MESSAGE SHOULD be sent using HTTP/1.1) – is superseded: A **MESSAGE** MUST be sent using HTTP/1.1.

Note that this requirement does not prohibit the use of HTTPS.

R0030 - Errors use the SOAP fault mechanisms. The SOAP fault block according to [SOAP12] MUST be used to report information about errors occurring while processing a SOAP/OSCI message. The **s12:Fault** element MUST be carried in the SOAP body block of the network backchannel SOAP response message or – if no backchannel available in asynchronous scenarios – in the SOAP body block of a distinct message of `osci:Request`.

As specifications incorporated here in general define their own fault handling, this document only outlines additional fault situations specific to OSCI Transport.

Following information for the sub elements **s12:Fault** is supplied per fault described in this document:

Sub Element	Property Label	Possible values
/Fault/Code/Value	[Code]	Sender Receiver
/Fault/Code/Value/Subcode	[Subcode]	A local QName assigned to the fault
/Fault/Reason/Text	[Reason]	The English language reason explanation
In the fault message itself, the [Code] value MUST have a prefix of s12: ; the [Subcode] value prefix MUST be osci: .		
It should be noted that implementations MAY provide second-level details fields, but they should be careful not to introduce security vulnerabilities when doing so (e.g. by providing too detailed information).		

5.1 General processing error

If an unspecific and unrecoverable message processing error occurs, a fault MUST be generated and the message MUST be discarded.

NOTE: There MUST NOT be generated a [Subcode] value prefix in this case!

Fault 1: ProcessingException

[Code] Receiver

[Subcode] ProcessingException

[Reason] Unspecific processing error

Implementations MAY provide second-level details fields, e.g. a stack trace, if this information does not lead to security vulnerabilities (see advise above).

5.2 Fault delivery, logging and escalation

In general, the fault handling defined in [SOAP12], chapter 5.4 "SOAP Fault" applies as well as the respective fault handlings defined by the by OSCI incorporated specifications. Normally faults should

274 raise in situations where the Initiator can be informed directly about this fact. The fault MUST be
275 logged by the node where the fault raises to be available for supervision and revision purposes. If
276 faults raise at the node a message is targeted to, an according SOAP fault MUST be delivered in http
277 backchannel of the underlying request. Message processing MUST be aborted, if not specified
278 otherwise for special situations in this document.

279 Though, there exist situations where the possibility to deliver this information to the initiating node of
280 the underlying message does not exist. In this case, appropriate escalation mechanismns MUST be
281 foreseen by conformant implementations to signal such situations to the system monitoring
282 environment / operating personal; follow-up of this situation is up to the operating policies⁴.

⁴ Those should be made available online for all possible communication partners. Details are not addressed by this document.

6 Addressing Endpoints

The use of WS-Addressing with SOAP 1.2-binding and WS-Addressing Metadata is mandatory for OSCI Transport.

R0100 - **OSCI Nodes** MUST support WS-Addressing and WS-Addressing Metadata according to [WSA] and [WSAM]. Constraints apply specified in [WSI-Basic], chapter 3.6 "Support for WS-Addressing Messaging" and chapter 3.7 "Use of WS-Addressing MAPs".

R0110 - **OSCI Nodes** MUST support WS-Addressing SOAP Binding according to [WSASOAP], whereby only the rules for binding to SOAP 1.2 apply.

6.1 Use of WS-Addressing

The use of mechanisms specified by WS-Addressing [WSA] is REQUIRED. The use of WS-Addressing MUST be expressed in the syntax defined by WS-Addressing metadata [WSAM] in the WSDL describing and endpoint (see chapter [10]).

6.1.1 Endpoint Reference

WS-Addressing introduces the construct of endpoint references (EPR) and defines abstract properties for one-way and request-response MEPs (see [WSA] , chapter 3.1), whereas OSCI regularly uses request-response MEPs. The XML Infoset representation is given in [WSA] , chapter 3.2.

This specification defines following restrictions on the cardinality of elements contained in a type of **wsa:EndpointReference** and concretion concerning the element **wsa:ReferenceParameters**:

```
<wsa:EndpointReference>
  <wsa:Address> xs:anyURI </wsa:Address>
  <wsa:ReferenceParameters>
    <osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>
      osci:TypeOfBusinessScenarioType
    </osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>
  </wsa:ReferenceParameters> ?
  <wsa:Metadata>
    ( xmlns:wsdli="http://www.w3.org/ns/wsdli-instance"
      wsdli:wsdliLocation= "xs:anyURI xs:anyURI"> ) |
    xs:any *
  </wsa:Metadata> ?
</wsa:EndpointReference>

<documentation> type definition of osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario
</documentation>

<osci:TypeOfBusinessScenarioType>
  <xs:simpleContent>
    <xs:extension base="xs:anyURI">
      <xs:attribute ref="wsa:IsReferenceParameter" use="optional"/>
    </xs:extension>
  </xs:simpleContent>
</osci:TypeOfBusinessScenarioType>
```

/wsa:ReferenceParameters

R0120 – If the URI value of .../wsa:Address is not equal to **"http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous"**, an EPR MUST contain one element **wsa:ReferenceParameters** which carries the type of business scenario addressed by the message. This element is defined as type **xs:any*** and optional in [WSA]. The type of business scenario MUST be tagged as URI in the OSCI namespace as **osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario**. (see below).

Any endpoint SHOULD expose the types of business scenarios which it actually is able to serve in WSDL [WSDL11] format. An XML schema definition for the Content Data to be

carried in the SOAP body of the message MUST be bound to the concrete tagged type of business scenario. Following the WSDL binding of WS-Addressing [WSAW], each **osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario** corresponds to a specific port [WSDL11] respective endpoint [WSDL20].

/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario

The type of business scenario, it MUST be outlined as URI in the OSCI namespace.

/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario/@was:IsReferenceParamater

Attribute of type xs:Boolean as decribed in [WSA].

Following types of business scenarios MUST be served by all OSCI endpoints:

Type of business scenario URI	Meaning
http://www.osci.eu/2008/common/urn/messageTypes/Receipt	Receipt type messages
http://www.osci.eu/2008/common/urn/messageTypes/Notification	Notification type messages
http://www.osci.eu/2008/common/urn/messageTypes/Fault	Fault type messages

Table 2: Predefined business scenario types

Following type of business scenerio SHOULD be served by OSCI endpoints, which are intended to be able to support a common mail-style data exchange, optional carrying any type of attachments⁵:

http://www.osci.eu/2008/common/urn/messageTypes/LetterStyle

/wsa:MetaData

R0130 - an EPR MAY have elements **/wsa:MetaData** which carry embedded or referenced metadata information assigned to this EPR.

Each OSCI endpoint SHOULD publish a link to its WSDL by using **wsdl:wsdlLocation**.

Such elements define the metadata that is relevant to the interaction with the endpoint. An Initiator MUST have knowledge about following metadata specific for OSCI about the destination he is targeting a message to. At least, each OSCI endpoint SHOULD publish references to its encryption and signature certificate(s) in the OSCI specfic policy **/osci:X509CertificateAssertion**⁶ by using the **wsse:SecurityTokenReference/wsse:Reference** token reference.

X.509-Certificate to be used for end-to-end encryption of Content Data as exposed in **/osci:X509CertificateAssertion**.

X.509-Certificate to possibly to be used for transport encryption (depending on concrete security policy) as exposed in **/osci:X509CertificateAssertion**.

⁵ The according content data schema will be made available as addendum short after publishing of this specification

⁶ Details are defined in chapter [10.2.1]

X.509-Certificates used by the destination for receipt signatures, possibly those used for cryptographic time stamping, too (both exposed in `/osci:X509CertificateAssertion`).

Availability of qualified time stamping service and policies those apply here (as exposed in `/osci:QualTSPAssertion`⁷).

Possible rules applied by the destination concerning message lifetime, if messages are marked as valid for a restricted period of time (see chapter [8.1] for this issue; the endpoint behaviour is outlined in the `/osci:ObsoleteAfterAssertion`⁷ of the OSCI specific policy.

These requirements and capabilities of an OSCI endpoint have **SHOULD** be described as policies in machine readable form; for details, see chapter [10.2]. It is advised to carry URI-references to these policies in `/wsa:MetaData`. Anyway, it is possible to embed these policies in any WSDL (fragment) describing the OSCI endpoint or even to exchange these information on informal basis out of scope of this specification.

6.1.2 Addressing Properties – SOAP Binding

This specification defines following restrictions on the cardinality of WS-Addressing message addressing properties carried as SOAP header elements as outlined in Web Services Addressing 1.0 – SOAP Binding [WSASOAP]:

```
<wsa:To> xs:anyURI </wsa:To>
<wsa:From> wsa:EndpointReferenceType </wsa:From> ?
<wsa:ReplyTo> wsa:EndpointReferenceType </wsa:ReplyTo> ?
<wsa:FaultTo> wsa:EndpointReferenceType </wsa:FaultTo> ?
<wsa:Action>
  http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/OSCIRequest |
  http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/OSCIResponse |
  http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxFetchRequest |
  http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxStatusListRequest |
  http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxResponse |
  http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxGetNextRequest |
  http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxCloseRequest
</wsa:Action>
<wsa:MessageID> xs:anyURI </wsa:MessageID>
<wsa:RelatesTo RelationshipType="xs:anyURI">xs:anyURI</wsa:RelatesTo> *
<wsa:ReferenceParameters>xs:any* </wsa:ReferenceParameters>
```

/wsa:To

The message final destination URI defined in **wsa:Address** is mapped to this SOAP header element which **MUST** be provided exactly once.

/wsa:From ?

As OSCI is designed for authoritative communication, an OSCI message **SHOULD** carry at most one SOAP header element **wsa:From** of type **wsa:EndpointReferenceType**. If carried, the issuer of this message **MUST** expose here the EPR where he is able to accept `osci:Request` messages according to R0120, R0130; it **SHOULD** carry the same entries as **/wsa:ReplyTo**.

⁷ See chapter [10.2.2]

409 In case of an anonymous Initiator this EPR MAY contain the only child element
 410 **wsa:Address** with a content of
 411 “**http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous**”.

412 /wsa:ReplyTo ?

413 **R0140** - in case of non-anonymous and/or asynchronous scenarios a messages of type
 414 osci:Request MUST carry exactly one SOAP header element **wsa:ReplyTo** of type
 415 **wsa:EndpointReferenceType**. This MUST contain the concrete EPR of the endpoint
 416 according to R0120, R0130; it denotes the final destination the Recipient MUST deliver
 417 the response to. The **wsa:ReferenceParameters** of this EPR SHOULD be the same
 418 as bound to the address element **wsa:To**.

419 If this element is not supplied, the osci:Response (or a fault) is delivered in the http-
 420 backchannel (semantics following [WSA], anonymous URI).

421 For sake of simplification, all other OSCI message types SHOULD NOT carry this SOAP
 422 header element, as for these message types reply destinations are defaulted to the
 423 anonymous URI or there is no need to generate related responses at all.

424 /wsa:FaultTo ?

425 **R0150** - If faults related to this message shall not (or cannot in asynchronous scenarios)
 426 be delivered in the network connection backchannel or it is intended to route such fault
 427 messages to specialized endpoints for consuming fault messages, an OSCI message
 428 SHOULD carry this optional element **wsa:FaultTo** of type
 429 **wsa:EndpointReferenceType**. This MUST be a concrete EPR according to R0120,
 430 R0130. To distinct such messages from other message types, the
 431 **wsa:ReferenceParameters** of this EPR MUST be

432 **<osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>**
 433 **http://www.osci.eu/2008/common/urn/messageTypes/Fault**
 434 **</osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>**

435 In this case, a http response code of 500 MUST be returned in the backchannel of the
 436 SOAP request and the body of the SOAP response MUST carry the fault information in
 437 parallel to the fault message send to the endpoint denoted in **/wsa:FaultTo**.

438 If this element is not supplied, the fault only MUST be delivered in the http-backchannel.

439 /wsa:Action

440 **R0160** - this mandatory element of type **xs:anyURI** denotes the type of the OSCI
 441 message and MUST carry one of the values outlined in the table below. An OSCI
 442 message MUST carry exactly one **/wsa:Action** SOAP header element.

wsa:Action URIs assigned to OSCI Message Types	
http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/	osci:Request
http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/	osci:Response
http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/	MsgBoxFetchRequest
http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/	MsgBoxStatusListRequest
http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/	MsgBoxResponse

<code>http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxGetNextRequest</code>
--

<code>http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxCloseRequest</code>
--

443 Table 3: Defined URIs for the WS Addressing Action element

444 If this header element has not one of the values outlined, the message MUST be
445 discarded and a fault MUST be generated.

446 Fault 2: **AddrWrongActionURI**

447 [Code] Sender

448 [Subcode] AddrWrongActionURI

449 [Reason] Invalid Action header URI value

450 **/wsa:MessageID**

451 **R0170** - this mandatory element of type **xs:anyURI** MUST carry a unique message ID
452 (UUID) according to IETF RFC "A Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace"
453 [RFC4122]. An OSCI message MUST carry exactly one **/wsa:MessageID** SOAP header
454 element.

455 **/wsa:RelatesTo ***

456 **R0180** - these optional elements of type **xs:anyURI** MUST be included, if a message is
457 to be seen as a response to preceding messages and in this case MUST carry the
458 **wsa:MessageID** SOAP header entry of those messages. This is always the case for the
459 network backchannel **osci:Response** and **MsgBoxResponse**. In case of asynchronous
460 responses on Content Data level (carried in a new **osci:Request**) the values for these
461 elements MUST be supplied by the responding Target Application. In case of an
462 **OSCI fetched Notification** (see chapter [8.3.3]), the value MUST be the one of the
463 message currently being fetched out of a **MsgBox** instance.

464 **/wsa:RelatesTo/@RelationshipType ?**

465 This optional attribute of type **xs:anyURI** SHOULD be omitted. Following the semantics
466 of [WSA], the implied value of this attribute is
467 "**http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/reply**".

468 **/wsa:ReferenceParameters** (mapped to **osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario** in the SOAP
469 binding)

470 **R0190** - an OSCI message MUST carry at least one element according to the SOAP
471 mapping defined for **wsa:ReferenceParameters**. According to R0120, this is an URI
472 carried in a SOAP header element **osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario** which is bound
473 to the address element **wsa:To**. The SOAP header **osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario**
474 MUST carry an attribute **wsa:IsReferenceParameter="true"**.

475 If this header element is missing or the addressed endpoint is not able to serve the
476 concrete **osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario**, a fault MUST be generated and the
477 message MUST be discarded:

478 Fault 3: **AddrWrongTypeOfBusinessScenario**

479 [Code] Sender

480 [Subcode] AddrWrongTypeOfBusinessScenario

481 [Reason] Type of Business Scenario missing or not accepted

6.2 Non addressable Initiators and use of WS MakeConnection

Non-addressable Initiators themselves can create outbound connections but cannot accept connections from systems outside their network. This may be for reasons of network topology (i.e. NATs), security (i.e. firewalls), or whatever. In the view of the OSCI topology, such Initiators have even no MsgBox service available where asynchronous response messages can be targeted to SOAP supports non-addressable clients by leveraging HTTP to take advantage of this fact. Non-addressable SOAP clients create an outbound connection to a server, send the request message over this connection, then read the corresponding response from that same connection (this response channel is referred to as "the HTTP back-channel"). This is why non-addressable clients operate synchronously, the response can be delivered in the http backchannel of the request. For this behaviour, WS-Addressing specifies the anonymous URI to be carried in the **/ReplyTo** EPR: **"http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous"**.

For responses to be delivered to non-addressable Initiators in an asynchronous way, the specification WS MakeConnection [WSMC] defines mechanisms to uniquely identify anonymous endpoints as well as making responses accessible for the Initiator in a response pulling manner. On the Recipient site special features have to be foreseen to hold responses until they are pulled. The fact a Recipient endpoint serves (and in this also requires) support of the MakeConnection protocol is indicated by a policy assertion as described in chapter [10.3].

OSCI implementations MAY support WS MakeConnection; no profilings apply here. Special attention should be taken here concerning the authentication requirements for anonymous Initiators and message security to prevent unauthorized message access.

The mechanisms of the WS MakeConnection protocol is seen to be useful for more or less sporadic OSCI based communication, where an initial registration process is not precondition to participate in an OSCI network. For such use cases, example policies will be made available be one part of the profilings addendum successively published from mid 2009 on.

6.3 Addressings faults

The WS Addressing fault handling defined in [WSASOAP], chapter 6 "Faults" applies. For general fault handling, see chapter [5.2].

7 Message Security, Authentication and Authorization

For the achievement of message confidentiality and integrity, the specification Web Services Security: SOAP Message Security 1.1 [WSS] is incorporated. The restrictions defined in the WS-I Basic Security Profile [WSI-BSP11] MUST strictly be applied by conformant implementations and MUST be matched by security policies defined for OSCI endpoints and service node instances.

Message protection mechanisms described here by means of encrypting and digitally signing only address scenarios, where potentially unsecured network connections are used for message exchange. Message exchange inside closed networks may be protected by other precautions out of band of this specification. But even for those scenarios it should be kept in mind that most of data and identity theft attacks are driven from inside companies, administrations and other institutions.

Every individual endpoint and service node SHOULD expose following information by means of WS Security Policies [WSSP] attached to their respective WSDL:

- Possible use of transport layer mechanisms (HTTP over SSL/TLS); if useable the profiling of [WSI-BSP11], chapter 3 "Transport Layer Mechanisms" is MUST be applied⁸.
- If message layer mechanisms must be used: Which message parts have to be encrypted and signed as well as security token to be used for these purposes.
- What kind of token for authentication and authorization must be provided in a message.

Out of band agreement on these issues between communication partners is accepted, too.

7.1 WS Security header block

No profiling going beyond WS-I Basic Security Profile [WSI-BSP11] is made to the layout and semantics of the `/wsse:Security` SOAP header block as defined in Web Services Security [WSS] except:

- Transport encryption and signing is achieved by means defined in [XMLDSIG] and [XENC] for which profilings are made in the following subchapters [7.2] and [7.3]. As defined by security policies, signature and/or encryption application to message parts is outlined in chapter [10].
- Supported security token types, outlined in chapter [7.4].

WS Security defines a Timestamp element for use in SOAP messages. OSCI places the following constraint on its use:

R0200 - A SOAP header `/wsse:Security` MUST contain exactly one element `/wsu:Timestamp`. This supersedes R3227 of [WSI-BSP11].⁹

7.2 XML Digital Signature

7.2.1 Restrictions to WS-I Basic Security Profiling

The profilings of [WSI-BSP11], chapter 9 "XML-Signature" is MUST be applied with following restrictions going beyond them:

R0300 - Transform algorithm "`http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#`" is RECOMMENDED. This supersedes R5423 and R5412 of [WSI-BSP11] to clarify; this is the recommended algorithm of the list of algorithms which MUST be used following [WSI-BSP11].

⁸ Applicable TLS/SSL versions and cyphersuites are defined here

⁹ "MUST NOT contain more than one" is profiled by [WSI-BSP11]

- 548 **R0310** - As the digest algorithm SHA-1 is seen to be weak meanwhile, one of following digest
 549 method algorithms MUST be used:

Digest method algorithms
http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256
http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha512
http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#ripemd160

550 Table 4: Digest method: allowed algorithm identifiers

- 551 The use of SHA-256 (<http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256>) as digest
 552 method algorithm is RECOMMENDED. This supersedes R5420 of [WSI-BSP11]¹⁰.

- 553 **R0320** - As the digest algorithm SHA-1 is seen to be weak meanwhile, one of the signature
 554 method algorithms listed here MUST be used:

Asymmetric signature method algorithms
http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha256
http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha512
http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-ripemd160
Symmetric signature method algorithms
http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#hmac-sha256
http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#hmac-sha512

555 Table 5: Signature method: allowed algorithm identifiers

- 556 RECOMMENDED signature method algorithms are
 557 <http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha256> and
 558 <http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#hmac-sha256>. This supersedes
 559 R5421 of [WSI-BSP11]¹¹.

560 **NOTE** on R0310, R0320: The URI-Values of the attributes **ds:SignatureMethod/@Algorithm**
 561 and **ds:DigestMethod/@Algorithm** are fixed to identifiers resulting from the actual list of strong
 562 hash algorithms published in [AlgCat]. One of the values outlined below MUST be chosen. *This*
 563 *enumeration is subject to future changes, in case of one of the algorithms must be seen to get weak.*

564 7.2.2 Format of XML Digital Signatures used for Documents

565 Besides securing message integrity, digital signatures are used in OSCI Transport to sign
 566 distinguished XML documents like policies and receipts, which in case of juridical conflicts must be
 567 usable as proof.

568 Here, the national signature laws and ordinances must be considered; in consequence profilings of
 569 relevant standards have already been derived as well as classification of applicability of cryptographic

¹⁰ SHOULD is defined by [WSI-BSP11] for <http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#sha1>

¹¹ SHOULD is defined by [WSI-BSP11] for signature method algorithms based on SHA-1

570 algorithms. This leads to a profiling of those XML Digital Signatures, which are applied on documents
 571 as advanced or qualified signatures using an appropriate X.509v3-Certificate.

572 In summary, following profiling of [XMLDSIG] and [XAdES] applies:

573 **R0400** - The detached XML Signature format MUST be used and the signed content, if part of the
 574 message (child of SOAP envelope), be referenced by the local (fragment) URI mechanism
 575 as defined in [RFC2396]. Referencable fragments of message parts MUST carry an
 576 attribute of type **xs:ID**. The constraints of the XML 1.0 [XML 1.0] ID type MUST be met.
 577 The generation of unique ID attribute value MUST follow [RFC4122], this value SHOULD
 578 be concatenated to a preceding string "**uuid:**".

579 **R0410** - A **ds:Signature** element MUST contain at least one **ds:Object** child element to carry
 580 the signing time and a reference to the certificate used for signing. The format of this child
 581 element MUST conform to definitions given by [XAdES] with following restrictions applied
 582 here:

583 It MUST contain exactly on child element **xades:QualifyingProperties** including
 584 the mandatory child element
 585 **xades:SignedProperties/xades:SignedSignatureProperties** and an optional
 586 child element **xades:UnsignedProperties**, which is foreseen to carry a qualified
 587 timestamp over the signature itself in the child element
 588 **xades:UnsignedSignatureProperties/xades:SignatureTimeStamp**.

589 Child elements of **xades:SignedSignatureProperties** which MUST be present are
 590 **xades:SigningTime** and information about the certificate used for signing in
 591 **xades:SigningCertificate**.

592 **R0420** - As consequence of R0300 and R0310, a **ds:Signature** element MUST contain at least
 593 two **ds:Reference** child elements for referencing at least one detached content and the
 594 elements in **ds:Object** to be included in the signature calculation.

595 **R0430** - Exclusive canonicalization MUST be applied be used to address requirements resulting
 596 from scenarios where subdocuments are moved between contexts. The URI-Value of the
 597 attribute **ds:CanonicalizationMethod/@Algorithm** is fixed to
 598 "**http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#**".¹²

599 **R0440** - Signatures are only applicable on base of X.509v3-Certificates which MUST conform to
 600 [COMPKI]. The child elements **ds:RetrievalMethod** and **ds:X509Data** of
 601 **ds:KeyInfo** MUST be present. All other choices according to [XMLDSIG] for
 602 **ds:KeyInfo** MUST NOT be present. In consequence, the attribute
 603 **ds:RetrievalMethod/@Type** MUST carry a value of
 604 "**http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmlsig/X509Data**".

605 **R0450** - The child elements **ds:X509IssuerSerial** and **ds:X509Certificate** of
 606 **ds:X509Data** MUST be present; the child element **ds:X509CRL** SHOULD NOT be
 607 present to avoid significant data overload of signature elements to be expected in case of
 608 including CRLs. All other choices according to [XMLDSIG] for **ds:X509CRL** and
 609 **ds:X509SKI** MUST NOT be present.

610 Details profiling and restrictions are defined by the following normative outline:

```
611 <ds:Signature Id="xs:ID">
612   <ds:SIGNEDINFO Id="xs:ID" ?>
613     <ds:CanonicalizationMethod
614       Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"
615     </ds:CanonicalizationMethod>
```

¹² See also: R5404 of [WSI-BSP11]

```

616
617     <ds:SignatureMethod Algorithm=
618         "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha256" |
619         "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha512" |
620         "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-ripemd160"
621     </ds:SignatureMethod>
622
623     <ds:Reference Id="xs:ID" ?
624         Type="http://uri.etsi.org/011903/v1.1.1/#SignedProperties"
625         URI="xs:anyURI">
626     <ds:Transforms/> ?
627     <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm=
628         "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256" |
629         "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha512" |
630         "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#ripemd160"
631     </ds:DigestMethod>
632     <ds:DigestValue> xs:base64Binary </DigestValue>
633     <ds:Reference>
634
635     ( <ds:Reference Id="xs:ID" ?
636         Type="xs:anyURI"
637         URI="xs:anyURI">
638     <ds:Transforms/> ?
639     <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm=
640         "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha256" |
641         "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha512" |
642         "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-ripemd160"
643     </ds:DigestMethod>
644     <ds:DigestValue> xs:base64Binary </DigestValue>
645     </ds:Reference> ) +
646
647 </ds:SignedInfo>
648
649 <ds:SignatureValue Id="xs:ID" ?> xs:base64Binary </ds:SignatureValue>
650
651 <ds:KeyInfo Id="xs:ID" ?>
652     <ds:RetrievalMethod
653         Type="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig/X509Data"/>
654     <ds:X509Data>
655         <ds:X509IssuerSerial>
656             <ds:X509IssuerName> xs:string </ds:X509IssuerName>
657             <ds:X509SerialNumber> xs:integer </ds:X509SerialNumber>
658         </ds:X509IssuerSerial>
659         <ds:X509Certificate> xs:base64Binary </ds:X509Certificate>
660         <ds:X509CRL/> ?
661     </ds:X509Data>
662 </ds:KeyInfo>
663
664 <ds:Object Id="xs:ID">
665     <xades:QualifyingProperties Target="...">
666     <xades:SignedProperties>
667         <xades:SignedSignatureProperties Id="xs:ID">
668             <xades:SigningTime> xs:dateTime </xades:SigningTime>
669             <xades:SigningCertificate>
670                 <xades:Cert>
671                     <xades:CertDigest>
672                         <ds:DigestMethod> Algorithm=
673                             "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha256" |
674                             "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha512" |

```

```

675         "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more/rsa-ripemd160"
676     </ds:DigestMethod>
677     <ds:DigestValue> xs:base64Binary </DigestValue>
678 </xades:CertDigest>
679 <xades:IssuerSerial>
680     <ds:X509IssuerName> xs:string </ds:X509IssuerName>
681     <ds:X509SerialNumber>
682         xs:integer
683     </ds:X509SerialNumber>
684 </xades:IssuerSerial>
685 </xades:Cert>
686 </xades:SigningCertificate>
687 </xades:SignedSignatureProperties>
688 </xades:SignedProperties>
689
690 ( <xades:UnsignedProperties Id="xs:ID" ?>
691     <xades:UnsignedSignatureProperties Id="xs:ID" ?>
692         <xades:SignatureTimeStamp Id="xs:ID" ?>
693             ( <ds:CanocalizationMethod
694                 Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#"
695             </ds:CanocalizationMethod> ) ?
696             <xades:EncapsulatedTimeStamp>
697                 Id="xs:ID" ? Encoding="xs:ID" ?>
698                 xs:base64Binary
699             </xades:EncapsulatedTimeStamp>
700         </xades:SignatureTimeStamp>
701     </xades:UnsignedSignatureProperties>
702 </xades:UnsignedProperties> ) ?
703
704 </xades:QualifyingProperties>
705 </ds:Object>
706 <ds:Object Id="xs:ID" ?/> ?
707 </ds:Signature>

```

The outline above shows mandatory and optional elements and their cardinality restrictions. For a detailed description of elements and attributes in the outline above, see [XMLDSIG] and [XAdES].

For illustration, an example is given for an instance of such a signature element in [0].

7.3 XML Encryption

In general, the profilings of [WSI-BSP11], chapter 9 "XML Encryption" is MUST be applied. If encryption is applied, the SOAP envelope, header, or body elements MUST NOT be encrypted. Encrypting these elements would break the SOAP processing model and is therefore prohibited (see R5607 of [WSI-BSP11]).

Restrictions going beyond [WSI-BSP11] are defined in the following subchapters.

7.3.1 End-to-end Encryption of Content Data

Following general rules apply in addition to those presented in chapter [7.3.2]:

R0400 - If MsgBox service instances are involved on the message route, a SOAP message body block MUST be encrypted for the intended Ultimate Recipient following [XENC] using the public key of his X.509v3 encryption certificate. For other MEP's, encryption of the SOAP body block is RECOMMENDED.

R0410 - A hybrid encryption algorithm MUST be applied: First a random session key is generated for a symmetric encryption algorithm. Using this key, the SOAP body blocks are encrypted. In a second step the session key is encrypted with the public encryption key of

726 the Ultimate Recipient. The encrypted data and the encrypted session key build up the
727 resulting SOAP body block of the message.

728 **R0420** - It MUST be ensured that not the same session key is used for data that are directed to
729 different Ultimate Recipients.

730 7.3.2 Encryption Cyphersuite Restrictions

731 **R0500** - One of following symmetric block encryption algorithms MUST be used:

Encryption Algorithm	Algorithm Identifier
Two-Key-Triple-DES	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#tripledes-cbc
AES-128	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes128-cbc
AES-192	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes192-cbc
AES-256	http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#aes256-cbc

732 Table 6: Symmetric encryption algorithms

733 **R0510** - Encryption of symmetric keys MUST be performed by means of RSAES-PKCS1-v1_5
734 [PKCS#1]. The value of **xenc:EncryptionMethod** MUST be

735 **"http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#rsa-1_5"**

736 **R0520** - The modulus length of a RSA key pair has to be at least 2048 bit.

737 7.4 Security Token Types

738 To be extensible, the WS-Security specification has not bound to specific security token types. For this
739 version of OSCI Transport, token types outlined in following table MAY be used for authentication,
740 message signature and encryption operations. Profilings of those token types have been specified by
741 the OASIS Web Services Security Technical Committee.

Security Token Type	Support	Value of wsse:BinarySecurityToken/@ValueType and wsse:SecurityTokenReference/wsse:KeyIdentifier/@ValueType	Profiling Reference
SAMLV2.0	MUST	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-saml-token-profile-1.1#SAMLV2.0	[WSSSAML]
X.509v3-Certificate	MUST	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-profile-1.0#X509v3	[WSSX509]
Kerberos	MAY	http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/oasis-wss-kerberos-token-profile-1.1#GSS_Kerberosv5_AP_REQ	[WSSKERB]
Username	MAY	Defined in WS-Security as wsse:UsernameToken	[WSSUSER]

742 Table 7: Security token types – support requirements

743 **R0600** - SAMLV20-Token MUST be used for authentication and message security within Trust
744 Domains as well as for cross domain message exchange – except R0610 applies.

745 If access of anonymous Initiators shall be supported, Public Key Infrastructure MUST be used
 746 applying X.509v3-Certificates:

747 **R0610** - X.509v3-Certificate token issued by CAs MUST be used for authentication and message
 748 security for scenarios allowing anonymous access. Validity of used certificates MUST be
 749 verifiable by means of OCSP, LDAP or CRL.

750 The node a message is targeted to MUST verify the certificate validity; in case a value
 751 other than valid at time of usage is stated, the message MUST be discarded and a fault
 752 MUST be generated.

Fault 4: AuthnCertNotValid

[Code] Sender

[Subcode] AuthnCertNotValid

[Reason] Authentication certificate not stated to be valid

757 More information about the certificate validation results SHOULD be provided in the fault
 758 [Details] property in this case. It is strongly RECOMMENDED to log such faults to be able
 759 to detect possible security violation attacks.

760 **R0620** - X.509v3-Certificates used for authentication MUST have set the key usage extension set
 761 to "digitalSignature". If the "nonRepudiation" key usage is set, these certificates MUST
 762 not be used for authentication.¹³

763 Context conformant usage of certificates and their validity SHOULD be controlled by STS
 764 respective message initiating instances to avoid subsequent violations of this requirement.
 765 The node a message is targeted to MUST verify conformance this requirement; in case of
 766 wrong key usage set, the message MUST be discarded and a fault MUST be generated.

Fault 5: AuthnCertInvalidKeyUsage

[Code] Sender

[Subcode] AuthnCertInvalidKeyUsage

[Reason] Certificate not permitted for authentication

771 Token of type Username and Kerberos MAY be used for authentication and securing messages inside
 772 closed communication domains, where security and trust is given by means out of band of this
 773 specification.

774 7.5 Use of WS-Trust and SAML Token

775 In general, means of WS-Trust SHOULD be used where all communication partners of a Trust
 776 Domain are registered at an IdP, having a STS available for issuing SAML-Token.

777 **R0630** - Each access to an endpoint MUST be authorized by a STS instance of the endpoints
 778 Trust Domain. A STS MUST be able to confirm the Requestors identity on base of
 779 presented credentials.

780 For a given Trust Domain, the definition of a standard security policy and SAML Token layout is
 781 RECOMMENDED, which can basically be used for message exchange inside this domain. If certain
 782 services have special authentication and/or authorization requirements, this can be propagated in
 783 according security policies bound to these services respective endpoints.

784 To assure interoperability with WS-Trust/SAML infrastructures rolled out, both SAML Version 1.1 and
 785 Version 2.0 SHOULD be support by OSCI implementation.

¹³ The signature used for authentication must not be confused with the legal declaration of intent given by a (qualified) digital signature.

7.5.1 Authentication Strongness

Access authorization at least is given by the assurance of a certain level of authentication of the STR. Trustworthiness of the STR identity confirmation thru an STS is given by the strongness of following two processes:

- Initial registration of an endpoint at his IdP – organizational rules that applied for the degree of trustworthiness initial subject identification
- Mechanisms used for authentication at the time of requesting identity confirmation from the STS to match claimed and conformed identity.

[SAML1] respective [SAML2] and [SAMLAC] specify an authentication statement **saml<1|2>:AuthnStatement** to carry such information. Differentiated authentication context details may be included herein. To simplify processing and interoperability, following ascending levels for strongness of registration and authentication are defined¹⁴:

- **urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:normal**
- **urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:high**
- **urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:veryhigh**

Each level matches operational rules which must be defined, published and continuously maintained by appropriate institutions, i.e. government agencies concerned to data protection.¹⁵

[SAFE] defines extensions to the SAML authentication context element to carry the levels of registration and authentication as follows:

```
<samlac:Extension>
  <fimac:SecurityLevel>
    <fimac:Authentication>
      urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:normal |
      urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:high |
      urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:veryhigh |
    </fimac:Authentication> ?
    <fimac:Registration>
      urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:normal |
      urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:high |
      urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:veryhigh |
    </fimac:Registration> ?
  </fimac:SecurityLevel> ?
</samlac:Extension> ?
```

This outline is preliminary to be seen as normative.

/samlac:Extension ?

Optional container carrying the extension; to be included in a SAML assertion in the **samlac:AuthenticationContextDeclaration** element.

.../fimac:SecurityLevel ?

Optional container carrying the detail elements.

.../fimac:SecurityLevel/fimac:Authentication ?

Optional authentication level statement of type restriction to **xs:anyURI**; if present, the URI value MUST be one of the enumerations listed above.

.../fimac:SecurityLevel/fimac:Registration ?

¹⁴ Preliminary URIs proposed by the SAFE-Project; subject to standardization activities by German administration

¹⁵ Definition of such rules can not be a matter of this specification. An example for a level "veryhigh" could be a registration data confirmation on base of presenting Id Cards and subsequent authentication using authentication certificates issued by accredited CAs.

829 Optional registration strongness statement of type restriction to **xs:anyURI**; if present,
830 the URI value **MUST** be one of the enumerations listed above.

831 If a SAML token of a message addressed to an endpoint does not match the minimal security level
832 requirements of this endpoint, the message **MUST** be discarded and a fault **MUST** be generated.

833 Fault 6: **AuthnSecurityLevelInsufficient**

834 [Code] Sender

835 [Subcode] AuthnSecurityLevelInsufficient

836 [Reason] Insufficient strongness of authentication or registration

837 Detailed information on the security level requirements **SHOULD** be provided in the fault [Details]
838 property in this case.

839 To facilitate the acquisition of an appropriate SAML token for the Initiator, endpoints **SHOULD**
840 describe there requirements on authentication strongness by means of WS-Policy as will be outlined
841 by concrete WSDL patterns published in 2009 as addendums to this document.

842 7.5.2 WS-Trust Messages

843 Conformant OSCI Gateway implementations **MUST** support the SOAP message types and bindings
844 defined by WS-Trust:

- 845 • Issue
- 846 • Validate
- 847 • Cancel.

848 The WS-Trust Renew-Binding **SHOULD** be supported for convenience; this functionality is supplied
849 by most STS-Implementations.

850 For clarification, an overview is given in following subchapters to the constituents of these message
851 types. For the exact definition of the according XML Infoset see [WST]; the present document
852 concentrates on restrictions to be applied by OSCI conformant implementations and a few hints.

7.5.2.1 Request Security Token (RST)

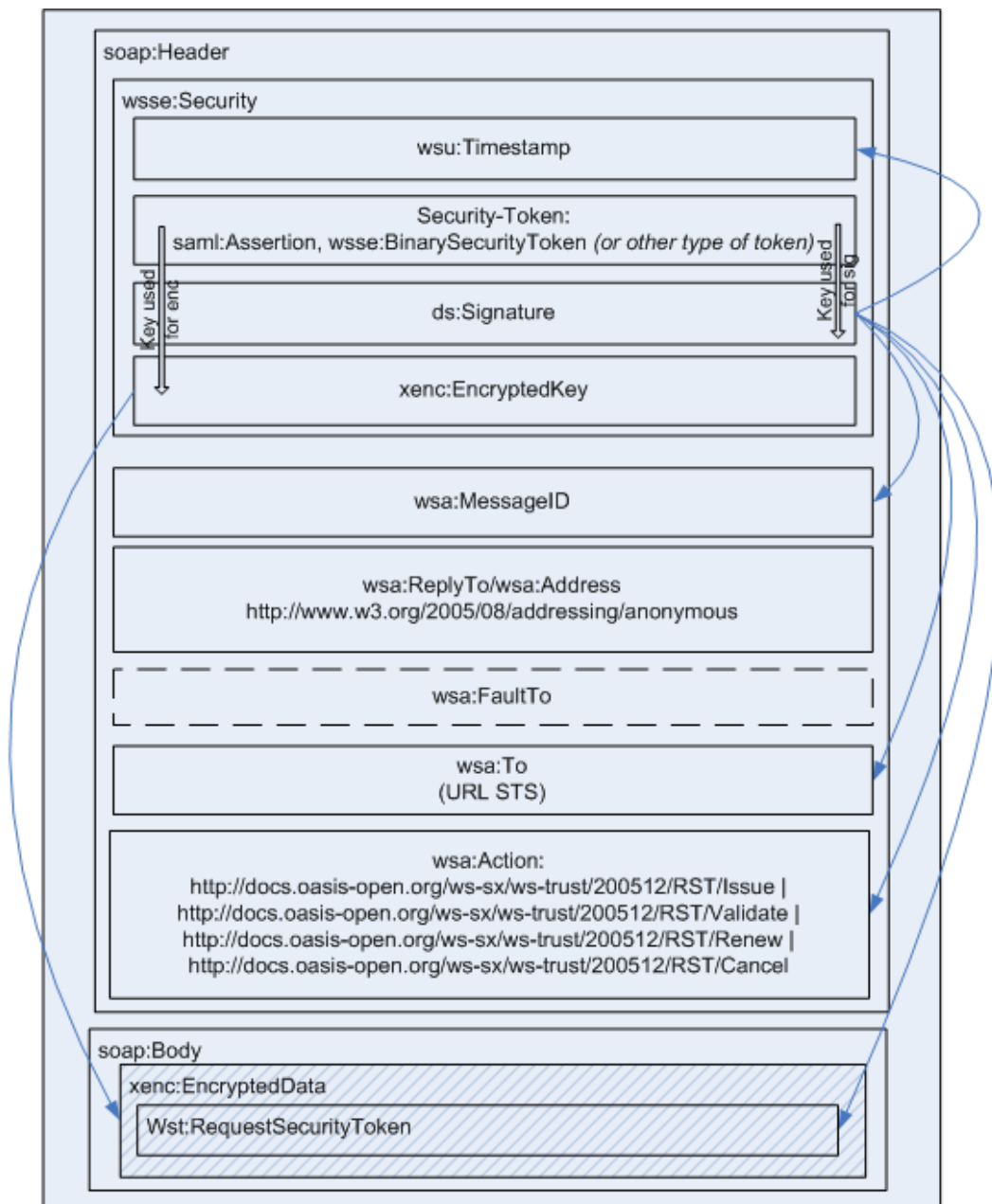


Figure 1: Request Security Token Message

SOAP header blocks:

/wsse:Security

This header block MUST be present, carrying message protection data and Initiator authentication information according the security policy of the STS the RST message is targeted to.

/wsse:Security/wsua:Timestamp

According to R0200, this header block MUST be present.

/wsse:Security/[Security-Token]

Security tokens MUST be used for signing and encrypting message parts. **ds:KeyInfo** elements of subsequent **ds:Signature** or **xenc:EncryptedKey** elements MAY point to security tokens carried here.

- 867 [Table 7] lists the security token types which MUST or MAY be supported.
- 868 Security tokens MUST be embedded or referenced. Referenced tokens MUST be
- 869 dereferencable by the targeted STS.
- 870 The Requestors security token MUST be used for signing the above marked message
- 871 parts.
- 872 **/wsse:Security/ds:Signature**
- 873 A signature containing **ds:Reference** elements to all message parts marked above to
- 874 be included in the signature.
- 875 **/wsse:Security/xenc:EncryptedKey**
- 876 The RST contained in the SOAP body block MUST be encrypted for the targeted STS.
- 877 This is a symmetric key which MUST be encrypted with the public key of the STS X.509v3
- 878 encryption certificate. Rules outlined in chapter [7.3] apply. It is assumed, that the STS
- 879 encryptions certificate is made available to all endpoints inside the STS Trust Domain out
- 880 of band of this specification.
- 881 **/wsa:***
- 882 All WS-Addressing headers MUST (if in continuous blocks) /MAY (if in dashed blocks) be
- 883 supplied by the Requestor.
- 884 **/wsa:Action**
- 885 Depending on the type of WS-Trust request, one of the URIs outlined above MUST be
- 886 supplied. This URI MUST be adequate to the respective body block content.
- 887 The SOAP body block MUST conform to the definitions of WS-Trust, whereby following restrictions
- 888 and recommendations apply for the WS-Trust Issue request type.

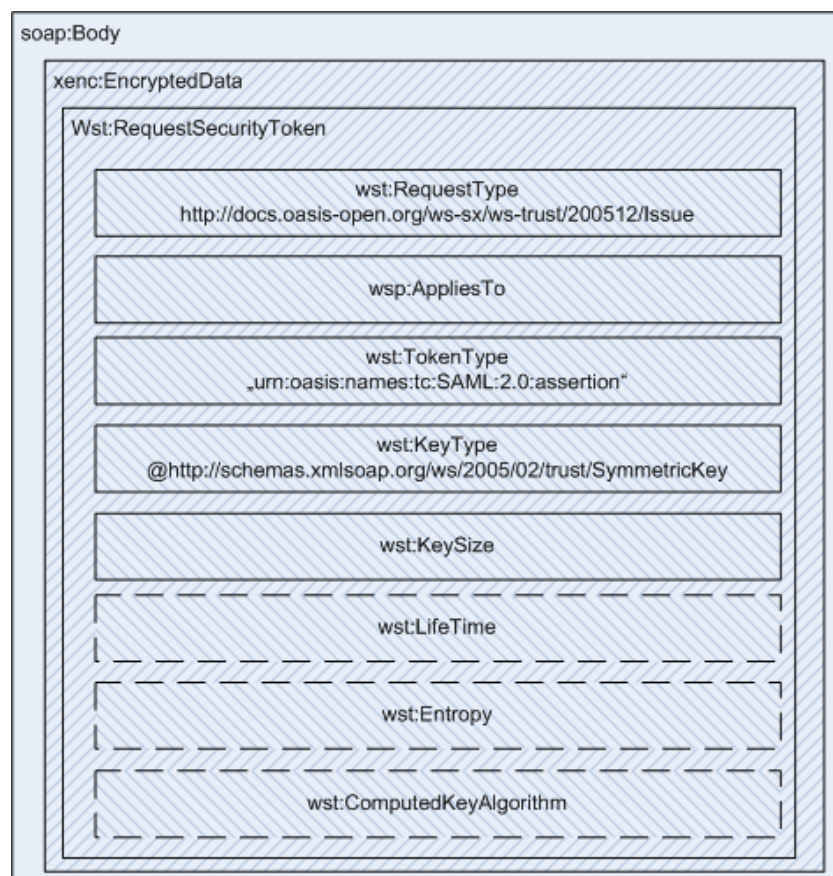


Figure 2: Request Security Token, Body for Issue Request

891 /wsp:AppliesTo

892 This element MUST be present; the value assigns a domain expression for the desired
893 application scope of the SAML-Token.

894 **NOTE:** For easy of message exchange inside a Trust Domain, it is RECOMMENDED to
895 choose an expression (i.e. URL pattern) accepted at least by a MsgBox instance for all
896 Recipients nodes using this MsgBox instance. This leverages the burden and overhead,
897 which would be given by a **/wsp:AppliesTo** value assignment to a concrete Recipient
898 EPR.

899 /wst:TokenType

900 **R0700:** This element MUST be present; the value MUST be a SAML V1.1 or V2.0
901 assertion type:

902 **urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion |**

903 **urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.0:assertion**

904 /wst:KeyType

905 **R0710:** This element MUST be present; the value is restricted to:

906 **http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-trust/200512/SymmetricKey**

907 /wst:KeySize

908 **R0720:** This element MUST be present; the key size MUST be greater or equal 256 Bit.

909 Use and values of elements marked optional are subject to used STS instance specific policies.
910 Recommendations will be given as part of the amendments to be worked out for this specification in
911 2009 ff.

7.5.2.2 Request Security Token Response (RSTR)

The SOAP header resembles the one of the RST message:

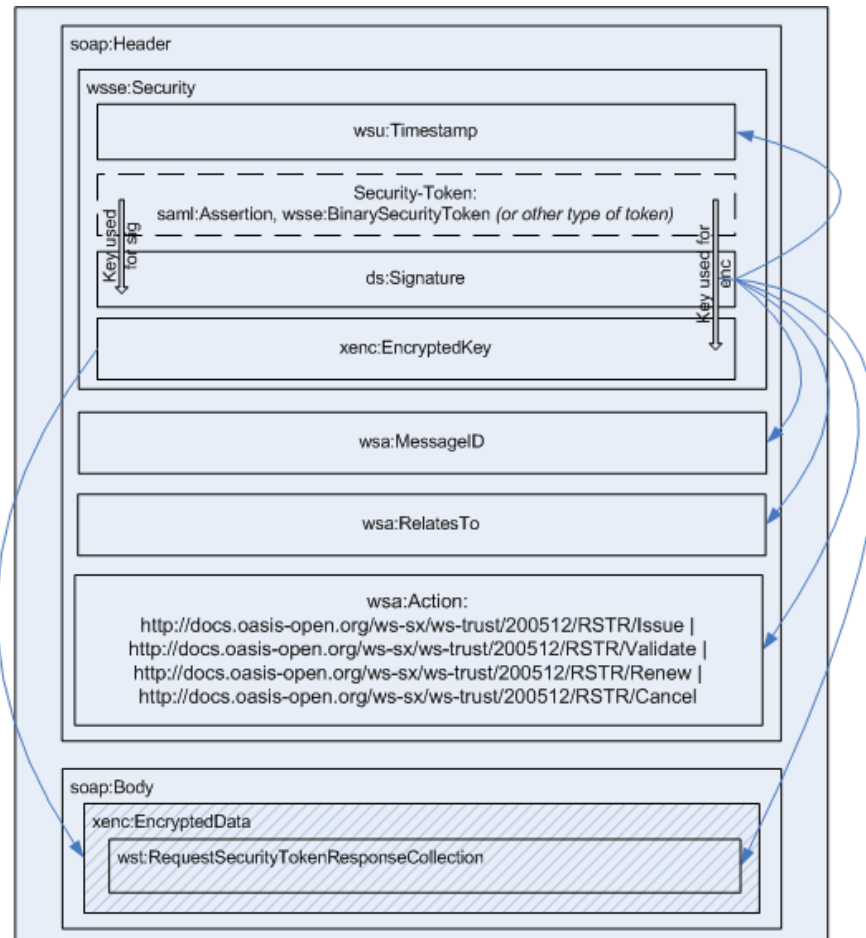


Figure 3: Request Security Token Response Message

Differences to the RST message:

/wsse:Security/xenc:EncryptedKey

The RSTRC contained in the SOAP body block MUST be encrypted for the token Requestor. This is a symmetric key which MUST be encrypted with the public key of the Requestors X.509v3 encryption certificate. Rules outlined in chapter [7.3] apply.

/wsa:*

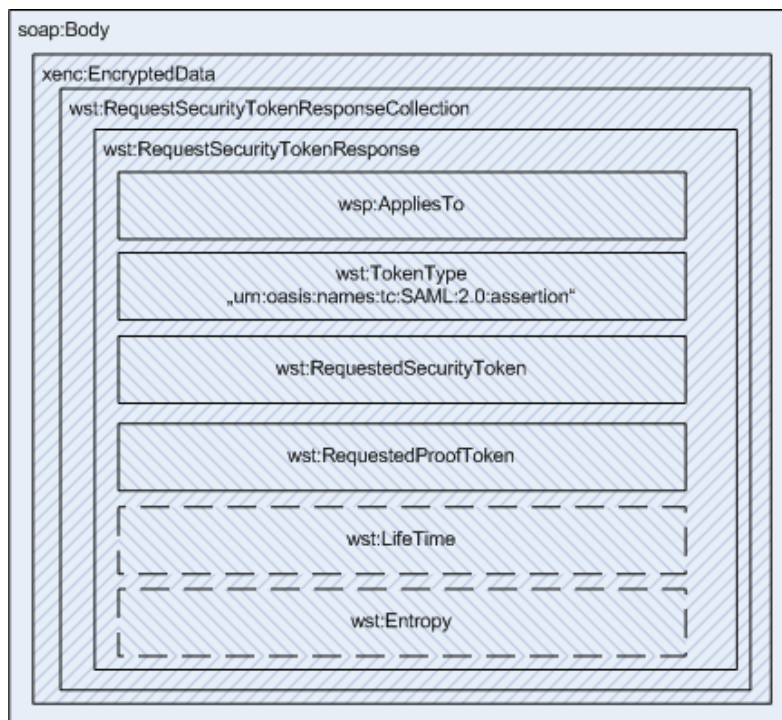
All WS-Addressing headers MUST (if in continuous blocks) /MAY (if in dashed blocks) be supplied by the STS.

/wsa:Action

Depending on the type of WS-Trust response, one of the URIs outlined above MUST be supplied. This URI MUST be adequate to the respective body block content.

The decrypted SOAP body block MUST conform to the definitions of WS-Trust. No restrictions or profilings apply.

929 The SOAP body block MUST conform to the definitions of WS-Trust:



930
931 Figure 4: Request Security Token, Body for Issue Response

932 Short description of the constituents of **/wst:RequestSecurityTokenResponse**, which is always
933 wrapped by a **/wst:RequestSecurityTokenResponseCollection** (see [WST] for details):

934 **/wsp:AppliesTo**

935 Carries the value assignment for the desired application scope of the requested security
936 token – copied from the according request element.

937 **/wst:TokenType**

938 Carries the token type, which MUST be the one of the according request element.

939 **/wst:RequestedSecurityToken**

940 Carries the requested SAML-Token, including a symmetric key encrypted for the endpoint
941 at which the SAML-Token is needed for authentication purposes. Details explained in
942 chapter [7.5.3].

943 **/wst:RequestedProofToken**

944 Carries information enabling the Requestor to deduce the symmetric key. In case the key
945 was generated by the STS solely, this is the key itself.

946 In case computed of two entropy values, this is the algorithm and the element

947 **/wst:Entropy ?**

948 MUST be present carrying the entropy value used by the STS for key computation.

949 **/wst:LifeTime ?**

950 Optional element carrying the validity duration period of this RSTR; SHOULD be
951 recognized by the Requestor and processed according to his needs to avoid using
952 security tokens being/getting invalid.

7.5.3 Issued SAML-Token Details

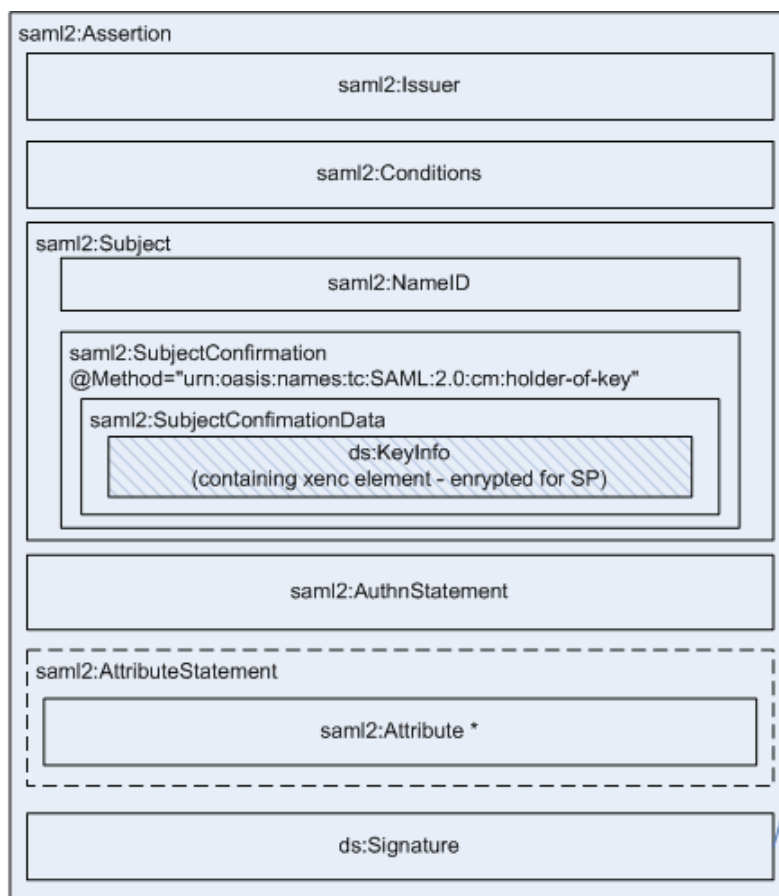


Figure 5: SAML 2.0 Assertion constituents

Short description of the constituents of a **/saml2:Assertion**, for XML Infoset details see [SAML2]¹⁶ and [SAMLAC]. The concrete token request requirements and layout of issued token at least has to be matched with the capabilities of the used STS instances. For implementations to be operated in context of the German administration it is strongly RECOMMENDED to follow requirements and recommendations given by the concept [SAFE].

/saml2:Issuer

Attributes of the STS issuing this assertion; for details see **saml2:NameIDType**

/saml2:Conditions

R0730: Detailed validity conditions element MUST be present; for details see **saml2:ConditionsType**. MUST at least outline the validity period attributes **NotBefore**, **NotOnOrAfter**.

/saml2:Subject

R0740: Presence of this element is REQUIRED. The subelements of this container provide STR identification details.

/saml2:Subject/saml2:NameID

Attributes of the STR; for details see **saml2:NameIDType**. It MUST at least contain a unique string identifying the STR.

/saml2:Subject/saml2:SubjectConfirmation

¹⁶ For brevity, we only illustrate the SAML Version 2.0 Assertion in this document. For the SAML Version 1.1 Assertion layout, see [SAML1]

974 This container exposes STS information for the SP enabling it to assure the SR is the one
 975 stated in **/sam12:NameID** and authorized to use this token.

976 **/sam12:Subject/sam12:SubjectConfirmation/@Method**

977 **R0750:** Attribute outlining the confirmation method; MUST be the "holder of key"
 978 confirmation method.

979 **/sam12:Subject/sam12:SubjectConfirmation/sam112:SubjectConfirmationData**

980 **R0760:** Presence of this element is REQUIRED; it exposes STS information for the SP
 981 enabling it to assure the SR is the one owning key for this SAML assertion.

982 **/sam12:Subject/sam12:SubjectConfirmation/sam112:SubjectConfirmationData/ds:**
 983 **key**

984 **R0770:** This element MUST carry the key in a **xenc:EncryptedKey** element. The key
 985 MUST be encrypted for the SP using the public key of its X.509v3 encryption certificate,
 986 which for this purpose MUST be made available to the STS.

987 NOTE on the endpoint encryption certificate the SAML token is targeted to:

988 The access to this certificate through the token issuing STS is of band of this specification;
 989 this is a matter of Trust Domain policies and an implementation issue which MUST have
 990 no effect on interoperability. No standardized mechanisms are foreseen by WS-Trust, to
 991 include a certificate in a RST message for the purpose of key encryption for the SP. It is
 992 strongly RECOMMENDED, to relate the **/wsp:AppliesTo** request value (which might
 993 be a pattern, too – see RST body description in chapter [7.5.2.1]) to this encryption
 994 certificate.

995 **/sam12:AuthnStatement**

996 **R0780:** Presence of this element is REQUIRED.

997 It MUST contain an element **/sam12:AuthnContext** with an attribute **@AuthnInstant**
 998 outlining the time instant the authentication took place.

999 **/sam12:AuthnContext** MUST contain an element **/sam12:AuthnContextClassRef**
 1000 outlining the authentication method used by the SR.¹⁷

1001 **/sam12:AuthnContext** MUST further contain an element

1002 **/sam12:AuthnContextDecl** carrying the extensions for authentication strongness as
 1003 defined in chapter [7.5.1].

1004 **/sam12:AttributeStatement ?**

1005 Usage of attribute statements of type **sam112:AttributeType** is RECOMMENDED. In
 1006 many scenarios subject attributes like affiliation to certain groups or roles are used for the
 1007 assignment detailed rights, functions and data access. Hence attributes are specific to
 1008 application scenarios, their names, values and semantics are subject to the overall design
 1009 of a domain information model, which is not addressed by this specification.¹⁸

1010 **/ds:Signature**

1011 The issuing STS has to sign the whole SAML-Token.

¹⁷ See [SAMLAC] and [SAFE] for details; i.e. a X509v3 certificate from a smartcard was used for authentication, the value would be **urn:oasis:names:tc:2.0:ac:classes:SmartcardPKI**

¹⁸ Suggestions for use in German eGovernment, especial eJustice, are made in [SAFE]

1012 If a SAML token does not match one or more of the formal requirements 0730-0780, the token
 1013 consuming node MUST generate a fault and discard the message.

1014 **Fault 7: AuthnTokenFormalMismatch**

1015 [Code] Sender

1016 [Subcode] AuthnTokenFormalMismatch

1017 [Reason] Authentication token present does not match formal requirements.

1018 More information MAY be given in the fault [Details] property, but care should be taken to introduce
 1019 security vulnerabilities by providing too detailed information.

1020 7.5.4 Authentication for Foreign Domain Access

1021 To authenticate and authorize access to foreign TD endpoints, these endpoints MUST be able to
 1022 validate the SAML-Token contained in the message. The specification WS-Federation 1.1 ([WSF],
 1023 chapter 2.4) outlines several possible trust topologies; for simplification, two of those described below
 1024 are selected to be applicable for this version of the OSCI specification.

1025 A new version 1.2 of WS-Federation is about to be approved by the OASIS WSFED Technical
 1026 Committee while publishing the here presented version of OSCI Transport. WS-Federation 1.2 will be
 1027 incorporated in a follow-up of OSCI Transport. So far, the WS Federation metadata model is not yet
 1028 been taken in account for usage in OSCI 2.0 based infrastructures.

1029 Precondition for cross domain message exchange is an established trust relationship between the
 1030 Initiators STS and the one of the foreign TD. This i.e. can be achieved by trust in the STS signature
 1031 using its signing certificate as a trust anchor.

1032 One useable trust model is, a SAML-Token issued by the foreign STS must be aquired for accessing
 1033 endpoints in this TD. Authentication at foreign STS in this case is obtained on base of presenting the
 1034 SAML-Token of the Initiators STS in the according RST issue message. Depending on policies in
 1035 effect, this SAML-Token may be replaced or cross-certified by applying a new signature. The SAML-
 1036 Token key MUST be encrypted for the endpoint access is intended for. At the endpoint accessed,
 1037 SAML-Token validation can be done on base of the signature of the foreign TD STS.

1038 In the second trust model, the SAML-Token issued by the Initiator's STS directly is used for access
 1039 authentication. In this case, the foreign endpoint points a RST validate message to his trusted STS for
 1040 validating the foreign SAML-Token – what there again is done on base of SAML-Token signature,
 1041 which must be trestud by the validating STS. Again, the SAML-Token key MUST be encrypted for the
 1042 endpoint access is intended for.

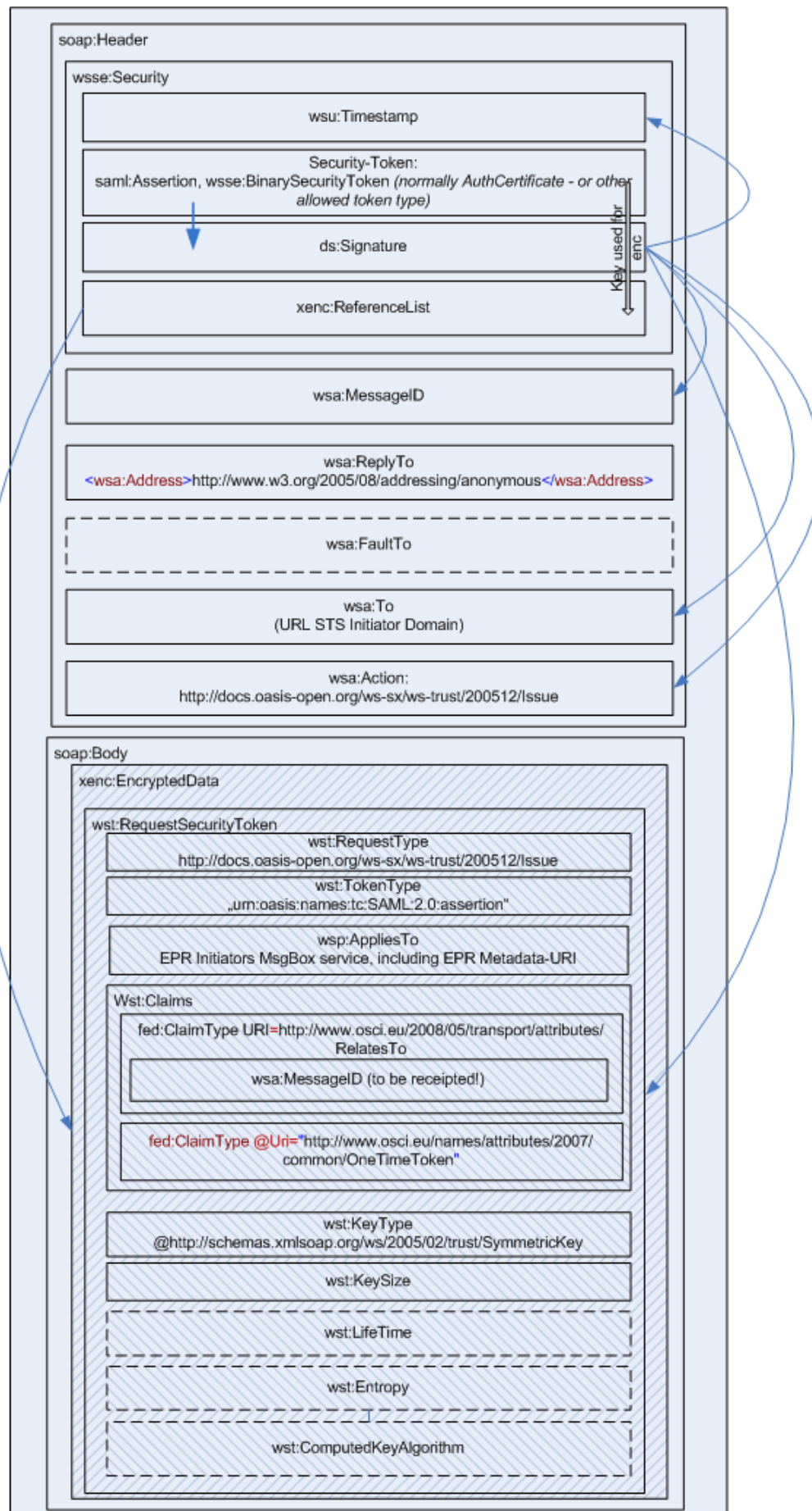
1043 Details of the required SAML Token including claims and the issuing STS address as well as public
 1044 key of this STS encryption certificate SHOULD be exposed by the endpoint WSDL. Apart, means of
 1045 WS-Trust as already outlined in the chapters above apply.

1046 7.5.5 SAML-Token for Receipt- /Notification Delivery

1047 Requested receipts and notifications which cannot be delivered in the network backchannel of a
 1048 request message MUST be delivered using an independent request message asynchronously to the
 1049 EPR outlined in the receipt/notification request – which in general SHOULD be the Initiators MsgBox.
 1050 As – like for all messages - delivery of receipts/notifications to this EPR requires authentication and
 1051 authorization, an according SAML-Token SHOULD be forwarded to the receipt/notification generating
 1052 node together with the request for it. This mechanism disburdens these nodes from the acquisition of
 1053 an extra SAML-Token to authenticate receipt/notification delivery.

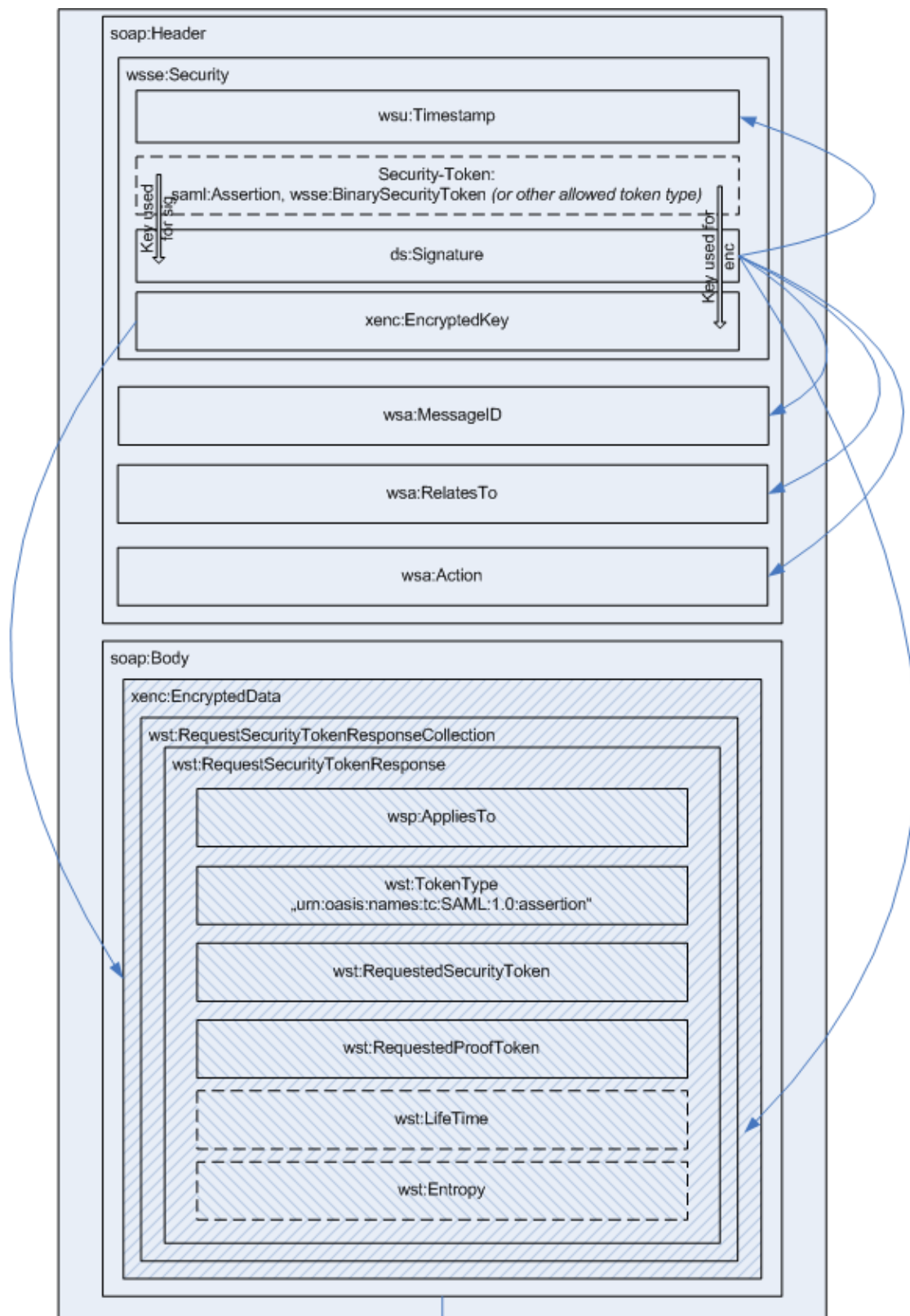
1054 This type of SAML-Token - referred to as "**OneTimeToken**" - is valid only for "one time use" of
 1055 receipt/notification delivery and bound to the **wsa:MessageID** of the message to be
 1056 receipted/notified. Following rules apply:

- 1057 1. It MUST be requested from the Initiators's STS.
- 1058 2. The according RST message MUST contain the **wsa:MessageID** and the address of the
- 1059 receipting/notifying node (**wsp:AppliesTo**) as claims.
- 1060 3. The symmetric key of the issued SAML-Token MUST be encrypted for the endpoint outlined in
- 1061 the element **.../wsa:ReplyTo** of the receipt/notification demand; the
- 1062 **wst:RequestedProofToken** in this case MUST be encrypted for receipting/notifying node
- 1063 (for use in step 6. ahead)
- 1064 4. The issuing STS MUST retain this OneTimeToken for later use and mark it as "unused".
- 1065 5. The RSTR message returned by the STS MUST be included as separate SOAP header block
- 1066 in the request message.
- 1067 6. The receipting/notifying node has to use the OneTimeToken included in this RSTR as SAML-
- 1068 Token for the message the receipt/notification is delivered with. Transport signature and
- 1069 encryption MUST be generated on base of the symmetric key contained in the
- 1070 **wst:RequestedProofToken**.
- 1071 Steps to be done by the node this message is targeted to:
- 1072 7. Decryption of the OneTimeToken's symmetric key.
- 1073 8. Validation of the signature of the OneTimeToken – the symmetric key MUST be the same the
- 1074 receipting/notifying node used for the transport signature.
- 1075 9. Validation of the signature of the issuing STS and RST-Validate message containing the
- 1076 OneTimeToken to the STS.
- 1077 10. If at the issuing STS this OneTimeToken is still marked as "unused", the token is is valid.
- 1078 11. If RSTR in validate-request signals valid: Acceptance of the message containing the
- 1079 receipt/notification.
- 1080 12. Message accpeting node MUST generate a RST/cancel message to the STS to invalidate this
- 1081 OneTimeToken; STS SHOULD discard this token.
- 1082 Following diagrams illustrate the RST and RSTR for the OneTimeToken, for concrete XML Infoset
- 1083 descriptions see WS-Trust and SAML specifications.



1084

1085 Figure 6: RST for OneTimeToken



1086

1087 Figure 7: RSTR for OneTimeToken

8 OSCI specific Extensions

8.1 Message Flow Time Stamping

For sake of traceability of message flow time instants and delivery status, every message of type `osci:Request` MAY contain following SOAP header block, which child elements are provided depending on the nodes passed in the message flow.

```
<osci:MsgTimeStamps wsu:Id="..." ? >
  <osci:ObsoleteAfter> xs:date </osci:ObsoleteAfter> ?
  <osci:Delivery> xs:dateTime </osci:Delivery> ?
  <osci:InitialFetch> xs:dateTime </osci:InitialFetch> ?
  <osci:Reception> xs:dateTime </osci:Reception> ?
</osci:MsgTimeStamps>
```

Description of elements and attributes in the schema overview above:

/osci:MsgTimeStamps

This complex element is the container for various optional timestamp elements. It **MUST** be created from the first node on the message flow which applies one or more sub-elements.

/osci:MsgTimeStamps/@wsu:Id

For ease of referencing this SOAP header block from WS Security SOAP header elements, this attribute of type `wsu:Id` **SHOULD** be provided.

/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:ObsoleteAfter ?

This element of type `xs:date` MAY be provided by an Initiator to denote the date after which a message is to be seen as obsolete for delivery and/or consumption. It **MUST NOT** be provided or changed by other nodes on the message path.

If and how this information is handled by this endpoint this message is targeted to if outlined in the policy of this endpoint; see chapter [10.2.2] for details.

/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:Delivery ?

This element of type `xs:dateTime` **MUST** be provided by a `MsgBox` node when accepting an incoming message and **MUST** to be set to the value of the actual `MsgBox` server time.

It **MUST NOT** be provided or changed by other nodes on the message path.

/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:InitialFetch ?

This element of type `xs:dateTime` **MUST** be provided by a `MsgBox` node with to the value of the actual `MsgBox` server time when an authorized Recipient initially pulls the message from his `MsgBox` instance. commits the successful initial reception of this message. This **SHOULD** be done by a Recipient after the first successful pulling of the message from his `MsgBox`.

It **MUST NOT** be provided or changed by other nodes on the message path. Pull processes on the same message following a first confirmed one, this element **MUST NOT** be updated.

/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:Reception ?

This element of type `xs:dateTime` MAY be set by a Recipient to his actual server time when successfully accepting an incoming message, but it should be considered that the

signature is invalidated which was applied over SOAP header and body elements by the message issuing instance.

It MUST be set by a MsgBox node to his actual server time when the recipient commits the reception of a message thri a MsgBoxGetNextRequest or MsgBoxCloceRequest.

It MUST NOT be provided or changed on the message path by other nodes than described here.

8.2 Accessing message boxes

Following chapters define how to access MsgBox services for searching and pulling out messages as well as how to gain status lists describing content of message boxes. Statuses of those requests are delivered in the SOAP header block of the correlating responses, while the pulled messages respective status lists are delivered in the SOAP body block.

We describe the requests first, followed by the respective responses and additional messages to model "get next", "commit" and "close" semantics for iterative MsgBox access sequences.

8.2.1 MsgBoxFetchRequest

To request a message from an endpoint, a requestor MUST send a MsgBoxFetchRequest message to his MsgBox instance endpoint.

The normative outline for a MsgBoxFetchRequest request is:

```

1147 <s12:Envelope ...>
1148   <s12:Header ...>
1149     ...
1150     <wsa:Action>
1151     http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxFetchRequest
1152     </wsa:Action>
1153     <wsa:MessageID>xs:anyURI</wsa:MessageID>
1154     <wsa:To>xs:anyURI</wsa:To>
1155     <osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1">
1156       xs:anyURI
1157     </osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>
1158     ...
1159   </s12:Header>
1160   <s12:Body ...>
1161     <osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest>
1162       <wsa:EndpointReference/>
1163       <osci:MsgSelector newEntry=("true" | "false")>
1164         <wsa:MessageID> xs:anyURI </wsa:MessageID> *
1165         <wsa:RelatesTo> xs:anyURI </wsa:RelatesTo> *
1166         <osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeFrom>
1167           xs:dateTime
1168         </osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeFrom> ?
1169         <osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeTo> xs:dateTime </osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeTo> ?
1170         <osci:Extension> xs:anyType </osci:Extension> ?
1171       </osci:MsgSelector> ?
1172     </osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest>
1173   </s12:Body>
1174 </s12:Envelope>

```

The following describes normative constraints on the outline listed above:

/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:Action

The value indicated herein MUST be used for that URI.

/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:MessageID

The request MUST carry a unique WS-Addressing MessageID.

1180 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:To**

1181 The address of the MsgBox (request destination) endpoint.

1182 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario**

1183 This value of the instantiation of **/wsa:ReferenceParameters** MUST be supplied for
1184 this message type. The value of **/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario** is taken as
1185 message selection argument and SHOULD match one of those accepted by this endpoint.

1186 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario/
1187 @wsa:IsReferenceParameter**

1188 Following WS-Addressing, the element MUST be attributed with
1189 **@wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1"**

1190 The body of this message contains the actual request in a structure

1191 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest.**

1192 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest/wsa:EndpointReference**

1193 The Endpoint Reference (EPR) of the message box endpoint where the requested
1194 messages are to be pulled from; type is **wsa:EndpointReferenceType**. This is the only
1195 element which MUST be present in a MsgBoxFetchRequest. Only messages originally
1196 targeted to this EPR MUST be returned. The EPR MUST contain reference properties to
1197 help uniquely identify the source endpoint according to chapter [6, Addressing Endpoints].

1198 If a MsgBoxFetchRequest contains no other arguments for message selection, the
1199 messages to be selected MUST be those which have not yet been fetched. Those are all
1200 messages in the addressed MsgBox which have no SOAP header element or a value of
1201 zero in the time instant element **.../osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:InitialFetched**.
1202 They MUST be delivered one per request-/ response in a FIFO-manner to the endpoint
1203 denoted by **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:ReplyTo**.

1204 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest/osci:MsgSelector ?**

1205 If this optional element is present, arguments of the attribute **@newEntry** and sub-
1206 elements MsgSelector MUST be processed as logical AND (after first OR-Processing of
1207 the sequences of MessageIDs in the SOAP body elements **.../osci:MessageID** and
1208 **.../osci:RelatesTo**, if present).

1209 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest/osci:MsgSelector/@newEntry ?**

1210 This optional boolean attribute is defaulted to a value of true, if not present. If present, this
1211 attribute denotes whether only already pulled or new entered messages have to be
1212 selected from the MsgBox. "New" messages are indicated by having no SOAP header
1213 element or a value of zero in the time instant element
1214 **.../osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:InitialFetched**.

1215 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest/osci:MsgSelector/
1216 osci:MessageID ***

1217 If present, this element contains a sequence of WS-Addressing MessageIDs. By including
1218 this element the request a MsgBox service MUST limit its search to just those messages
1219 with these values in the WS-Addressing SOAP header element **.../wsa:MessageID**.

1220 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest/osci:MsgSelector/**
 1221 **osci:RelatesTo ***

1222 If present, this element contains a sequence of WS-Addressing MessageIDs. By including
 1223 this element the request a MsgBox service MUST limit its search to just those messages
 1224 with these values in the WS-Addressing SOAP header elements **.../wsa:RelatesTo**.

1225 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest/osci:MsgSelector/**
 1226 **osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeFrom ?**

1227 If present, this element denotes a value of type **xs:dateTime** as lower value when a
 1228 message has been accepted by a MsgBox service. The resulting search expression is
 1229 **.../osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeFrom >=** the value of **.../osci:Delivery** in the message
 1230 SOAP header block **osci:MsgTimeStamps** if the correlated element
 1231 **.../osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeTo** is not present in **.../osci:MsgSelector**.

1232 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest/osci:MsgSelector/**
 1233 **osci:MsgBoxEntryTo ?**

1234 If present, this element denotes a value of **xs:dateTime** as upper value when a
 1235 message has been accepted by a MsgBox services. The resulting search expression is
 1236 **.../osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeTo <=** the value of **.../osci:Delivery** in the message
 1237 SOAP header block **osci:MsgTimeStamps** if the correlated element
 1238 **.../osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeFrom** is not present in **.../osci:MsgSelector**.

1239 If latter elements both are set, the resulting search expression is
 1240 **.../osci:MsgBoxEntryFrom >= .../osci:Delivery <=**
 1241 **.../osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeTo**; the value of **.../osci:MsgBoxEntryFrom** MUST be
 1242 less or equal to the value of **.../osci:MsgBoxEntryTo**.

1243 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest/osci:MsgSelector/**
 1244 **osci:Extension/{any} ***

1245 This is an extensibility mechanism to allow other search criteria to be passed. For
 1246 example, an XPath query could be used to search for messages that match a certain
 1247 pattern. Implementations may use this element for defining search criteria on agreements
 1248 outbound to this specification. At some future time this specification will define such an
 1249 extension.

1250 Upon receipt and authentication of this message, the MsgBox service MUST locate any message that
 1251 matches the selection criteria. Only messages originally targeted to this EPR MUST be returned. The
 1252 search criteria MUST include examination of the child elements inside the SOAP body element
 1253 **.../osci:MsgSelector**.

1254 Selected messages MUST be given back to the requestor one by one in the response to this request
 1255 in an ascending order given by the values of the SOAP header block element
 1256 **/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:Delivery** ("FIFO"). A MsgBox service MUST hold the complete
 1257 list corresponding to the selection criteria and deliver an ID for this list to the requestor with the
 1258 response. In subsequent requests (see **MsgBoxGetNextRequest** in chapter [8.2.4]) the Requestor is
 1259 able to pull further messages of a selection result with reference to this list. Remaining messages of
 1260 the complete list MUST be retained for following messages of type **MsgBoxGetNextRequest**.

1261 **8.2.2 MsgBoxStatusListRequest**

1262 To request a message status list from a MsgBox service endpoint, a requestor MUST send a
 1263 **MsgBoxStatusListRequest** message to his MsgBox instance endpoint.

1264 The normative outline for a **MsgBoxStatusListRequest** request is akin to the **MsgBoxFetchRequest**:

1265 **<s12:Envelope ...>**
 1266 **<s12:Header ...>**
 1267 **...**

```

1268     <wsa:Action>
1269 http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxStatusListRe
1270 quest
1271     </wsa:Action>
1272     <wsa:MessageID>xs:anyURI</wsa:MessageID>
1273     <wsa:To>xs:anyURI</wsa:To>
1274     <osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1">
1275       xs:anyURI
1276     </osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>
1277
1278     ...
1279 </s12:Header>
1280 <s12:Body ...>
1281   <osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequest maxListItems="xs:positiveInteger">
1282     <wsa:EndpointReference/>
1283     <osci:MsgSelector newEntry=("true" | "false")>
1284       <osci:MessageId> xs:anyURI </osci:MessageId> *
1285       <osci:RelatesTo> xs:anyURI </osci:RelatesTo> *
1286       <osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeFrom>
1287         xs:dateTime
1288       </osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeFrom> ?
1289       <osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeTo>
1290         xs:dateTime
1291       </osci:MsgBoxEntryTimeTo> ?
1292       <osci:Extension> xs:anyType </osci:Extension> ?
1293     </osci:MsgSelector> ?
1294   </osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequest>
1295 </s12:Body>
1296 </s12:Envelope>

```

Description of normative constraints on the outline listed above:

/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:Action

The value indicated herein MUST be used for that URI.

/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:MessageID

The request MUST carry a unique WS-Addressing MessageID.

/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:To

The address of the MsgBox (request destination) endpoint.

/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario

This value of the instantiation of **/wsa:ReferenceParameters** MUST be supplied for this message type. The value of **/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario** is taken as message selection argument and SHOULD match one of those accepted by this endpoint. To select the message status list for all messages in this MsgBox instance, a value of "*" MAY be supplied here.

**/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario/
@wsa:IsReferenceParameter**

Following WS-Addressing, the element MUST be attributed with
@wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1"

The body of this message contains the actual request in the structure

/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequest.

1316 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequest/@maxListItems ?**

1317 The requestor MAY limit the length of the message status list he expects in the response
 1318 with this attribute of type **xs:positiveInteger**. A MsgBox service MUST hold the
 1319 complete list corresponding to the selection criteria and deliver an ID for this list to the
 1320 requestor with the response. In subsequent requests (see MsgBoxGetNextRequest in
 1321 chapter [8.2.4]), the requestor is able to request further portions of a selection result with
 1322 reference to this list.

1323 A MsgBox instance MAY limit the value of **@maxListItems** to any value greater zero.

1324 If provided, a MsgBox instance MUST retain this value – if not decreased by its configured
 1325 limit - together with the result set until the whole result set is delivered to the requestor or
 1326 the requestor cancels an iteration sequence (see MsgBoxCloseRequest in chapter [8.2.5].

1327 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequest/wsa:EndpointReference**

1328 The EPR of the message box endpoint where the requested message status list has to be
 1329 pulled from; type is **wsa:EndpointReferenceType**. This is the only element which
 1330 MUST be present in a MsgBoxFetchRequest. Only status lists of messages originally
 1331 targeted to this EPR MUST be returned. The EPR MUST contain
 1332 **wsa:ReferenceParameters** to help uniquely identify the source endpoint according to
 1333 chapter [6, Addressing Endpoints]. If a MsgBoxFetchRequest contains no other
 1334 arguments for message selection, the messages to be selected MUST be those which
 1335 have not yet been fetched. That are all messages in the addressed MsgBox having no
 1336 SOAP header element or a value of zero in the
 1337 **.../osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:InitialFetched** time instant element.

1338 While for a **.../osci:MsgBoxFetchRequest** the EPR has to be specified completely
 1339 including the type of business scenario in **.../wsa:ReferenceParameters** according to
 1340 chapter [6, Addressing Endpoints], for the MsgBoxStatusListRequest it is possible to
 1341 supply the element
 1342 **.../wsa:ReferenceParameters/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario** with a value of
 1343 **"*"**. This entry MUST lead to a message box status list containing all messages with no
 1344 regard to a specific addressed business scenario of this endpoint actually exposes to be
 1345 able to serve.

1346 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequest/osci:MsgSelector**

1347 For the content of this complex element, which defines selection criteria for messages,
 1348 see description in last chapter [8.2.1].

1349 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequest/osci:MsgSelector/
 1350 osci:Extension/{any} ***

1351 This is an extensibility mechanism to allow other search criteria to be passed. See
 1352 respective explanation for **osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequest**.

1353 Upon receipt and authentication of this message, the MsgBox service will locate any message that
 1354 matches the selection criteria. Only messages originally targeted to this EPR MUST be selected for
 1355 the required message status list. The search criteria MUST include examination of the child elements
 1356 inside the **/osci:MsgSelector** SOAP body element.

1357 The message status list to be given back to the requestor MUST be of the maximum size denoted by
 1358 **/osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequest/@maxListItems** or a lower size according to possible
 1359 configured restrictions of the requested MsgBox instance. The list MUST be build up and sorted in an
 1360 ascending order given by the message SOAP header block element
 1361 **/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:Delivery** ("FIFO"). Remaining items of the complete list not
 1362 deliverable to the requestor directly in the response to the initial MsgBoxStatusListRequest MUST be
 1363 retained for following messages of type MsgBoxGetNextRequest.

8.2.3 MsgBoxResponse

Request messages `MsgBoxFetchRequest` und `MsgBoxStatusListRequest` are both responded by the same status information in the SOAP header block of the response, only the body parts differ as outlined in the following chapters.

NOTE: It is strongly recommended to encrypt the SOAP body block of a `MsgBoxResponse` using the Recipients's X509 encryption certificate.

The normative outline for a `MsgBoxResponse` header is:

```
<s12:Envelope ...>
  <s12:Header ...>
    ...
    <wsa:Action>
      http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxResponse
    </wsa:Action>
    <wsa:MessageID>xs:anyURI</wsa:MessageID>
    <wsa:FaultTo> wsa:EndpointReference </wsa:FaultTo> ?
    ...
    <osci:MsgBoxResponse MsgBoxRequestID="xs:anyURI"
      wsu:Id = "xs:ID" ?
      <osci:NoMessageAvailable
        reason=
          ( "http://www.osci.eu/transport/MsgBox/reasons/NoMatch" |
            "http://www.osci.eu/transport/MsgBox/reasons/SearchArgsInvalid" |
            "http://www.osci.eu/transport/MsgBox/reasons/RequestIdInvalid" |
            "xs:anyUri" />
          |
        <osci:ItemsPending>
          xs:positiveInteger
        </osci:ItemsPending>
      </osci:MsgBoxResponse>
    ...
  </s12:Header>
  <s12:Body ...>

</s12:Body>
</s12:Envelope>
```

Description of normative constraints on the outline listed above (WS-Addressing header elements are to be handled according to chapter [6, Addressing Endpoints]):

/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:Action

The value indicated herein MUST be used for that URI.

/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:MessageID

The request MUST carry a unique WS-Addressing MessageID.

/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:FaultTo ?

The optional Endpoint Reference (EPR) SOAP fault messages should be routed to.

/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:MsgBoxResponse

The container for the status response; the status response is a choice of two alternatives, depending on request fulfilment.

Following attributes MUST be set:

1411 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:MsgBoxResponse/@MsgBoxRequestID**

1412 This mandatory element of type **xs:anyURI** MUST carry a unique value of type UUID
 1413 according to [RFC4122]. It serves to identify messages of type MsgBoxFetchRequest and
 1414 MsgBoxStatusListRequest and MUST be used by the Requestor in subsequent messages
 1415 of type MsgBoxGetNextRequest or MsgBoxCloseRequest explained below. The value
 1416 MUST be generated by a MsgBox instance for every incoming MsgBoxFetchRequest or
 1417 MsgBoxStatusListRequest and MUST be retained and correlated to these requests with
 1418 their individual search criteria.

1419 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:MsgBoxResponse/@wsu:Id ?**

1420 For ease of referencing this SOAP body block, this optional attribute of type **wsu:Id** MAY
 1421 be provided.

1422 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:MsgBoxResponse/osci:NoMessageAvailable**

1423 This element of the choice of .../MsgBoxResponse MUST be set if

- 1424 - there are no messages available corresponding to the selection criteria
- 1425 - there where errors detected in the selection criteria.

1426 The element carries following attribute:

1427 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:MsgBoxResponse/osci:NoMessageAvailable/
 1428 @reason ?**

1429 Attribute of type **xs:anyURI**, identifies the reason of /osci:NoMessageAvailable set
 1430 with following defined meanings:

@reason URI	Meaning
http://www.osci.eu/transport/MsgBox/reasons/NoMatch	No messages matching the search criteria could be found
http://www.osci.eu/transport/MsgBox/reasons/SearchArgsInvalid	Error contained in search arguments
http://www.osci.eu/2008/common/urn/MsgBox/reasons/RequestIdInvalid	RequestId of subsequent GetNext-Close- Request is not known or no longer available at the MsgBox instance
Any other URI	Specific other reasons MAY be defined by implementations

1431 Table 8: Predefined business scenario types

1432 The alternate of the choice of .../MsgBoxResponse MUST be set if there are – according to the
 1433 selection criteria of the request - messages or message status list items pending (not yet deliverable
 1434 to the requestor in the actual response):

1435 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:MsgBoxResponse/osci:ItemsPending**

1436 This element of type **xs:nonNegativeInteger** MUST be set with the number of the
 1437 remaining items. If the last portion of a result set delivered to the requestor with this actual
 1438 response, the value MUST be set to zero to signal this fact.

8.2.3.1 *MsgBoxResponse - body to MsgBoxFetchRequest*

For this type of foregoing initial request, the requested message MUST be delivered in following manner:

- A SOAP Envelope with all child elements MUST be build up containing a header block with the ones of the original message except header elements which had initially been targeted to and successfully executed by the MsgBox node as well as the transport encryption and signature elements which had been supplied by the Initiator of this message.
- The SOAP header element **osci:MsgTimeStamps** MUST be inserted (or completed, if present) as described in chapter [8.1].
- All original WS-Addressing, **osci:X509TokenContainer**, **xkms:ValidateResult** (inside a **xkms:CompoundResult**) and original Security Token and WS-Trust header elements MUST be included.
- If present in the original message, the **osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand** header element MUST be included.
- The original SOAP body child elements MUST be included unchanged as child elements of the SOAP body of this SOAP Envelope to be build up.
- The Recipient may have interest in the authentication and authorization data originally carried in the SOAP WS Security header when delivering a message to the Recipients MsgBox. Therefore, this security token MUST be inserted as additional child element in the SOAP header of this SOAP Envelope to be built up.

The resulting SOAP envelope MUST be included as child element of the SOAP body block of the response message.

8.2.3.2 *MsgBoxResponse - body to MsgBoxStatusListRequest*

For this type of foregoing initial request, the requested list MUST be build up in the SOAP body block of the response message. This is the same for responses to subsequent requests of type MsgBoxGetNextRequest (see MsgBoxGetNextRequest in chapter [8.2.4]).

The normative outline for a MsgStatusList is:

```
<osci:MsgStatusList>
  <osci:MsgAttributes>
    <wsa:MessageID>xs:anyUri</wsa:MessageID>
    <wsa:RelatesTo>xs:anyUri</wsa:RelatesTo> *
    <wsa:From>endpoint-reference</wsa:From> ?
    <osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>xs:anyUri</osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>
    <osci:MsgSize>xs:positiveInteger</osci:msgSize>
    <osci:ObsoleteAfterDate> xs:date </osci:ObsoleteAfterDate> ?
    <osci:DeliveryTime> xs:dateTime </osci:DeliveryTime>
    <osci:InitialFetchTime> xs:dateTime </osci:InitialFetchTime> ?
  </osci:MsgAttributes> *
</osci:MsgStatusList>
```

The whole structure MUST be positioned under **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body**.

/osci:MsgStatusList

Container for the items of the list.

/osci:MsgStatusList/osci:MsgAttributes *

The container for the attributes of one message of the status list. The number of occurrences is determined by the number of items of selection result list not yet delivered to the requestor and the value of **.../osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequest/@maxListItems** of the initial MsgBoxStatusListRequest, which MAY be modified to a lower value greater zero set by the requested MsgBox instance.

- 1488 **/osci:MsgStatusList/osci:MsgAttributes/wsa:MessageID**
- 1489 MessageID of the message, derived from respective header element.
- 1490 **/osci:MsgStatusList/osci:MsgAttributes/wsa:RelatesTo ***
- 1491 MessageIDs of related messages of the message, derived from respective header
- 1492 elements, if present there they MUST be included in **/osci:MsgStatusList**.
- 1493 **/osci:MsgStatusList/osci:MsgAttributes/wsa:From ?**
- 1494 Optional element, From-EPR of the message, derived from the respective header
- 1495 element, if present there it MUST be included in **/osci:MsgStatusList**.
- 1496 **/osci:MsgStatusList/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario**
- 1497 This URI denotes the type of addressed business scenario of the intended recipient of the
- 1498 message. It is derived from the **/wsa:ReferenceParameters**
- 1499 **/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario** associated to the WS-Addressing SOAP header
- 1500 element **/wsa:To** of the message.
- 1501 **/osci:MsgStatusList/osci:MsgSize**
- 1502 The size of the message in kilobytes has to be supplied here as **xs:positiveInteger**.
- 1503 Following timestamps are provided in an **osci:MsgStatusList** according to the
- 1504 **/osci:MsgTimeStamps** described in chapter [8.1]:
- 1505 **/osci:MsgStatusList/ObsoleteAfterDate ?**
- 1506 Optional element of type **xs:date**, contains - if present in the underlying message - the
- 1507 value of the SOAP header block element
- 1508 **/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:ObsoleteAfter** present in the underlying message.
- 1509 **/osci:MsgStatusList/DeliveryTime**
- 1510 This element of type **xs:dateTime** contains the value of the SOAP header block element
- 1511 **.../osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:Delivery**, which MUST be present in a message
- 1512 stored by a MsgBox instance.
- 1513 **/osci:MsgStatusList/InitialFetchTime ?**
- 1514 This optional element of type **xs:dateTime** contains the value of the SOAP header block
- 1515 element **.../osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:InitialFetch**, which MAY be present in a
- 1516 message stored by a MsgBox instance. Only if not present or present with a value of zero,
- 1517 the MsgBox instance MUST provide this element with his actual server time before
- 1518 message delivery.

1519 8.2.4 MsgBoxGetNextRequest

1520 To request subsequent, not yet delivered results from foregoing requests of type

1521 MsgBoxStatusListRequest or MsgBoxFetchRequest, a requestor MUST send a

1522 MsgBoxGetNextRequest message to the same MsgBox instance.

1523 The normative outline for a MsgBoxGetNextRequest:

```

1524 <s12:Envelope ...>
1525   <s12:Header ...>
1526     ...
1527     <wsa:Action>
1528       http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/
1529       MsgBoxGetNextRequest
1530     </wsa:Action>
1531     <wsa:MessageID>xs:anyURI</wsa:MessageID>
1532     <wsa:To>xs:anyURI</wsa:To>
1533     <osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1">
1534       xs:anyURI
1535     </osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>

```

```

1536
1537 ...
1538 </s12:Header>
1539 <s12:Body ...>
1540   <osci:MsgBoxGetNextRequest MsgBoxRequestID="xs:anyURI">
1541     <osci:LastMsgReceived> wsa:MessageID </osci:LastMsgReceived> *
1542   </osci:MsgBoxGetNextRequest>
1543 </s12:Body>
1544 </s12:Envelope>

```

1545 Description of normative constraints on the outline listed above:

1546 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:Action**

1547 The value indicated herein MUST be used for that URI.

1548 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:MessageID**

1549 The request MUST carry a unique WS-Addressing MessageID.

1550 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:To**

1551 The address of the MsgBox (request destination) endpoint.

1552 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario**

1553 The corresponding value of the initial MsgBoxFetchRequest or MsgBoxStatusListRequest
1554 MUST be supplied for this message type.

1555 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario/
1556 @wsa:IsReferenceParameter**

1557 Following WS-Addressing, the element MUST be attributed with
1558 **@wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1"**

1559 The body of this message contains the actual

1560 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxGetNextRequest .**

1561 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxGetNextRequest/@MsgBoxRequestID**

1562 This attribute of type **xs:anyURI** MUST be provided with the value of the with this
1563 message referenced foregoing **MsgBoxResponse/@MsgBoxRequestID**. The MsgBox
1564 service MUST use it to correlate this MsgBoxGetNextRequest to the initial
1565 MsgBoxFetchRequest respective MsgBoxStatusListRequest.

1566 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxGetNextRequest/osci:LastMsgReceived ***

1567 These optional elements of type **wsa:AttributedURIType** MAY be provided, when the
1568 underlying initial request was of the type MsgBoxFetchRequest. The requestor SHOULD
1569 provide here the value(s) of the **/wsa:MessageID** of the last message(s) he received in
1570 the body of the foregoing response(s) to commit successful reception of those messages.
1571 This has to be realized as "reception acknowledge by requester" by the MsgBox instance:
1572 If the SOAP header element **.../osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:Reception** is absent or
1573 the value of the SOAP header element **.../osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:Reception** is
1574 zero, the actual server time of the MsgBox instance MUST now be set here and the value
1575 has to be signed according to chapter [8.1]. The resulting changes in the SOAP header
1576 block **/osci:MsgTimeStamps** now MUST be persisted in the MsgBox store.

1577 Upon receipt and authentication of this message, the MsgBox service MUST – depending on type of
1578 initial request referenced by **osci:MsgBoxGetNextRequest/@MsBoxRequestID**

1579 – deliver a MsgBoxResponse with the next message of the list indicated by
1580 **/osci:MsgBoxResponse/@MsBoxRequestID** in the body of the response (rules denoted
1581 in chapter [8.2.3.1] apply)

- 1582 – deliver a `MsgBoxResponse` with the next portion of a `/osci:MsgStatusList` indicated by
- 1583 `/osci:MsgBoxResponse/@MsgBoxRequestID` in the body of the response (rules denoted
- 1584 in chapter [8.2.3.2] apply).

1585 Inside the SOAP header element `.../osci:MsgBoxResponse`, choice `.../osci:ItemsPending`

1586 MUST be set to the actual value. If `.../osci:ItemsPending` becomes a value auf zero now, this fact

1587 signal the requestor that the `MsgBox` instance may have discarded the search result list referenced by

1588 the identifier `/osci:MsgBoxResponse/@MsgBoxRequestID`.

1589 8.2.5 MsgBoxCloseRequest

1590 The functionalities of this message type are:

- 1591 • Recipient commits successful reception of messages from his `MsgBox` instance
- 1592 • Recipient signals the abortion of an iterative pull process of sequences of result requests of
- 1593 foregoing initial `MsgBoxFetchRequest` respective `MsgBoxStatusListRequest`.

1594 **NOTE:** In case of succesful processing of a `MsgBoxCloseRequest` by the targeted `MsgBox` instance a

1595 response MUST NOT be generated.

1596 The normative outline for the `MsgBoxCloseRequest`:

```

1597 <s12:Envelope ...>
1598   <s12:Header ...>
1599     ...
1600     <wsa:Action>
1601     http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/urn/messageTypes/MsgBoxCloseRequest
1602     </wsa:Action>
1603     <wsa:MessageID>xs:anyURI</wsa:MessageID>
1604     <wsa:To>xs:anyURI</wsa:To>
1605     <osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1">
1606       xs:anyURI
1607     </osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>
1608   ...
1609   </s12:Header>
1610   <s12:Body ...>
1611     <osci:MsgBoxCloseRequest MsgBoxRequestID="xs:anyURI">
1612       <osci:LastMsgReceived>wsa:MessageID</LastMsgReceived> *
1613     </osci:MsgBoxCloseRequest>
1614   </s12:Body>
1615 </s12:Envelope>
1616

```

1617 Description of normative constraints on the outline listed above:

1618 `/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:Action`

1619 The value indicated herein MUST be used for that URI.

1620 `/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:MessageID`

1621 The request MUST carry a unique WS-Addressing MessageID.

1622 `/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:To`

1623 The address of the `MsgBox` (request destination) endpoint.

1624 `/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario`

1625 The corresponding value of the initial `MsgBoxFetchRequest` or `MsgBoxStatusListRequest`

1626 MUST be supplied for this message type.

1627 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario/**
 1628 **@wsa:IsReferenceParameter**

1629 Following WS-Addressing, the element MUST be attributed with
 1630 **@wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1"**

1631 The body of this message contains the actual
 1632 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxCloseRequest .**

1633 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxGetNextRequest/@MsgBoxRequestID**

1634 This attribute of type **xs:anyURI** MUST be provided with the value of the with this
 1635 message referenced foregoing **MsgBoxResponse/@MsgBoxRequestID**. The MsgBox
 1636 service MUST use it to correlate this MsgBoxCloseRequest to the initial
 1637 MsgBoxFetchRequest respective MsgBoxStatusListRequest.

1638 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:MsgBoxCloseRequest/LastMsgReceived ?**

1639 These optional elements of type **wsa:AttributedURIType** MAY be provided, when the
 1640 underlying initial request was of the type MsgBoxFetchRequest. The requestor SHOULD
 1641 provide here the value(s) of the **/wsa:MessageID** of the last message(s) he received in
 1642 the body of the foregoing response(s) to commit successful reception of those messages.
 1643 This has to be realized as "reception acknowledge by requester" by the MsgBox instance:
 1644 If the SOAP header element **.../osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:InitialFetch** is absent
 1645 or present with a value of zero, the actual server time of the MsgBox instance MUST now
 1646 be set here and the value has to be signed according to chapter [8.1]. The resulting
 1647 changes in the SOAP header block **/osci:MsgTimeStamps** now MUST be persisted in
 1648 the MsgBox store.

1649 It should be noted, that this message type MUST be send to the MsgBox instance ever
 1650 when a MsgBoxFetchRequest was the initial message send and the requestor pulled a
 1651 message successfully the first time (a new message). This triggers the commitment of the
 1652 SOAP header **/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:Reception** and
 1653 **/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:InitialFetch** time instances. *It is up to*
 1654 *implementations of recipient instances, how distinct between "new" and already*
 1655 *processed messages*, because the recipient transport gateway has no implicit control on
 1656 the state of the successful body processing (for example to mark message as "readed" or
 1657 "processed" – this at least is under the control of the application targeted by the
 1658 message).

1659 To avoid situations, where successful pulled messages on the MsgBox instance side
 1660 remain in the state unpulled, it is strongly recommended to commit every
 1661 MsgBoxResponse to an initial MsgBoxFetchRequest and following series of
 1662 MsgBoxGetNextRequest.

1663 **8.2.6 Processing Rules for MsgBoxGetNext/CloseRequest**

1664 MsgBox instances are free to to configure a timeout value to retain search result list identified by
 1665 **/osci:MsgBoxResponse/@MsgBoxRequestID**.

1666 If a MsgBox instance receives a MsgBoxGetNextRequest or a MsgBoxCloseRequest not at all or not
 1667 more known here, no processing on the message database must be done and a following fault MUST
 1668 be generated:

1669	Fault 8: MsgBoxRequestWrongReference	
1670	[Code]	Sender
1671	[Subcode]	MsgBoxRequestWrongReference
1672	[Reason]	MsgBoxRequestID unknown or timed out.

8.3 Receipts

Requirements for receipting message exchange were outlined in "OSCI-Transport 2.0 – Functional Requirements and Design Objectives" and "OSCI-Transport 2 – Technical Features Overview"

Besides provableness of what has been delivered / received when, for messages exchange patterns using the MsgBox service it may be of interest for the Initiator to be informed, when the intended Recipient pulls the message from his MsgBox. More concrete – the business scenario needs of an asynchronous message are bound to reaction times. In this case, a service requestor has to have control to in-time delivery to the targeted Recipient. In doubt there isn't any Recipient activity concerning the request, a service requestor (or even responder) may choose other communication channels to get in contact.

As there may be non-conformant implementations which don't answer to a requested ReceptionReceipt, for additional comfort of control whether a message has been pulled yet by the intended Recipient, the construct of a **FetchNotification** is foreseen, which alike described for receipts can be demanded by Initiator and Recipient instances. If requested, the Recipients MsgBox instance MUST deliver such a notification to the endpoint the Initiator specified in his message; contents are the SOAP header elements indicating source and destination of the message and the time instant when it is pulled by the intended Recipient. No separate signature is foreseen for this notification. The FetchNotification is delivered in the SOAP body of a separate osci:Request to the endpoint to be exposed in the demand for this FetchNotification – which again in general should be the MsgBox of the requesting Initiator or Recipient node.

8.3.1 Demanding Receipts

To demand receipts and define its details, for each specific demand the here defined SOAP header blocks MAY be provided in outbound messages of type osci:Request and osci:Response by SOAP/OSCI endpoints (Initiator or Recipient).

8.3.1.1 Demand for Delivery Receipt

If the next logical OSCI node a message of type osci:Request is targeted to shall deliver a DeliveryReceipt in the backchannel osci:Response message, following SOAP header block MUST be included in the message:

```
<osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand wsu:Id="xs:ID"
  @s12:role=
    "http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope/role/next" ?
  @s12:mustUnderstand= "true" | "false" ?
  @qualTSPforReceipt="true" | "false" ?
  @echoRequest= "true" | "false" ? >
  <wsa:ReplyTo> wsa:EndpointReference </wsa:ReplyTo>
</osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand> ?
```

Description of elements and attributes in the schema overview above:

/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand ?

Optional SOAP header for indicating requirements for a DeliveryReceipt. It MUST be provided under the conditions mentioned above.

/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand/@wsu:Id

This attribute of type **wsu:Id** SHOULD be provided so that un-ambiguous references can be made to this element.

/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand/@s12:role

This attribute of type **xs:anyURI** MAY be provided. It defaults to the URI outlined above. If this attribute is provided, it MUST be set to this value. Following the semantics of [SOAP12], this SOAP header block is designated to next SOAP-node passed on the message route.

1721 **/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand/@s12:mustUnderstand**

1722 This boolean attribute SHOULD be provided with a value of "true". Following the
 1723 semantics of [SOAP12], this SOAP header block MUST be understood and processed by
 1724 the next SOAP-node passed on the message route willing to act in the role denoted by the
 1725 foregoing attribute **/osci:ReceiptDemand/@s12:role**. For interoperability reasons
 1726 with Web Service implementations not able to process the receipts defined here, it may be
 1727 set to "false" or not present (which is equivalent to a value of "false").

1728 **/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand/@qualTSPforReceipt ?**

1729 This optional boolean attribute signals – if set to a value of "true" – a qualified timestamp
 1730 for the receipt information is requested. If such a service is not available on the node the
 1731 receipt is demanded from, a fault (see chapter [8.3.2]) MUST be generated to the
 1732 requesting node and the incoming message MUST be discarded.

1733 **/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand/@echoRequest ?**

1734 This optional boolean attribute signals – if set to a value of "true" – the requesting node
 1735 requires the retransmission of the whole message in the required receipt. In this case, the
 1736 node the receipt is demanded from MUST provide the whole message in binary format in
 1737 the receipt part of the response message (see chapter [8.3.2.1]). Care should be taken to
 1738 use this feature with regard to caused overhead and bandwidth consumption.

1739 If absent, this attribute defaults to a value of "false".

1740 **/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand/wsa:ReplyTo**

1741 This required element of type **wsa:EndpointReferenceType** denotes the endpoint,
 1742 where the requestor wishes the receipt should be routed to. In case of a DeliveryReceipt
 1743 demand in a message of type **osci:Request**, the value herein for **.../wsa:Address**
 1744 SHOULD be **http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous**; the
 1745 DeliveryReceipt is returned directly in the header of the response to the incoming
 1746 message in the same http-connection.

1747 In case the requestor wishes a DeliveryReceipt should be routed some specialized
 1748 endpoint consuming receipts the EPR of the endpoint MUST be exposed here. The
 1749 DeliveryReceipt in this case MUST be delivered in the SOAP body of a separate new
 1750 **osci:Request** message. Hence, this EPR SHOULD be the one of the **MsgBox** instance of
 1751 the requestor. It MAY even be a specialized endpoint consuming receipts. The EPR
 1752 MUST contain reference properties according to chapter [6, Addressing Endpoints]. A
 1753 **.../wsa:ReferenceParameters** of following value SHOULD be provided:

```
1754 <osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>
1755 www.osci.eu/2008/common/urn/messageTypes/Receipt
1756 </osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>.
```

1757 In case of delivering a receipt to a **MsgBox** instance, this is the defaulted value for
 1758 separating receipt message types from other ones (see chapter [6, Addressing
 1759 Endpoints]).

1760 An **/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand** header block MUST NOT be included in an **osci:Response**
 1761 message. As for an **osci:Response**, there is no network backchannel available; in this case
 1762 DeliveryReceipt could not be delivered in the standard manner. If provability of response delivery is
 1763 needed, an **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand** should be used instead.

1764 For synchronous request-response scenarios driven point-to-point between instances of initiator and
 1765 recipient, it is advisable to economize demands for receipts to avoid overhead and processing of not
 1766 needed DeliveryReceipts. Provability of communication here MAY be gained by a reception receipt
 1767 requirement positioned in one or more messages of the request-response sequence, depending on

1768 underlying concrete business process needs. Certainty of delivery itself is implicit given by successful
1769 processing of such a scenario.

1770 **8.3.1.2 Demand for ReceptionReceipt**

1771 If an endpoint a message if type `osci:Request` or `osci:Response` is targeted to shall deliver a
1772 ReceptionReceipt, following SOAP header block **MUST** be included in the message. The underlying
1773 schema is the same as for an **osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand** SOAP header block; possible
1774 attribute/element values and semantics differ in detail as described below.

```
1775 <osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand wsu:Id="..."
1776   @s12:role=
1777     "http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope/role/ultimateReceiver" ?
1778   @s12:mustUnderstand= "true" | "false" ?
1779   @qualTSPforReceipt="true" | "false" ?
1780   @echoRequest= "true" | "false") ? >
1781   <wsa:ReplyTo> wsa:EndpointReference <wsa:ReplyTo>
1782 </osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand> ?
```

1783 Description of elements and attributes in the schema overview above:

1784 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand ?**

1785 Optional SOAP header for indicating requirements for a ReceptionReceipt.

1786 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand/@wsu:Id**

1787 This attribute of type **wsu:Id** **SHOULD** be provided so that un-ambiguous references can
1788 be made to this element.

1789 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand/@s12:role**

1790 This attribute of type **xs:anyURI** **MAY** be provided. It defaults to the URI outlined above.
1791 If this attribute is provided, it **MUST** be set to this value; following the semantics of
1792 [SOAP12], this SOAP header block is designated SOAP-node acting in the role of a
1793 ultimate receiver – which is the node at least the SOAP body is designated to,
1794 corresponding to the UltimateRecipient node in the role model of this specification.

1795 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand/@s12:mustUnderstand**

1796 This boolean attribute **SHOULD** be provided with a value of "true". Following the
1797 semantics of [SOAP12], this SOAP header block **MUST** be understood and processed by
1798 the next SOAP-node passed on the message route willing to act in the role denoted by the
1799 foregoing attribute **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand/@s12:role**. For interoperability reasons
1800 with Web Service implementations not able to process the receipts defined here, it may be
1801 set to "false" or not present (which is equivalent to a value of "false").

1802 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand/@qualTSPforReceipt ?**

1803 This optional boolean attribute signals – if set to a value of "true" – a qualified timestamp
1804 for the receipt information is requested. If such a service is not available on the node the
1805 receipt is demanded from, a fault (see chapter [8.3.2]) **MUST** be generated to the
1806 requesting node and the message **MUST** be discarded.

1807 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand/@echoRequest ?**

1808 This optional boolean attribute signals – if set to a value of "true" – the requesting node
1809 requires the retransmission of the whole message in the required receipt. In this case, the
1810 node the receipt is demanded from **MUST** provide the whole message in binary format in
1811 the receipt part of the response message (see chapter [8.3.2.2]). Care should be taken to
1812 use this feature with regard to caused overhead and bandwidth consumption.

1813 If absent, this attribute defaults to a value of "false".

1814 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptTo/wsa:ReplyTo**

1815 This required element of type **wsa:EndpointReferenceType** denotes the endpoint,
 1816 where the requestor wishes the receipt should be routed to. A ReceptionReceipt in
 1817 general MUST be delivered in the SOAP body of a separate new osci:Request message,
 1818 hence this EPR SHOULD be the one of the MsgBox instance of the requestor or MAY be
 1819 a specialized endpoint consuming receipts. The EPR MUST contain reference properties
 1820 according to chapter [6, Addressing Endpoints]. A .../wsa:ReferenceParameters of
 1821 following value SHOULD be provided:

```
1822 <osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>
1823   www.osci.eu/2008/common/urn/messageTypes/Receipt
1824 </osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>.
```

1825 In case off delivering a receipt to a MsgBox instance, this is the defaulted value for
 1826 separating receipt message types from other ones (see chapter [6, Addressing
 1827 Endpoints]).

1828 **8.3.2 Receipt Format and Processing**

1829 **NOTE:** To facilitate interoperable implementations, it is strongly recommended to use
 1830 "<http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256>" as digest algorithm for the receipt signatures.

1831 **8.3.2.1 Delivery Receipt**

1832 DeliveryReceipts MUST be produced immediately after successful acceptance of an incoming
 1833 message of type osci:Request, if a SOAP header element **/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand** is
 1834 present in the incoming osci:Request message.

1835 The data for this type of receipt has to be carried in the resulting SOAP response message in following
 1836 SOAP header block **/osci:DeliveryReceipt**:

```
1837 <osci:DeliveryReceipt @wsu:Id="xs:ID"
1838   <osci:ReceiptInfo
1839     @wsu:Id="..."
1840     @osci:ReceiptIssuerRole=
1841       "http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/role/MsgBox" |
1842       "http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/role/Recipient"
1843
1844     <wsa:MessageID>xs:anyURI</wsa:MessageID>
1845     <osci:MsgTimeStamps/>
1846     <wsa:RelatesTo/> *
1847     <osci:To> wsa:EndpointReference </osci:To>
1848     <wsa:ReplyTo> wsa:EndpointReference </wsa:ReplyTo>
1849     <wsa:From> wsa:EndpointReference </wsa:From> ?
1850     <osci:RequestEcho> xs:base64Binary </RequestEcho> ?
1851   </osci:ReceiptInfo>
1852   <ds:Signature/>
1853 </osci:DeliveryReceipt>
```

1854 Description of elements and attributes in the schema overview above:

1855 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt**

1856 Container holding the child elements receipt data .../osci:ReceiptInfo and a
 1857 **ds:Signature** element over .../osci:ReceiptInfo.

1858 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/@wsu:Id**

1859 This attribute of type **xs:ID** MUST be provided so that un-ambiguous references (i.e. for
 1860 transport signature and encryption) can be made to this **/osci:DeliveryReceipt**
 1861 block.

- 1862 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo**
- 1863 Container to hold the receipt details.
- 1864 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/wsu:@Id**
- 1865 This attribute of type **xs:ID** MUST be provided; the element must be referenceable from
- 1866 the signature element described below.
- 1867 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/osci:ReceiptIssuerRole**
- 1868 This element of type **xs:anyURI** MUST be provided with one of the URIs outlined above.
- 1869 The concrete value MUST expose the role of the receipt issuing node. If an **osci:Request**
- 1870 is targeted to a **MsgBox** instance, the value MUST be
- 1871 **"http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/role/MsgBox"**. If an
- 1872 **osci:Request** if targeted directly to the recipients OSCI Gateway or an **osci:Response**
- 1873 message contains a demand for a **DeliveryReceipt**, the value MUST be
- 1874 **"http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/role/Recipient"**.
- 1875 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/wsa:MessageID**
- 1876 The **/wsa:MessageID** SOAP header block of the message to be receipted.
- 1877 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/osci:MsgTimeStamps**
- 1878 The **/osci:MsgTimeStamps** SOAP header block; this element MUST be inserted after
- 1879 the receipting node has inserted his specific timestamps according to chapter [8.1].
- 1880 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/wsa:RelatesTo ***
- 1881 The **/wsa:RelatesTo** SOAP header blocks of the message to be receipted.
- 1882 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/osci:To**
- 1883 This element of type **wsa:EndpointReference** denotes the destination EPR of the
- 1884 message to be receipted. At least, it MUST contain the **/wsa:To** SOAP header block of
- 1885 this message and those SOAP header blocks attributed by
- 1886 **@wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1"**.
- 1887 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/wsa:From ?**
- 1888 If present in the message to be receipted, the **/wsa:From** SOAP header block of the
- 1889 message to be receipted.
- 1890 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/wsa:ReplyTo**
- 1891 The **/wsa:From** SOAP header block of the message to be receipted.
- 1892 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/osci:RequestEcho ?**
- 1893 This element MUST be included, if the demand for the receipt contains the attribute
- 1894 **/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand/@echoRequest** set to a value of **"true"**. The
- 1895 complete incoming message MUST be placed in this element in **base64Binary** format.
- 1896 To be able to proof what has been sent, the Initiator in this case is strongly advised to
- 1897 encrypt the message body for himself, too.
- 1898 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/ds:Signature**
- 1899 A digital signature of the **DeliveryReceipt** according to chapter [7.2].
- 1900 One **ds:Signature** child element **ds:Reference** MUST point to the element
- 1901 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/ReceiptInfo** using the same-URI reference mechanism
- 1902 via the ID-attribute of this element.

1903 A second **/ds:Signature/ds:Reference** element MUST point to the
 1904 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body** block of the message to be receipted using the same-URI
 1905 reference mechanism via the ID-attribute of the SOAP body block.

1906 For a DeliveryReceipt, the received SOAP body block MUST to be signed "as is". The
 1907 actual server time in UTC-format MUST be provided in

1908 **/osci:DeliveryReceipt/ds:Signature/ds:Object/
 1909 xades:QualifyingProperties/xades:SignedProperties/
 1910 xades:SignedSignatureProperties/xades/SigningTime.**

1911 If in the receipt demand SOAP header actually processed, the attribute
 1912 **/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand/@qualTSPforReceipt** is set to a value of
 1913 "true" and can be served from this instance, the signature element MUST be extended
 1914 by a *qualified timestamp over the signature itself*. For the timestamp itself, the
 1915 specification [RFC3161] applies, the placement in the signature element follows [XAdES]
 1916 as described in chapter [7.2.2]:

1917 **../ds:Signature/ds:Object/xades:QualifyingProperties/
 1918 xades:UnsignedProperties/xades:UnsignedSignatureProperties/
 1919 xades:SignatureTimeStamp/xades:EncapsulatedTimeStamp**

1920 If no appropriate qualified TSP-service can be provided, a fault MUST be generated to the
 1921 requestor and processing of the incoming message MUST be aborted.

1922 **Fault 9: QualTSPServiceNotAvailable**

1923 [Code] Sender

1924 [Subcode] QualTSPServiceNotAvailable

1925 [Reason] Requested qualified TSP service not provided by targeted node

1926 The fault [Details] property MUST outline that this timestamp was requested for a
 1927 DeliveryReceipt and that the message is not accepted.

1928 If an incoming message of type **osci:Request** is to be receipted, the block **/osci:DeliveryReceipt**
 1929 MUST be included as SOAP header in the corresponding **osci:Response** message.

1930 If the message to be receipted is of type **osci:Response**, the block **/osci:DeliveryReceipt** MUST
 1931 be positioned as SOAP body of a new **osci:Request** message. This **osci:Request** message MUST be
 1932 targeted to the endpoint denoted in **/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand/wsa:ReplyTo**. The SOAP
 1933 header block **/wsa:RelatesTo** of this message MUST be supplied with the **/wsa:MessageID**
 1934 SOAP header block of the message to be receipted.

1935 **NOTE:** If a requested DeliveryReceipt can not be produced due to processing errors or other reasons,
 1936 anaccording SOAP fault MUST be generated according to chapter [5] and the message MUST be
 1937 discarded.

1938 **8.3.2.2 Reception Receipt**

1939 If demanded by a **osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand** SOAP header of a **osci:Request** or
 1940 **osci:Response** message, Reception Receipts MUST be processed after successful decryption of the
 1941 SOAP body block. Depending on the concrete arrangement of roles in an OSCI endpoint
 1942 implementation it may be possible that decryption of the SOAP body and processing of a
 1943 ReceptionReceipt demand is decoupled from the node that accepts incoming requests respective
 1944 responses (where DeliveryReceipt demands have to be processed immediately). Thus, a
 1945 ReceptionReceipt is generated by Ultimate Recipient instances. For a message of type
 1946 **osci:Response**, this is the Ultimate Recipient instance on the Initiator side.
 1947 The data for this type of receipt has to be placed into following block **/osci:ReceptionReceipt** by
 1948 the receipt generating node. The underlying schema nearly the same as for a
 1949 **osci:DeliveryReceipt** SOAP header block; possible attribute/element values and semantics
 1950 differ in detail as described here.

```

1951 <osci:ReceptionReceipt @wsu:Id="xs:ID" ? >
1952   <osci:ReceiptInfo @wsu:Id="..." >
1953     <wsa:MessageID>xs:anyURI</wsa:MessageID>
1954     <osci:MsgTimeStamps/>
1955     <wsa:RelatesTo/> *
1956     <osci:To> wsa:EndpointReference </osci:To>
1957     <wsa:ReplyTo> wsa:EndpointReference </wsa:ReplyTo>
1958     <wsa:From> wsa:EndpointReference </wsa:From> ?
1959     <osci:RequestEcho> xs:base64Binary </RequestEcho> ?
1960   </osci:ReceiptInfo>
1961   <ds:Signature/>
1962 </osci:ReceptionReceipt>
1963

```

1964 Description of elements and attributes in the schema overview above:

1965 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt**

1966 Container holding the child elements receipt data .../**osci:ReceiptInfo** and a
1967 **ds:Signature** element over .../**osci:ReceiptInfo**.

1968 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/@wsu:Id**

1969 This attribute of type **xs:ID** SHOULD be provided so that un-ambiguous can be made to
1970 this **/osci:ReceptionReceipt** block.

1971 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo**

1972 Container to hold the receipt details.

1973 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/wsu:@Id**

1974 This attribute of type **xs:ID** MUST be provided; the element must be referenceable from
1975 the signature element described below.

1976 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/wsa:MessageID**

1977 The **/wsa:MessageID** SOAP header block of the message to be receipted.

1978 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/osci:MsgTimeStamps**

1979 The **/osci:MsgTimeStamps** SOAP header block; this element MUST be inserted after
1980 the receipting node has inserted his specific timestamps according to chapter [8.1].

1981 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/wsa:RelatesTo ***

1982 The **/wsa:RelatesTo** SOAP header blocks of the message to be receipted.

1983 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/osci:To**

1984 This element of type **wsa:EndpointReference** denotes the destination EPR of the
1985 message to be receipted. At least, it MUST contain the **/wsa:To** SOAP header block of
1986 this message and those SOAP header blocks attributed by
1987 **@wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1"**.

1988 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/wsa:From ?**

1989 If present in the message to be receipted, the **/wsa:From** SOAP header block of the
1990 message to be receipted.

1991 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/osci:ReceiptInfo/wsa:ReplyTo**

1992 The **/wsa:ReplyTo** SOAP header block of the message to be receipted.

1993 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/osci:RequestEcho ?**

1994 This element MUST be included, if the demand for the receipt contains the attribute
 1995 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand/@echoRequest** set to a value of **"true"**. The
 1996 complete incoming message MUST be placed in this element in base64Binary format.

1997 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/ds:Signature**

1998 A digital signature of the ReceptionReceipt according to chapter [7.2.2]. The signature
 1999 MUST be generated by the Ultimate Recipient after successful decryption of the whole
 2000 SOAP body block. In case a synchronous osci:Response to an osci:Request containing a
 2001 ReceptionReceipt demand, this is the respective UltimateRecipient node on the Initiator
 2002 side. If complete decryption of the received SOAP body is not possible, a fault MUST be
 2003 generated and further message processing MUST be aborted.

2004 **Fault 10: MsgBodyDecryptionError**

2005 [Code] Sender

2006 [Subcode] MsgBodyDecryptionError

2007 [Reason] Message body decryption failed.

2008 The fault [Details] property MAY outline – if known to the decrypting instance - the
 2009 **ds:X509IssuerSerial** element of the certificate initially used for encryption.

2010 One **ds:Signature** child element **ds:Reference** MUST point to the element
 2011 **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/ReceiptInfo** using the same-URI reference mechanism
 2012 via the ID-attribute of this element.

2013 A second **/ds:Signature/ds:Reference** element MUST point to the element
 2014 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body** element of the message to be receipted using the same-
 2015 URI reference mechanism via the ID-attribute of the SOAP body block. As already
 2016 mentioned, the SOAP body block in advance MUST have been successfully decrypted.

2017 The actual server time in UTC-format MUST be provided in the child element
 2018 **/xades:SigningTime** of **/osci:ReceptionReceipt/ds:Signature/ds:Object/**
 2019 **xades:QualifyingProperties/xades:SignedProperties/**
 2020 **xades:SignedSignatureProperties**.

2021 If in the receipt demand SOAP header actually processed, the attribute
 2022 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand/@qualTSPforReceipt** is set to a value of
 2023 **"true"** and can be served from this instance, the signature element MUST be extended
 2024 by a *qualified timestamp over the signature itself*. For the timestamp itself, the
 2025 specification [RFC3161] applies, the placement in the signature element follows [XAdES]
 2026 as described in chapter [7.2.2]:

2027 **.../ds:Signature/ds:Object/xades:QualifyingProperties/**
 2028 **xades:UnsignedProperties/**
 2029 **xades:UnsignedSignatureProperties/**
 2030 **xades:SignatureTimeStamp/xades:EncapsulatedTimeStamp**

2031 If no appropriate qualified TSP-service can be provided, a fault MUST be generated to the
 2032 requestor instead of the ReceptionReceipt, processing of the incoming message MAY
 2033 proceed (subject to policy to be defined for the concrete endpoint). See fault
 2034 **QualTSPServiceNotAvailable** as defined in chapter [8.3.2.1]; the fault [Details] property
 2035 MUST outline that this timestamp was requested for a ReceptionReceipt and if further
 2036 message processing takes place or not.

2037 The block **/osci:ReceptionReceipt** MUST be positioned as SOAP body of a new osci:Request
 2038 message. This osci:Request message MUST be targeted to the endpoint denoted in
 2039 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand/wsa:ReplyTo**. The SOAP header block **/wsa:RelatesTo** of

2040 this message MUST be supplied with the **/wsa:MessageID** SOAP header block of the message to
 2041 be receipted.

2042 8.3.3 Fetched Notification

2043 To demand a FetchedNotification from a recipient MsgBox instance where the message is relayed,
 2044 following SOAP header block MUST be provided in an osci:Request message:

```
2045 <osci:FetchedNotificationDemand wsu:Id="..." ?  

2046   @s12:role="http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/role/MsgBox" ? >  

2047   <wsa:ReplyTo>wsa:EndpointReference</wsa:ReplyTo>  

2048 </osci:FetchedNotificationDemand>
```

2049 Description of elements and attributes in the schema overview above:

2050 **/osci:FetchedNotificationDemand**

2051 Header block contain the demand.

2052 **/osci:FetchedNotificationDemand/@wsu:Id**

2053 For ease of referencing this SOAP header block from WS Security SOAP header
 2054 elements, this attribute of type **wsu:Id** SHOULD be provided.

2055 **/osci:FetchedNotificationDemand/@s12:role**

2056 This attribute of type **xs:anyURI** SHOULD¹⁹ be provided with the URI outlined above.
 2057 Only nodes acting in the role MsgBox are addressed by this type of demand.

2058 **/osci:ReceiptTo/wsa:ReplyTo**

2059 This required element of type **wsa:EndpointReferenceType** denotes the endpoint,
 2060 where the requestor wishes the notification should be routed to. As FetchedNotifications
 2061 can only be delivered in the SOAP body of a separate new message, this EPR SHOULD
 2062 be the one of the MsgBox instance of the requestor or MAY be a specialized endpoint
 2063 consuming notifications. The EPR MUST contain reference properties according to
 2064 chapter [6, Addressing Endpoints]. A **.../wsa:ReferenceParameters** of following value
 2065 SHOULD be provided:
 2066 **<osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>www.osci.eu/2008/common/urn/messageTypes/Notification/>**. In case of delivering a receipt to a MsgBox instance, this is the
 2067 defaulted value for separating notification message types from other ones (see chapter [6,
 2068 Addressing Endpoints]).
 2069

2070 A SOAP header **/osci:FetchedNotificationDemand** MUST be processed by a node acting in
 2071 the role of MsgBox when the message is pulled the first time by the Recipient of the message. It
 2072 MUST be delivered in a separate message to the endpoint denoted in the appropriate demand. They
 2073 MUST only be produced by MsgBox instances. The **/osci:FetchedNotification** block is
 2074 positioned in the body of such a message, other body parts MUST NOT be included.

2075 Syntax for messages to deliver FetchedNotifications:

```
2076 <s12:Envelope ...>  

2077   <s12:Header ...>  

2078     ...  

2079     <wsa:Action>  

2080       http://www.osci.eu/2008/transport/urn/messageTypes/OSCIRequest  

2081     </wsa:Action>  

2082     <wsa:MessageID>xs:anyURI</wsa:MessageID>  

2083     <wsa:RelatesTo>xs:anyURI</wsa:RelatesTo>  

2084     <wsa:To>xs:anyURI</wsa:To>
```

¹⁹ Proper, this should be a "MUST" – but has been leveraged to SHOULD for interoperability reasons. The current Microsoft WCF-Implementation does not accept other URIs for s12:role as predefined in the SOAP 1.2 specification. This hopefully will be changed in future releases of WCF, as [SOAP12] explicitly outlines: "... other role names MAY be used as necessary to meet the needs of SOAP applications."

```

2085 <osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1">
2086   "http://www.osci.eu/2008/ommon/urn/messageTypes/Notification"
2087 </osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>
2088   ...
2089 </s12:Header>
2090 <s12:Body>
2091   <osci:FetchNotification wsu:Id="..." ?>
2092     <osci:FetchTime> xs:dateTime </osci:FetchTime>
2093     <wsa:MessageID>xs:anyURI</wsa:MessageID>
2094     <wsa:To> wsa:Address </wsa:To>
2095     <wsa:From> wsa:EndpointReference </wsa:From>
2096   </osci:FetchNotification>
2097 </s12:Body>
2098 </s12:Envelope>

```

2099 Description of elements and attributes in the schema overview above:

2100 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:Action**

2101 The value indicated herein MUST be used for that URI.

2102 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:MessageID**

2103 The message MUST carry a unique WS-Addressing MessageID.

2104 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:RelatesTo**

2105 The message MUST carry the WS-Addressing MessageID for the message a
2106 FetchNotification was requested for.

2107 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/wsa:To**

2108 The address of the destination endpoint which was stated in the EPR of the request
2109 header element **/osci:FetchNotificationTo/wsa:ReplyTo/wsa:Address** of
2110 the request message.

2111 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario**

2112 This is the instantiation of **/wsa:ReferenceParameters** bound to this EPR. It MUST be
2113 taken from the request header element
2114 **/osci:FetchNotificationTo/wsa:ReplyTo/wsa:ReferenceParameters** of
2115 the request message.

2116 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Header/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario/**

2117 **@wsa:IsReferenceParameter**

2118 Following WS-Addressing, the element MUST be attributed with
2119 **@wsa:IsReferenceParameter="1"**

2120 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:FetchNotification**

2121 Container holding the FetchNotification.

2122 **/s12:Envelope/s12:Body/osci:FetchNotification/osci:FetchTime**

2123 This element of type **xs:dateTime** MUST be set to the actual server time instance in
2124 UTC format when the MsgBox node processes the FetchNotification demand (message
2125 first time pulled from recipient).

2126 **8.3.4 Additional Receipt/Notification Demand fault processing Rules**

2127 As fault occurrence is imaginable while processing receipt demands, it must be foreseen to
2128 communicate those faults to the requestor of a receipt. As far as a receipt has to be delivered directly
2129 in the SOAP header of a response to a request in the same http-connection, such a fault occurrence is
2130 directly communicated to the requestor by the general SOAP/OSCI fault processing mechanisms and
2131 the message is discarded. **No receipt SOAP header block MUST be build up and inserted in the**
2132 **response in this case.**

For receipts which have to be processed asynchronous mode and/or delivered in a separate osci:Request message, the receipt requestor has to be informed about possible fault occurrence asynchronously. This MUST be done by placing the fault information in the body of an osci:Request instead of the receipt block and delivered to the same endpoint the receipt message is expected.

If the message to be receipted carries a **wsa:FaultTo** SOAP header block, this is the EPR the osci:Request message carrying the fault MUST be targeted to. If this header is absent or – if present and carrying a value of **http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous** in **wsa:FaultTo/Address**, it MUST be targeted to the endpoint denoted in **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand/wsa:ReplyTo/Address**. The according **wsa:ReferenceParameters** SOAP header block MUST be

```
<osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario wsa:IsReferenceParameter="true">
  www.osci.eu/2008/common/urn/messageTypes/Fault
</osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario>
```

The SOAP header block **/wsa:RelatesTo** of this message MUST be supplied with the **/wsa:MessageID** SOAP header block of the message to be receipted.

ReceptionReceipts and FetchedNotification in general have to be delivered in asynchronous mode. If the request for these doesn't indicate a valid address they can be successfully targeted to, standard SOAP addressing error handling applies according to [WSASOAP]; see chapter [5.2] for additional information.

NOTE: Message processing MUST NOT be aborted in this situations.²⁰

8.3.4.1 Receipt Signature Validation

Receipt signatures MUST be verified by receipt consuming nodes. If signature verification fails, a fault MUST be generated and be made available to the Source Application instance initially triggering the corresponding receipt demand. Fault delivery in this case is a matter of implementation.

Fault 11: **SignatureOfReceiptInvalid**

[Code]	Sender
[Subcode]	SignatureOfReceiptInvalid
[Reason]	Receipt signature verification failed.

The fault [Details] property SHOULD outline the concrete verification failure. It is on behalf of the Source Application to handle this situation.

8.4 X.509-Token Validation on the Message Route

A custom SOAP header is defined here for carrying X.509-Certificates and details per usage instance in the referred message body block parts.

Certificate validation processing SOAP nodes MUST enrich the message SOAP header block with the gathered certificate validation results and – for processing optimization purposes – mark those usage instances of a certificate as "checked", if validation could be processed successfully.

An XML-Syntax to carry validation results is defined by XKMS 2/XKISS [XKMS], which is incorporated here. The **/xkms:ValidateResult** specified in XKMS includes original validation responses from CAs like OCSP-Responses and CRLs. In addition to [XKMS], extensions are defined to satisfy requirements coming out the German signature law/directive regarding certificate validation. These extensions are optional in general, but MUST be provided from OSCI service providers in Germany.

²⁰ Mechanisms SHOULD be considered how to inform the Initiator about the situation that requested receipts/notifications cannot be delivered. This is out of scope of this specification.

Ultimate Recipients of messages MAY rely on the validation information thus once included in the message body. As at least the inner CA-Responses are verifiable, as they are carrying signatures of respective validation responders (OCSP, CRL...). In general, it's up to each node or endpoint on the message route to rely on the validation information found in the message or to initiate revalidation of used certificates following own needs und trust relations.

This specification enforces no rules how a node serving certificate validation obtains certificate validation results. It SHOULD be preferred to use the services of a trusted XKMS/XKISS responder instance, like this a **/xkms:ValidateResult** can easily be gathered by the corresponding **/xkms:ValidateRequest**. If the used XKMS/XKISS responder is designed as a relay bridging links to all relevant CAs concerning the overall requirements of a concrete OSCI based communication network, the burden of administrating CA-links and serving further protocols for those links is delegated to the XKMS/XKISS responder provider.

If using a XKMS responder, it is advisable to use the advantage of compound validation request offered by the XKMS/XKISS protocol. All validation requests for all usage instances of the certificates exposed in the **/osci:X509TokenContainer** custom SOAP header block MAY be combined in one compound request, which leads to a corresponding compound response. See [XKMS] for further details.

8.4.1 X.509-Token Container

This chapter describes this optional custom header to carry those certificates. In addition to the token themselves, following information is carried, which has to be provided by Source- / Target Applications per token-usage:

- Where a certificate is used in the body (by IDREF); information may be useful at recipient side when parsing a message after SOAP body block decryption and grouping together derived body block parts with their respective certificates/validation results (at least, validation of signatures contained in the body SHOULD happen now)
- Application time instant (this is the time instant a certificate must be proven as valid)
- Possibility to indicate forced online OCSP request to downstream validation service nodes (force bypassing possible cacheing of once gained OCSP responses).

While processing the validation, such a node supplies following additional information:

- A reference to the corresponding **/xkms:ValidateResult** per usage instance
- An indicator "validated" if all usage instance of a token have successfully been validated (note: only indication the fact of validation, not the result!)
- An indicator "validation completed" when all usage instances of all carried token have successfully been validated.

As under certain circumstances it may be, that a certificate validations serving node is not able to gather all needed **/xkms:ValidateResult(s)** completely, the latter two indicators only serve for processing optimization – they can be used to avoid iterating through the X509 token container and checking for outstanding **/xkms:ValidateResult(s)** by downstream nodes / endpoints on the message route.

Syntax for an optional **/osci:X509TokenContainer**:

```
<osci:X509TokenContainer validateCompleted=("true" | "false")? >
  <osci:X509TokenInfo Id="xs:ID"
    validated=("true" | "false")? >
    <ds:X509Data>
      <ds:X509Certificate>
    </ds:X509Data>
    <osci:TokenApplication
      ocspNoCache=("true" | "false")? >
      validateResultRef="xs:IDREF" ? >
      <osci:TimeInstant>xs:dateTime</osci:TimeInstant>
```

```

2224     <osci:MsgItemRef>xs:IDREF</osci:MsgItemRef>
2225   </osci:TokenApplication> +
2226   </osci:X509TokenInfo> +
2227 </osci:X509TokenContainer>

```

2228 Description of elements and attributes in the schema overview above:

2229 **/osci:X509TokenContainer ?**

2230 Optional SOAP header block containing the X.509-Certificates which SHOULD be
2231 validated by a node on the message route with validation capabilities.

2232 This container SHOULD be provided by a Source Application together with the payload to
2233 be placed in the message body block at OSCI gateway entry point towards applications.
2234 If present in an incoming message, it MUST be provided to the addressed Target
2235 Application by the recipients OSCI gateway.

2236 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/@validateCompleted ?**

2237 This optional boolean attribute MUST be provided with a value of "true" by a validation
2238 processing node, when processing was successfully passed for all application instances
2239 of all contained items **/osci:X509TokenInfo**. It MUST NOT provided with a value of
2240 "true" if this condition is false – i.e. only partially successful validation processing. It MUST
2241 NOT be provided or changed by other logical instances than validation processing nodes.

2242 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/osci:X509TokenInfo +**

2243 If an **/osci:X509TokenContainer** is present, it MUST contain at least one item of this
2244 type; content description follows here:

2245 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/osci:X509TokenInfo/@Id**

2246 This mandatory attribute of type **xs:ID** MUST be provided. As the whole
2247 **/osci:X509TokenContainer** is initially to be generated by a Source Application
2248 instance, the value must be a UUID; the UUID-value MUST NOT start with a character
2249 unlike the **xs:ID** production rules and SHOULD therefore be preceded by a string of
2250 "uuid:". This attribute MUST NOT be provided or changed by other logical instances than
2251 Source Applications.

2252 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/osci:X509TokenInfo/@validated ?**

2253 This optional boolean attribute of type **xs:ID** MUST be provided with a value of "true" by
2254 a validation processing node, when processing was successfully passed for all application
2255 instances of this item **/osci:X509TokenInfo**. It MUST NOT provided with a value of
2256 "true" if this condition is false – i.e. only partially successful validation processing. It MUST
2257 NOT be provided or changed by other logical instances than validation processing nodes.

2258 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/osci:X509TokenInfo/ds:X509Data**

2259 The X.509-Token of type **ds:Data** MUST be provided here by the Source Application
2260 instance. Other sub-elements than **X509Certificate** foreseen in **ds:X509Data** MUST
2261 NOT be provided.

2262 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/osci:X509TokenInfo/ds:X509Data/ds:X509Certificate**

2263 Sub-element **.../ds:509Certificate** MUST be provided. It MUST NOT be provided or
2264 changed by other logical instances than Source Applications.

2265 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/osci:X509TokenInfo/osci:TokenApplication**

2266 A Source Application MUST initially provide this container containing application details of
2267 the X.509-Token.

2268 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/osci:X509TokenInfo/osci:TokenApplication/ 2269 @ocspNoCache ?**

2270 This optional boolean attribute MUST be provided with a value of "true" by the Source
 2271 Application instance, when the downstream validation service node shall be forced
 2272 bypassing possible cacheing of OCSP responses while validating this certificate. If not
 2273 provided with a value of "true", a validation service node MAY use cacheing mechanisms
 2274 to build up validation results. It MUST NOT be provided or changed by other logical
 2275 instances than a Source Application instance.

2276 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/osci:X509TokenInfo/osci:TokenApplication/
 2277 @validateResultRef ?**

2278 Validation processing nodes MUST provide an **xs:IDREF** here when processing was
 2279 successfully passed for this instance of **/osci:X509TokenInfo/TokenApplication**.
 2280 It must point to the related **/xkms:ValidateResult** header child element (see next
 2281 chapter). It MUST NOT be provided or changed by other logical instances than validation
 2282 processing nodes. If present, this attribute indicates, that this instance of
 2283 **/osci:X509TokenInfo/osci:TokenApplication** is validated.

2284 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/osci:X509TokenInfo/osci:TokenApplication/
 2285 osci:TimeInstant**

2286 This element of type **xs:dateTime** MUST be provided by the Source Application
 2287 instance and carry the token application time instant. This time instant MUST be taken as
 2288 validation time instant by the validation processing node (see next chapter). It MUST NOT
 2289 be provided or changed by other logical instances than Source Applications.

2290 **/osci:X509TokenContainer/osci:X509TokenInfo/osci:TokenApplication/
 2291 osci:MsgItemId**

2292 This element of type **xs:IDREF** MUST be provided by the Source Application instance
 2293 and carry a reference to the cryptographic element in the message body where the token
 2294 was used. It MUST NOT be provided or changed by other logical instances than Source
 2295 Applications.

2296 **8.4.2 X.509-Token Validation Results**

2297 SOAP nodes which are willing and able processing validation for X.509-Certificates contained in the
 2298 **/osci:X509TokenContainer** SOAP header block MUST insert the processing result in SOAP
 2299 header blocks **/xkms:CompoundResult** containing one or more **/xkms:ValidateResult**
 2300 elements conformant to the part XKISS of the XKMS specification. See [XKMS] for details, whereby
 2301 following profiling applies here:

2302 **R1100:** Validation results MUST be signed by the generating instance. This MAY be a XKMS-
 2303 Responders involved or – if no dedicated XKMS-Responder is used – the node generating
 2304 the header block **/xkms:CompoundResult** containing **the /xkms:ValidateResult**
 2305 elements. Hence, the element **/xkms:CompoundResult/ds:Signature** MUST be
 2306 present. The subordinate signature elements **/xkms:ValidateResult/ds:Signature**
 2307 SHOULD be omitted.

2308 **R1120:** For nodes consuming the validation results, it MUST be able to establish trust to the
 2309 validation results generating node through the certificate used for this signature. If no trust
 2310 can be established, these nodes MUST ignore the affected header block
 2311 **/xkms:CompoundResult** and MUST revalidate the affected certificates using a service
 2312 trusted by this node.

2313 **R1130:** Nodes consuming the validation results MUST validate the signature of the
 2314 **/xkms:CompoundResult**. If signature validation fails, this fact MUST be logged as a
 2315 security error including the affected header block. This header block MUST be ignored,
 2316 the affected certificates using a service trusted by this node.

2317 For XKMS messages an abstract extension point **xkms:MessageExtension** is foreseen to carry
 2318 additional information. German regulations as well as EU-wide efforts for alignment of interoperable
 2319 use of electronic signatures require detailed information on certificate quality, validity status, used
 2320 algorithm suitability and the validation process itself. Thus, a **/xkms:ValidateResult** SHOULD
 2321 contain an extension block **/xkmsEU**, XML namespace
 2322 **http://www.lsp.eu/2009/04/xkmsExt#** as defined in chapter 5.3 of [XKMSEU]²¹.

2323 8.4.3 Verification of XKMS Validate Result Signatures

2324 Signatures of **xkms:CompoundResult** header elements MUST be verified by nodes consuming
 2325 these header elements during the process of Content Data signatures. If signature verification fails, a
 2326 fault MUST be generated and be made available to the instance validating Content Data signatures.
 2327 Affected **xkms:CompoundResult** header element MUST NOT be consumed, certificate validation
 2328 processing MUST be reprocessed by means out of scope of this specification. It is strongly
 2329 RECOMMENDED to log this security error. Fault delivery is an implementation matter.

2330	Fault 12: SignatureOfValidateResultInvalid
2331	[Code] Sender
2332	[Subcode] SignatureOfValidateResultInvalid
2333	[Reason] Verification failed for XKMS validate result

2334 The fault [Details] property SHOULD outline the concrete verification failure.

2335 8.5 General Processing of Custom Header Faults

2336 Nodes a message is targeted to MUST validate the structure of the OSCI extension headers. If
 2337 syntactically invalid or not conformant to this specification, the message MUST be discarded and
 2338 following fault MUST be generated:

2339	Fault 13: MsgHeaderStructureSchemaViolation
2340	[Code] Sender
2341	[Subcode] MsgHeaderStructureSchemaViolation
2342	[Reason] One or more OSCI header violate schema definitions

2343 More information SHOULD be given in the fault [Details] property, at least the concrete header
 2344 element the error was located in form of an XPath expression relative to the **s12:Envelope** element.

²¹ These extensions are subject to alignment in the context of running EU-wide "Large Scale Pilot" (lsp) projects. Concrete work on these issues is done by the project PEPPOL, see www.peppol.eu. One goal is a common XKMS-Responder infrastructure in the EU member states. The namespace has to be seen as preliminary. The concrete XKMS extension structure is subject to further refinement in 2009.

9 Constituents of OSCI Message Types

2345

2346

2347

For all OSCI message types, the SOAP header and body block assemblies as well as their respective transport signature/transport encryption requirements are defined in this chapter.

2348

For a quick overview, constituents of each message type are illustrated in diagrams.

2349

2350

2351

2352

In general, most header and body blocks are marked to be encrypted optionally. These blocks **MUST** be included in the transport encryption according to chapter [7], if no symmetric binding (transport over https) is used or the network between nodes involved in the message transport is secured by other precautions.

2353 9.1 osci:Request

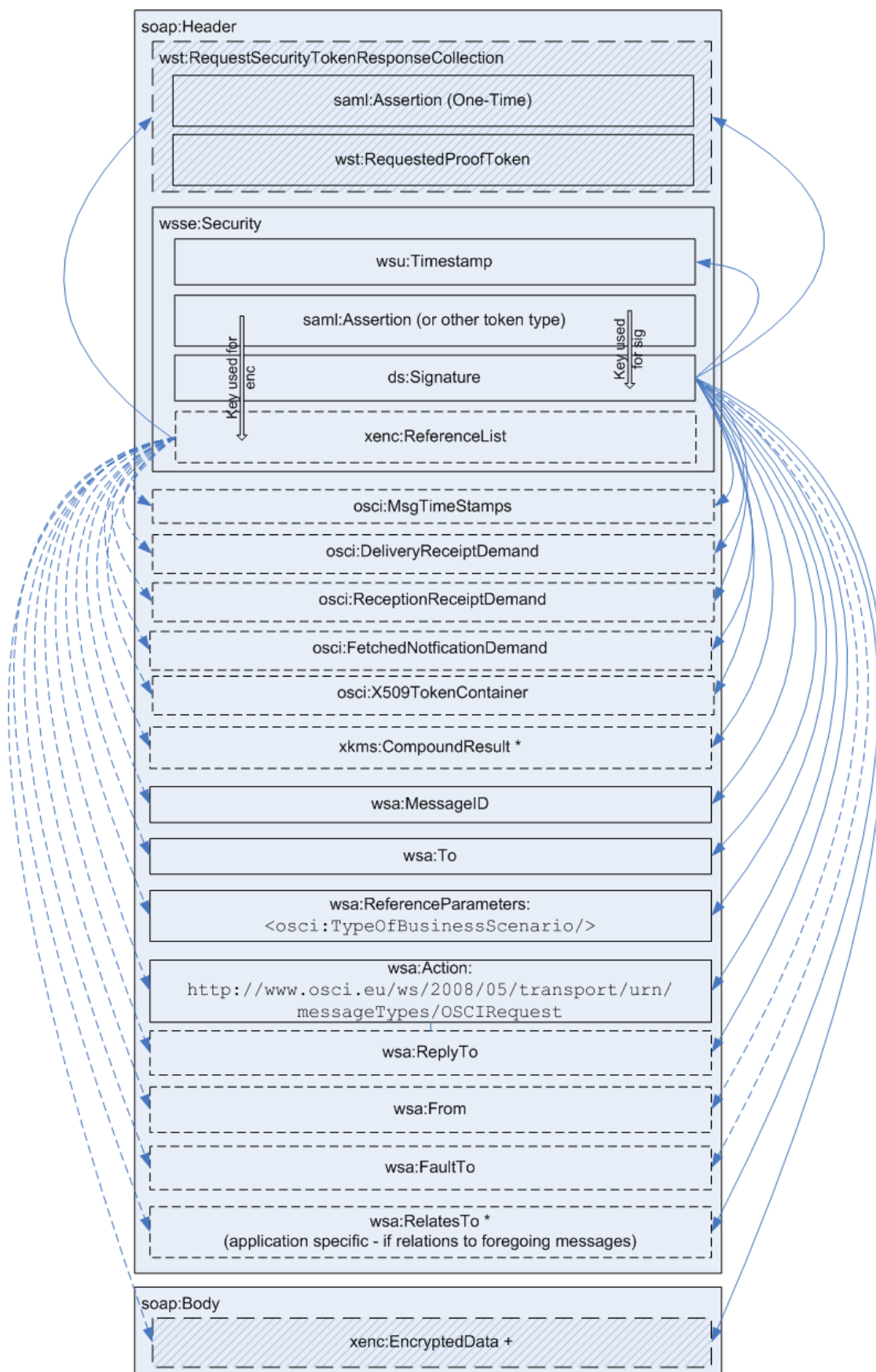


Figure 8: osci:Request header and body block assembly

2356 SOAP header blocks:

2357 **/wst:RequestSecurityTokenResponseCollection ?**

2358 This header block carries the SAML token which is needed for asynchronously delivery of
2359 receipts and notification (see chapter [7.5.5] for details). It MUST only be present, when
2360 these receipts and/or notification are required from a node in a foreign TD.

2361 **/wsse:Security**

2362 This header block MUST be present, carrying message protection data and Initiator
2363 authentication and authorization information items according the security policy of the
2364 node the message is targeted to. See chapter [7.1] for details.

2365 **/osci:MsgTimeStamps ?**

2366 This optional header block MUST only be set by the Initiator, if he wishes to supply a
2367 **.../osci:ObsoleteAfter** date in here. This header block MUST be set by a MsgBox
2368 instance and MAY be set – if not yet present - by a Recipient instance. This header block
2369 MUST always be relayed. See chapter [8.1] for details.

2370 **/osci:DeliveryReceiptDemand ?**

2371 This optional header block MUST only be set by the Initiator, if he wishes to receive a
2372 DeliveryReceipt in the backchannel response message. This header block MUST be
2373 removed from the message by the node processing it. See chapter [8.3.1.1] for details.

2374 **/osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand ?**

2375 This optional header block MUST only be set by the Initiator, if he wishes to receive a
2376 ReceptionReceipt. This header block MUST be removed from the message by the node
2377 processing it. See chapter [8.3.1.2] for details.

2378 **/osci:FetchedNotificationDemand ?**

2379 This optional header block MUST only be set by the Initiator, if he wishes to receive a
2380 FetchedNotification. This header block MUST only be processed by a MsgBox node
2381 instance and MUST be removed from the message after processing it. See chapter [8.3.3]
2382 for details.

2383 **/osci:X509TokenContainer ?**

2384 This optional header block SHOULD by provided by the Initiator, if he wishes to enable
2385 certificate validation on the message route. This header block MUST always be relayed.
2386 See chapter [8.4.1] for details.

2387 **/xkms:CompoundResult ?**

2388 This optional header block MUST by provided by nodes processing the header block
2389 **/osci:X509TokenContainer**. This header block containing
2390 **/xkms:ValidateResult** elements MUST always be relayed. See chapter [8.4.2] for
2391 details.

2392 **/wsa:***

2393 All WS-Addressing headers MUST (if in continuous blocks) /MAY (if in dashed blocks) be
2394 supplied by the Initiator and MUST always be relayed. See chapter [6.1.2] for details.

2395 SOAP body:

2396 Carries the request message ContentData, generally MUST be encrypted by the Source
2397 Application or Initiator for the Ultimate Recipient.

2398

2399 9.2 osci:Response

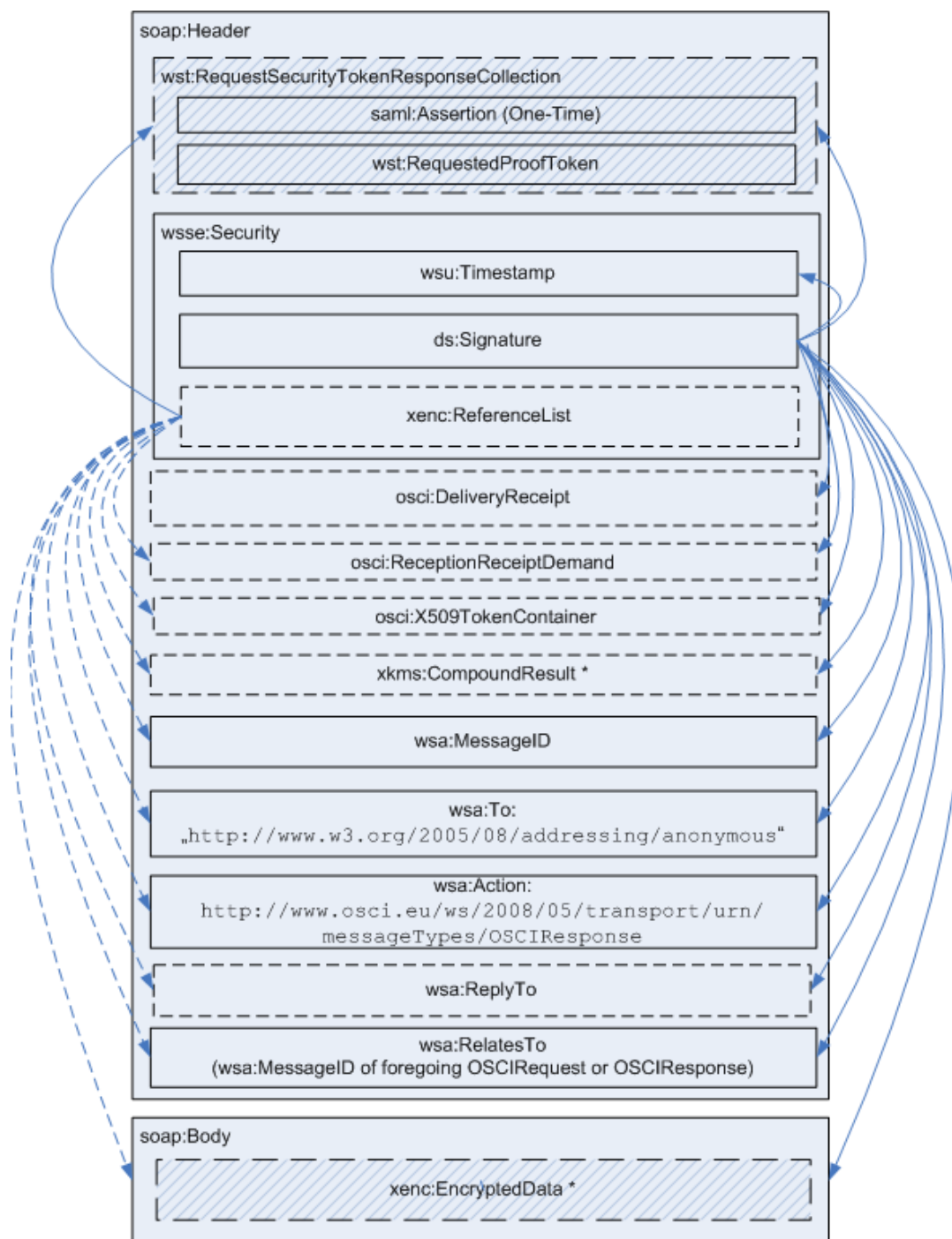


Figure 9: osci:Response header and body block assembly

SOAP header blocks:

/wst:RequestSecurityTokenResponseCollection ?

This header block carries the SAML token which is needed for asynchronously delivery of receipts and notification (see chapter [7.5.5] for details). It MUST only be present, when these receipts and/or notification are required from a node in a foreign TD.

2407 /wsse:Security

2408 This header block MUST be present, carrying message protection data. See chapter [7.1]
2409 for details.

2410 /osci:DeliveryReceipt ?

2411 This optional header block MUST be provided by the responding endpoint, if a demand for
2412 a DeliveryReceipt is present in the corresponding request. This header block MUST not
2413 be discarded or changed on the message route. See chapter [8.3.2] for details.

2414 /osci:ReceptionReceiptDemand ?

2415 This optional header block MUST only be set by the responding Recipient, if he wishes to
2416 receive a ReceptionReceipt for the response message. This header block MUST NOT be
2417 set by a MsgBox instance. This header block MUST be removed from the message by the
2418 node processing it. See chapter [8.3.1.2] for details.

2419 /osci:X509TokenContainer ?

2420 This optional header block SHOULD be provided by the responding Recipient, if he
2421 wishes to enable certificate validation on the message route. This header block SHOULD
2422 NOT be set by a MsgBox instance. This header block MUST always be relayed. See
2423 chapter [8.4.1] for details.

2424 /xkms:CompoundResult ?

2425 This optional header block MUST be provided by nodes processing the header block
2426 **/osci:X509TokenContainer**. This header block contains
2427 **/xkms:ValidateResult** elements MUST always be relayed. See chapter [8.4.2] for
2428 details.

2429 /wsa:*

2430 All WS-Addressing headers MUST (if in continuous blocks) /MAY (if in dashed blocks) be
2431 supplied by the resending endpoint and MUST always be relayed. See chapter [6.1.2] for
2432 details.

2433 SOAP body:

2434 May carry the response message ContentData in case of point-to-point scenarios. If
2435 present, it generally MUST be encrypted by the Target Application or Recipient for the
2436 Initiator. If an error occurred, a fault message is placed here instead.

2437 9.3 MsgBoxFetchRequest

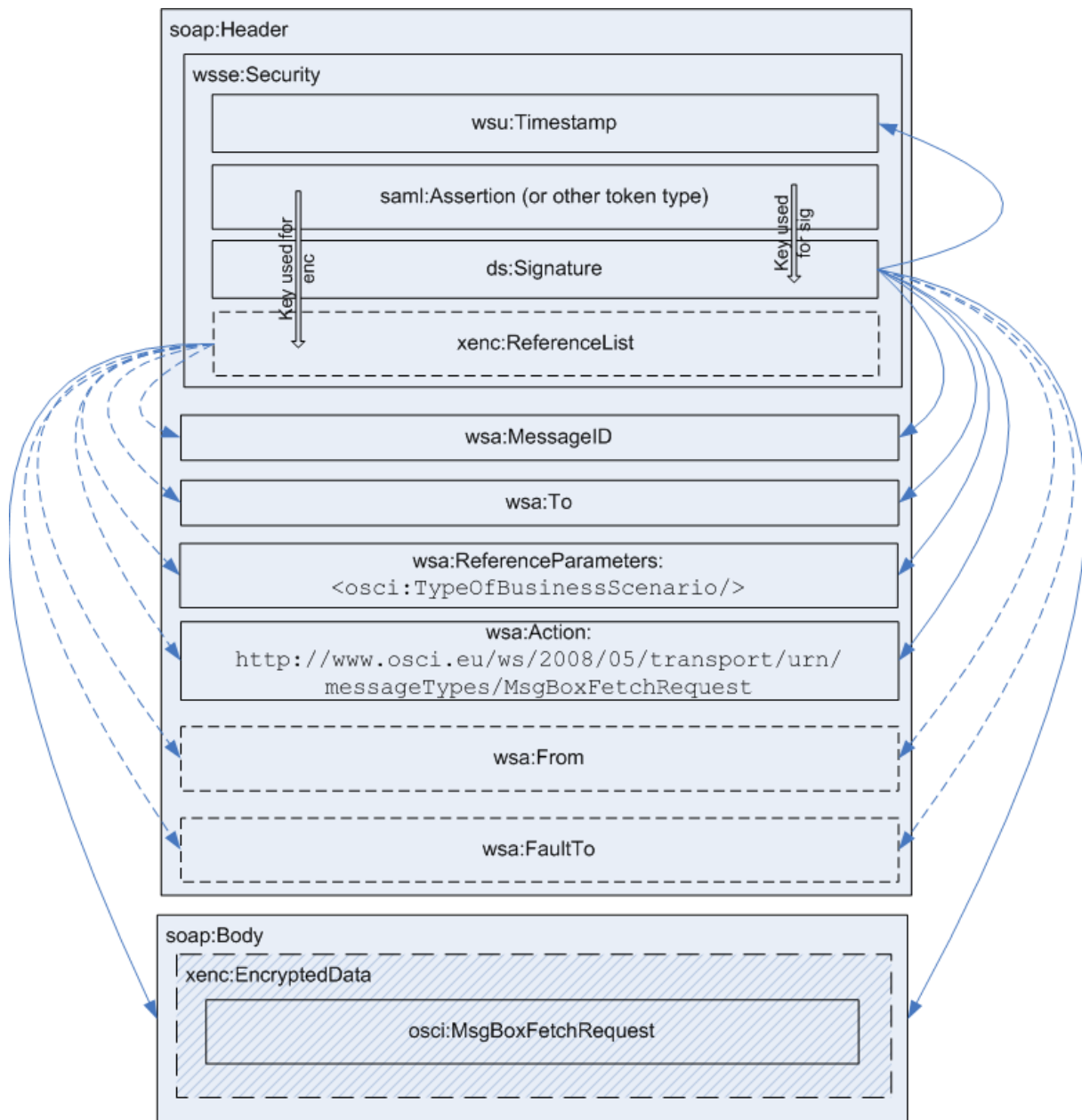


Figure 10: MsgBoxFetchRequest header and body block assembly

SOAP header blocks:

/wsse:Security

This header block MUST be present, carrying message protection data and requestor (MsgBox owner in this case) authentication and authorization information items according the security policy MsgBox instance. See chapter [7.1] for details.

/wsa: *

All WS-Addressing headers MUST (if in continuous blocks) /MAY (if in dashed blocks) be supplied by the Initiator. See chapter [6.1.2] and [8.2.1] for details.

2448 SOAP body:

2449 Carries the details of the MsgBoxFetchRequest, generally MUST be transport encrypted.

2450 See chapter [8.2.1] for details.

2451 9.4 MsgBoxStatusListRequest

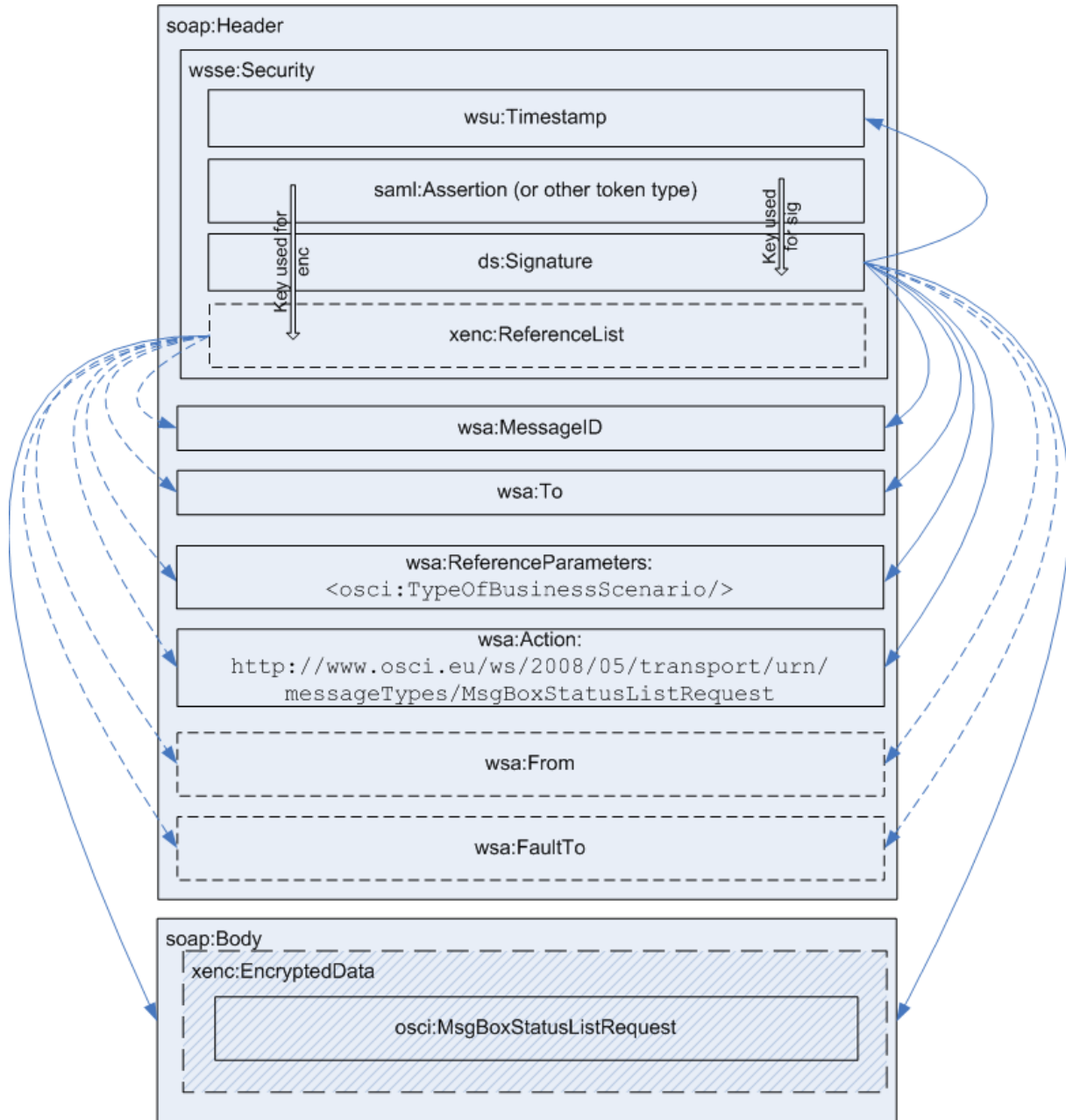


Figure 11: MsgBoxStatusListRequest header and body block assembly

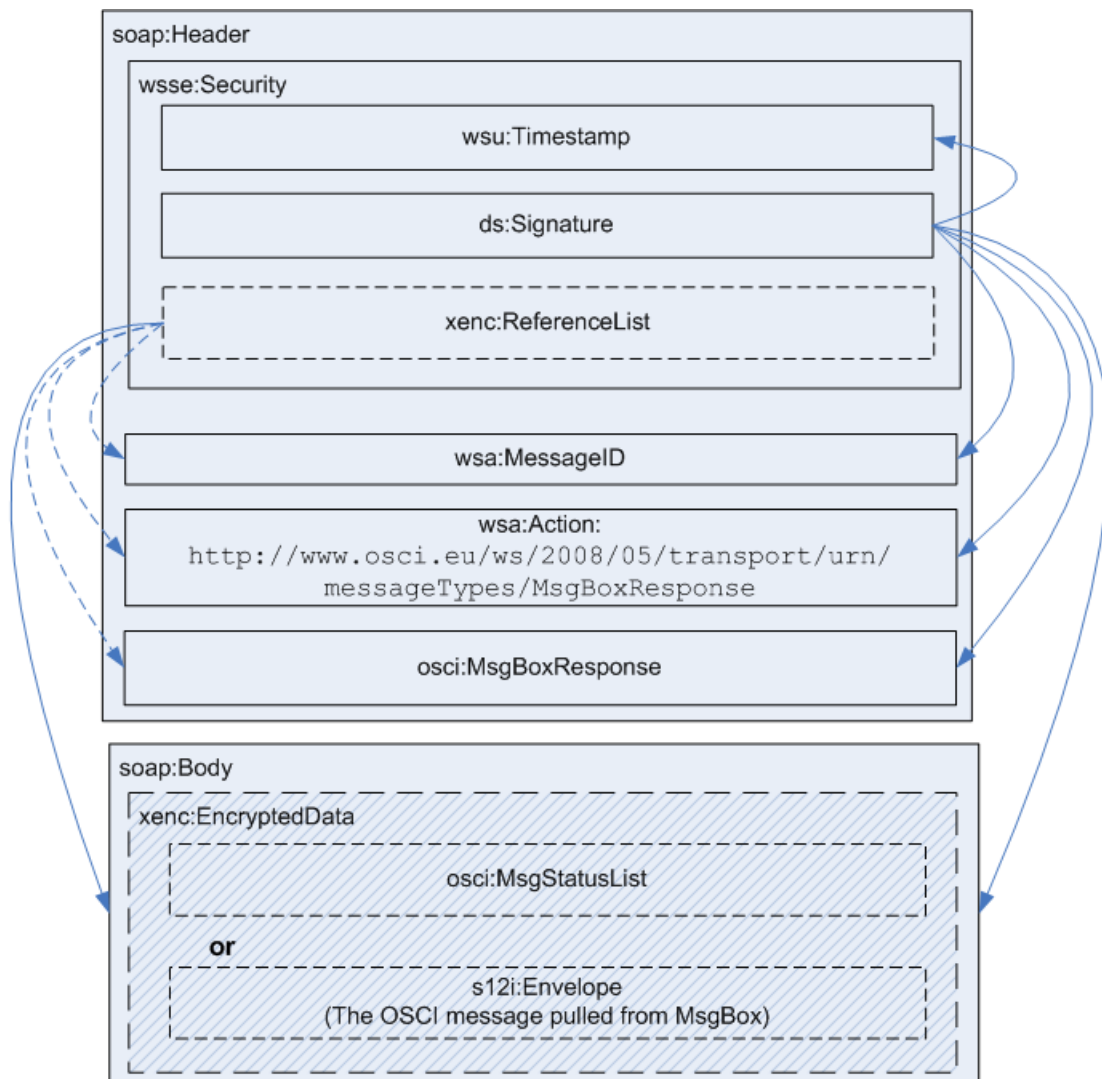
2454 SOAP header blocks:

2455 /wsse:Security

2456 This header block **MUST** be present, carrying message protection data and requestor
2457 (MsgBox owner in this case) authentication and authorization information items according
2458 the security policy MsgBox instance. See chapter [7.1] for details.

- 2459 **/wsa: ***
- 2460 All WS-Addressing headers MUST (if in continuous blocks) /MAY (if in dashed blocks) be
- 2461 supplied by the Initiator. See chapter [6.1.2] and [8.2.2] for details.
- 2462 SOAP body:
- 2463 Carries the details of the MsgBoxFetchRequest, generally MUST be transport encrypted.
- 2464 See chapter [8.2.2] for details.

2465 9.5 MsgBoxResponse



2466
2467 Figure 12: MsgBoxResponse header and body block assembly

- 2468 SOAP header blocks:
- 2469 **/wsse:Security**
- 2470 This header block MUST be present, carrying message protection data. See chapter [7.1]
- 2471 for details.
- 2472 **/wsa: ***
- 2473 All WS-Addressing headers MUST (if in continuous blocks) /MAY (if in dashed blocks) be
- 2474 supplied by the Initiator. See chapter [6.1.2] and [8.2.3] for details.

2475 **/osci:MsgBoxResponse**

2476 This header carrying status information concerning the actual message box access MUST
 2477 be set by the resending MsgBox instance. See chapter [8.2.3] for details.

2478 SOAP body:

2479 Carries the requested message status list or the message fetched from the MsgBox –
 2480 depending on the initial request. It generally MUST be transport encrypted. See chapter
 2481 [8.2.3.1] and [8.2.3.2] for details. If an error occurred, a fault message is placed here
 2482 instead.

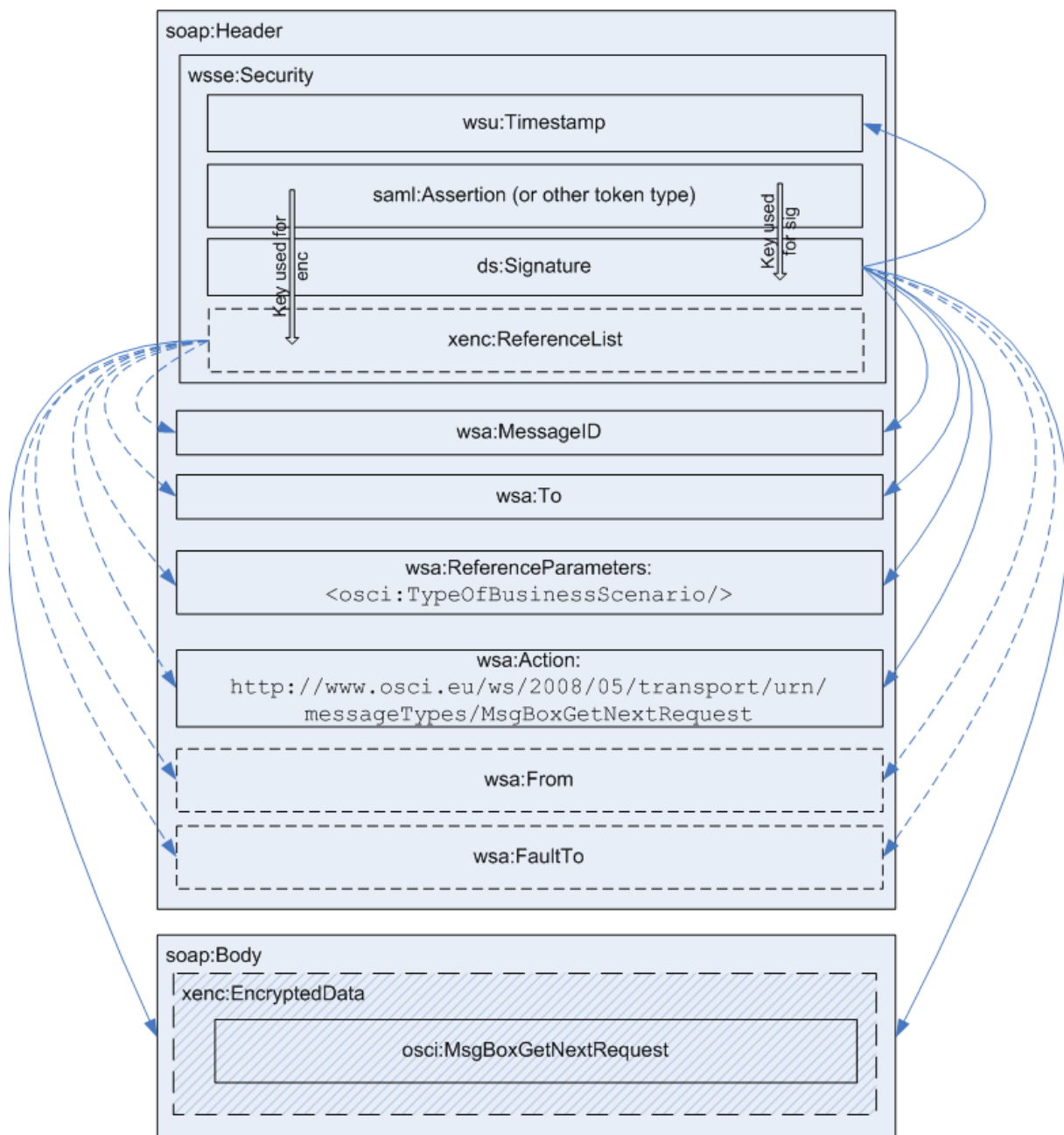
2483 **9.6 MsgBoxGetNextRequest**

Figure 13: MsgBoxGetNextRequest header and body block assembly

2486 SOAP header blocks:

2487 **/wsse:Security**

2488 This header block MUST be present, carrying message protection data and requestor
 2489 (MsgBox owner in this case) authentication and authorization information items according
 2490 the security policy MsgBox instance. See chapter [7.1] for details.

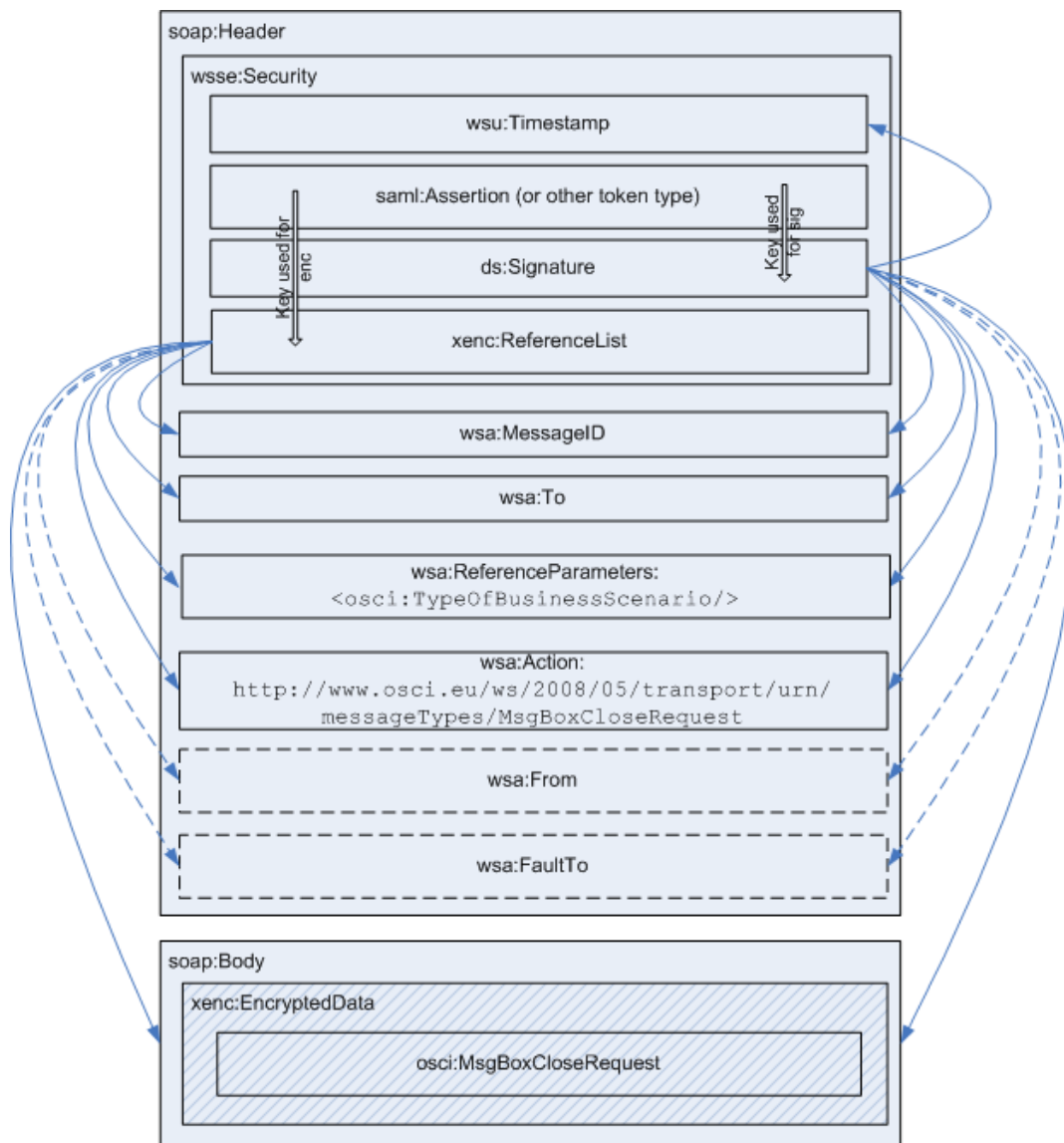
2491 **/wsa:***

2492 All WS-Addressing headers MUST (if in continuous blocks) /MAY (if in dashed blocks) be
 2493 supplied by the Initiator. See chapter [6.1.2] and [8.2.4] for details.

2494 SOAP body:

2495 Carries the details of the MsgBoxGetNextRequest, generally MUST be transport
 2496 encrypted. See chapter [8.2.4] for details.

2497 9.7 MsgBoxCloseRequest



2498

2499

Figure 14: MsgBoxClose header and body block assembly

2500 SOAP header blocks:

2501 **/wsse:Security**

2502 This header block MUST be present, carrying message protection data and requestor
2503 (MsgBox owner in this case) authentication and authorization information items according
2504 the security policy MsgBox instance. See chapter [7.1] for details.

2505 **/wsa:***

2506 All WS-Addressing headers MUST (if in continuous blocks) /MAY (if in dashed blocks) be
2507 supplied by the Initiator. See chapter [6.1.2] and [8.2.5] for details.

2508 SOAP body:

2509 Carries the details of the MsgBoxCloseRequest, generally MUST be transport encrypted.
2510 See chapter [8.2.5] for details.

10 Policies and Metadata of Communication Nodes and Endpoints

10.1 General usage of Web Service Description Language

The Web Service Description Language (WSDL) provides a broadly-adopted foundation on which interoperable Web Services can be build. WS-Policy Framework [WSPF] and WS-Policy Attachment [WSPA] collectively define a framework, model and grammar for expressing the requirements, and general characteristics of entities in an XML Web Services-based system.

In general, endpoint properties and requirements MUST be described in machine readable form of WSDLs and policies. For sake of interoperability with currently available implementations of the WS-Stack, this specification restricts to Web Service Description Language 1.1 [WSDL11].

This specification does not assume a mandatory mechanism how WSDLs of endpoints must be made available. To facilitate retrieval and online exchange of WSDLs, they SHOULD be exposed in appropriate directories OSCI communication networks; the base established mechanism to access a WSDL of a concrete Web Service endpoint is a http(s) GET-Request in the form

http(s)://endpoint-url?WSDL.

Conformant implementations SHOULD at least support this mechanism. The specification WS Metadata Exchange [WSMEX] describes a more sophisticated way to encapsulate services metadata and a protocol to retrieve it. It allows the client to interact with the service automatically, fetch all relevant metadata and aids the client in self-configuring. Support of WS Metadata Exchange is strongly RECOMMENDED.

NOTE on WSDL/Policy integrity: Policies and WSDL-Files MUST be secured by digital signatures to allow detection of possible corruptions. Unfortunately, there is no standard format and placement defined so far by the WS-Policy Framework for adequate digital signatures, what obviously results in the lack of integrity check mechanisms in known framework implementations when accessing policies and WSDL-Files. An appropriate specification and recommendation for implementors will be published by the OSCI Steering Office mid 2009 after finishing actually running tests on solution variants addressing this issue.²²

Endpoints are not forced to expose their properties and requirements in form of online available and machine readable WSDLs and/or policies. Developers may exchange this information on informal basis out of scope of this specification (i.e. word-of-mouth, documentation).

NOTE on WSDL/Policy examples: Patterns of WSDL instances and reference policies for classes of OSCI based scenarios will be developed in a distinct project and be made available in step by step in 2009 as addendum to this document.

Technical NOTE for policy instances: All policies defined for an endpoint MUST carry an Id-Attribute for the outer element `/wsp:Policy/@wsu:Id` to be referenceable for policy attachment and metadata exchange purposes.

10.1.1 WSDL and Policies for MEP synchronous point-to-point

For this communication scenario, description of endpoint requirements and abilities SHOULD be outlined in one WSDL containing all services and ports with their respective policies available here. Following general requirements MUST be considered when designing WSDL instances:

²² This work is done in the context of the OSCI Profiling project and will be published as an addendum to this specification. Results are planned to be brought to the appropriate OASIS standardization body.

2551 **R1200** - A **/wsdl11:port** MUST always contain an entry **/wsa:EndpointReference** with the
 2552 **.../wsa:Address** element as well as **.../wsa:ReferenceParameters** outlining the URI of
 2553 the **.../osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario** served by this port²³. Each specific
 2554 **/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario** itself correlates to a concrete Content Data
 2555 message structure given by the **/wsdl11:port** reference chain to a **/wsdl11:binding**
 2556 and **/wsdl11:portType** entry in this WSDL instance.

2557 10.1.2 WSDL and Policies for asynchronous MEPs via Message Boxes

2558 These MEPs at least have two endpoints in view a message is targeted to:

- 2559 • Initially, a Source Application has to build up the SOAP body content according to a concrete
 2560 schema bound to the actual underlying **/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario**. In addition,
 2561 security requirements bound to the Recipient apply like End-to-end encryption and digital
 2562 signatures to be applied to Content Data, which SHOULD be expressed by according WS
 2563 Security Policy expressions.
- 2564 • For transport to the Recipients MsgBox instance, the WSDL and policies of this target node
 2565 apply. For every **/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario** accepted here, the body structure is of
 2566 type **xenc:EncryptedData**. The WS Security Policy if effect here MUST NOT lead to initiate
 2567 body decryption processing, as the therefore needed private encryption key is only known to
 2568 the Recipient node.

2569 As of today known WS-Framework implementations, WS Security Policies attached in the WSDL of
 2570 the node a message is targeted to are completely in effect at the targeted node; it is not possible to
 2571 bind them e.g. to a specific **s12:role** without in-depth change of processing logic of standard WS-
 2572 Framework implementations.

2573 To solve this problem, for this version of the OSCI Transport specification following recommendation
 2574 applies²⁴:

- 2575 • The MsgBox node exposes the WSDL and policies according his needs on opaque body,
 2576 transport security and authentication/authorization per accepted
 2577 **/osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario**.
- 2578 • WSDL and policies in effect for the Recipient node are referenced or contained in the
 2579 **/wsa:EndpointReference/wsa:Metadata** element as described in chapter [6.1.1], bound
 2580 to the **/wsdl11:port** policy attachment point.

2581 10.2 OSCI specific Characteristics of Endpoints

2582 To enable OSCI endpoints to describe their requirements and capabilities, this specification defines
 2583 OSCI policy assertions that leverage the WS-Policy framework. In general, it is RECOMMENDED to
 2584 attach the policy assertions defined here to a to a port [WSDL11] respective endpoint [WSDL20] policy
 2585 subject.

2586 10.2.1 Certificates used for Signatures and Encryption

2587 For OSCI based message exchange, X.509v3-Certificates MUST be used for following purposes:

- 2588 • Encryption to be processed on Initiator side
 - 2589 o End-to-end encryption of Content Data targeted from a Source Application to a
 - 2590 Target Application

²³ following chapter [6.1.1], use of WS-Addressing in OSCI

²⁴ A WSDL/Policies template for this MEP as well as MsgBox access thru the recipient will be made available as addendum immediately after publishing this specification

- o Transport encryption, in cases where asymmetric encryption is required by a specifics application scenario – in general expressed by an adequate security policy
- Certificates used for signatures at Recipient side (respective his MsgBox service); an Initiator MAY – in cases of doubt - cross-check whether received signatures are generated with the certificates exposed in this endpoint policy (detection of possible man-in-the-middle attacks):
 - o Signature application for OSCI receipts and possible other message parts – in cases where the signature must be useable for long term provableness
 - o If offered: Generation of cryptographic time stamps.

Additional application purposes MAY be defined and supported by dedicated implementations.

Syntax for the OSCI policy containing assertions for X.509v3-Certificates usages:

```

2601 <wsp:Policy wsu:Id="xs:ID">
2602   <osci:X509CertificateAssertion>
2603     <wsp:ALL>
2604       <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:Id="xs:ID" ?
2605         Usage=
2606         "http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/e2eContentEncryption"
2607       |
2608       "http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/TransportEncryption"
2609       |
2610       "http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/ReceiptSigning"
2611       |
2612       "http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/TSPSigning" *
2613       osci:Role=
2614       "http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/role/Recipient" |
2615       "http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/role/MsgBox" |
2616       "http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope/role/ultimateReceiver" * >
2617
2618       ( <wsse:Embedded ValueType="xs:anyURI" ? >
2619         <wsse:BinarySecurityToken wsu:Id="xs:ID" ?
2620           ValueType=
2621           "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/
2622             oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-profile-1.0#X509v3"
2623           EncodingType=
2624           "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/
2625             oasis-200401-wss-soapmessage-security-1.0#Base64Binary" >
2626             xs:base64Binary
2627           </wsse:BinarySecurityToken>
2628         </wsse:Embedded> )
2629       |
2630       ( <wsse:Reference URI="xs:anyUri"
2631         ValueType=
2632         "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/
2633           oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-profile-1.0#X509v3" /> )
2634       |
2635       ( <wsse:KeyIdentifier wsu:Id="xs:ID" ?
2636         ValueType=
2637         "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/
2638           oasis-wss-soap-message-security-1.1#ThumbprintSHA1"
2639         EncodingType=
2640         "http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/
2641           oasis-200401-wss-soapmessage-security-1.0#Base64Binary">
2642           xs:base64Binary
2643         </wsse:KeyIdentifier> )
2644       </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
2645     </wsp:ALL>
2646   </osci:X509CertificateAssertion>
2647 </wsp:Policy>

```

Description of elements and attributes in the schema overview above:

/wsp:Policy

The whole assertion MUST be embedded in a policy block according to WS Policy.

2652 **/wsp:Policy/@wsu:Id**2653 To be referenceable, the policy MUST carry an attribute of type **xs:ID**.2654 **/wsp:Policy/osci:X509CertificateAssertion**

2655 The policy block containing all assertions.

2656 **/wsp:Policy/osci:X509CertificateAssertion/wsp:ALL**2657 Following the semantics of WS Policy Framework [WSPF], all behaviours represented by
2658 the assertions embedded in this block are required/valid.2659 **/wsp:Policy/osci:X509CertificateAssertion/wsp:ALL/wsse:SecurityTokenReferen**
2660 **ce**2661 This element defined in WS Security [WSS] MUST be used as container for a single
2662 X.509v3-Certificate (or a reference to it) and its attributes.

2663 As all single certificate details are contained in this block, for brevity full path qualification

2664 **/wsp:Policy/osci:X509CertificateAssertion/wsp:ALL/wsse:SecurityTokenReferen**
2665 **ce** is symbolized by **[SingleToken]** in the following descriptions.2666 **[SingleToken]/@wsu:id**2667 A certificate contained/described in this policy MUST be uniquely referenceable – i.e.,
2668 from other policies describing the same endpoint. This attribute of type **xs:ID** MUST
2669 carry an appropriate unique value.2670 **[SingleToken]/@Usage**2671 This attribute defines the purposes a certificate is used for, at least one of the URIs
2672 outlined above MUST be supplied as value in this attribute of type list of **xs:anyURI**.

2673 Predefined usage semantics are:

Usage for	URI
End-to-end encryption of Content Data	http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/e2eContentEncryption
Asymmetric transport encryption	http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/TransportEncryption
Signature of OSCI receipts; also applicable for signatures of other message parts	http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/ReceiptSigning
Generation of cryptographic time stamps	http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/TSPSigning

2674 Table 9: OSCI X.509-Token usages

2675 **[SingleToken]/@osci:Role**2676 This attribute defines logical roles a certificate is assigned to, at one of the URIs outlined
2677 above MUST be supplied value in this attribute of type list of **xs:anyURI**. Regularly, a
2678 single certificate SHOULD NOT be assigned to more the one role; as constellations are
2679 imaginable, where logical roles are pooled – like for a Recipient and Ultimate Recipient
2680 which are using the same signature certificate - is these cases more then one role
2681 assignment MAY be used.2682 For example, this role attribute allows Initiators to control, whether a receipt is signed with
2683 the right certificate used by the septic receipt issuer role outlined in the receipt.

2684 Predefined logical roles are:

Usage for	URI
OSCI Recipient – i.e. using this certificate for signing DeliveryReceipts in synchronous case or as transport encryption certificate	http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/role/Recipient
Ultimate receiver in the sense of [SOAP12]; i.e. an Ultimate Recipient using this certificate for end-to-end encryption or ReceptionReceipt signing	http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope/role/ultimateReceiver
MsgBox service node; i.e. may have his own transport encryption certificate (as MUST be used for "one time tokens")	http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/common/names/role/MsgBox

2685 Table 10: SOAP/OSCI roles assigned to token usages

2686 **R1200** - Inside a [SingleToken], the certificate itself may be embedded, referenced or identified by
 2687 a thumbprint. Other choices foreseen by WS-Security for
 2688 **/wsse:SecurityTokenReference** MUST NOT be used.

2689 Choice for embedded tokens

2690 **[SingleToken]/wsse:Embedded**

2691 This choice MUST be taken for embedding X.509v3-Certificates. It is strongly
 2692 RECOMMENDED to use this choice for certificates to be used for encryption purposes, as
 2693 an Initiator and STS may need the respective public key for encryption. Referencing those
 2694 certificates could cause additional to network connection needs.

2695 **[SingleToken]/wsse:Embedded/@ValueType**

2696 This element MAY carry this attribute of type xs:anyURI. It is not used in the context of this
 2697 policy.

2698 **[SingleToken]/wsse:Embedded/wsse:BinarySecurityToken**

2699 Generic container to carry security tokens in binary format; MUST contain the X.509v3-
 2700 Certificate in base64Binary format.

2701 **[SingleToken]/wsse:Embedded/wsse:BinarySecurityToken/@wsu:Id**

2702 This attribute of type **xs:ID** is optional. It is not used in the context of this policy.

2703 **[SingleToken]/wsse:Embedded/wsse:BinarySecurityToken/@ValueType**

2704 As only X.509v3-Certificates are described/contained here, the URI outlined above MUST
 2705 be supplied as value in this attribute of type of **xs:anyURI**.

2706 **[SingleToken]/wsse:Embedded/wsse:BinarySecurityToken/@EncodingType**

2707 Hence X.509v3-Certificates MUST be encoded in base64Binary format here, the URI
 2708 outlined above MUST be supplied as value in this attribute of type of **xs:anyURI**.

2709 Choice for directly referencing tokens

2710 **[SingleToken]/wsse:Reference**

2711 This choice MUST be taken if referencing X.509v3-Certificates stored otherwise.

2712 **[SingleToken]/wsse:Reference/@URI**

2713 This attribute of type **xs:anyURI** MUST identify a X.509v3-Certificate. If a fragment is
 2714 specified, then it indicates the local ID of the security token being referenced. The URI
 2715 MUST NOT identify a **/wsse:SecurityTokenReference** element, a
 2716 **/wsse:Embedded** element, a **/wsse:Reference** element, or a
 2717 **/wsse:KeyIdentifier** element.

2718 **[SingleToken]/wsse:Reference/@ValueType**

2719 As only X.509v3-Certificates are described/contained here, the URI outlined above MUST
 2720 be supplied as value in this attribute of type of **xs:anyURI**.

2721 Choice for referencing tokens by thumbprint

2722 This choice SHOULD NOT be used for certificates to be used for encryption purposes, as this may
 2723 burden Initiator and STS to locate the needed public key for encryption.

2724 **[SingleToken]/wsse:KeyIdentifier**

2725 **R1210:** This choice MUST be taken if referencing X.509v3-Certificates by thumbprint.
 2726 Other choices foreseen by WS-Security for **/wsse:KeyIdentifier** MUST NOT be
 2727 used.

2728 **[SingleToken]/wsse:KeyIdentifier/@wsu:Id**

2729 This attribute of type **xs:ID** is optional. It is not used in the context of this policy.

2730 **[SingleToken]/wsse:KeyIdentifier/@ValueType**

2731 As only thumbprints are allowed for referencing here, the URI outlined above MUST be
 2732 supplied as value in this attribute of type of **xs:anyURI**.

2733 **[SingleToken]/wsse:KeyIdentifier/@EncodingType**

2734 Hence thumbprints MUST be encoded in base64Binary format here, the URI outlined
 2735 above MUST be supplied as value in this attribute of type of **xs:anyURI**.

2736 **NOTE on usage of alternate certificates for the same purpose and role:**

2737 If more than one certificate may be used for a combination of **[SingleToken]/@osci:Role** and
 2738 **[SingleToken]/@wsse:Usage**, these policy elements **/wsse:SecurityTokenReference**
 2739 MUST be grouped in a **/wsp:ExactlyOne** container to express that only one of the alternatives may
 2740 be chosen.

2741 10.2.2 Endpoint Services and Limitations

2742 OSCI Recipients respective MsgBox services MAY offer/expose following services and limits:

- 2743 • Qualified timestamp application for signatures; this service is requestable by an Initiator for
 2744 receipts;
- 2745 • Message lifetime control; this service interprets the
 2746 **/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:ObsoleteAfter** SOAP header element probably set by an
 2747 Initiator. This marker only makes sense in asynchronous MEPs, hence the processing policy
 2748 assigned to is only of interest for MsgBox instances;
- 2749 • Maximum accepted message size and acceptance frequency per hour.

2750 Syntax for OSCI endpoint services policy assertions:

```
2751 <wsp:Policy wsu:Id="xs:ID">
2752
2753   <osci:QualTSPAssertion PolicyRef="xs:anyURI"? > ?
2754
2755   <osci:ObsoleteAfterAssertion PolicyRef="xs:anyURI" ? > ?
2756     <osci:MsgRetainDays>
2757       xs:positiveInteger
2758     </osci:MsgRetainDays> ?
```

```

2759 <osci:WarningMsgBeforeObsolete>
2760   xs:nonNegativeInteger
2761 </osci:WarningMsgBeforeObsolete> ?
2762 </osci:ObsoleteAfterAssertion> ?
2763
2764 <osci:MsgLimitsAssertion>
2765   <osci:MaxSize>
2766     xs:positiveInteger
2767   </osci:MaxSize> ?
2768   <osci:MaxPerHour>
2769     xs:positiveInteger
2770   </osci:MaxPerHour> ?
2771 </osci:MsgLimitsAssertion> ?
2772
2773 <wsp:Policy>

```

2774 Description of elements and attributes in the schema overview above:

2775 **/wsp:Policy**

2776 The whole assertion MUST be embedded in a policy block according to WS Policy.

2777 **/wsp:Policy/@wsu:Id**

2778 To be referenceable, the policy MUST carry an attribute of type **xs:ID**.

2779 **/wsp:Policy/osci:QualTSPAssertion ?**

2780 The presence of this element signals the availability of a qualified timestamp service.

2781 **/wsp:Policy/osci:QualTSPAssertion/@PolicyRef ?**

2782 This optional attribute of type **xs:anyURI** SHOULD be provided and carry a link to i.e.
 2783 human readable policies describing terms and conditions under which this service is made
 2784 available.

2785 **/wsp:Policy/osci:ObsoleteAfterAssertion ?**

2786 The presence of this element signals the fact this endpoint will care about a SOAP header
 2787 entry **/osci:MsgTimeStamps/osci:ObsoleteAfter**.

2788 **/wsp:Policy/osci:ObsoleteAfterAssertion/@PolicyRef ?**

2789 This optional attribute of type **xs:anyURI** MAY be provided and carry a link to i.e. human
 2790 readable policies describing terms and conditions about deletion of messages marked to
 2791 be obsolete meanwhile.

2792 **/wsp:Policy/osci:ObsoleteAfterAssertion/MsgRetainDays ?**

2793 This optional element of type **xs:positiveInteger** SHOULD be provided to expose
 2794 the number of days a message still is hold available after the date provided by the
 2795 **.../osci:ObsoleteAfter** entry.

2796 **/wsp:Policy/osci:ObsoleteAfterAssertion/WarningBeforeObsolete ?**

2797 This optional element of type **xs:nonNegativeInteger** SHOULD be provided to
 2798 expose the number of days a warning is generated before the date provided by the
 2799 **.../osci:ObsoleteAfter** entry. Thus, an escalation procedure could be triggered for
 2800 messages seen to be of high importance. How this warning is generated and delivered is
 2801 a matter of implementation of this service and SHOULD be described in the terms and
 2802 conditions policy.²⁵

2803 **/wsp:Policy/osci:MsgLimitsAssertion ?**

²⁵ This warning could i.e. be delivered in the body of an **osci:Request** to the Initiator alike the **FetchNotification** message.

2804 The presence of this element signals the fact this endpoint has restrictions for incoming
2805 messages.

2806 **/wsp:Policy/osci: MsgLimitsAssertion/MaxSize ?**

2807 This optional element of type **xs:positiveInteger** outlines the maximum size in
2808 kilobytes for incoming messages this endpoint accepts.

2809 If an incoming message exceeds this limit, it **MUST** be withdrawn and a fault **MUST** be
2810 returned to the targeting node:

2811	Fault 14: MsgSizeLimitExceeded
2812	[Code] Sender
2813	[Subcode] MsgSizeLimitExceeded
2814	[Reason] Message size exceeds policy

2815 **/wsp:Policy/osci: MsgLimitsAssertion/MaxPerHour ?**

2816 This optional element of type **xs:positiveInteger** outline the maximum amount in of
2817 messages accepted per hour from the same originating node²⁶.

2818 If an incoming messages originated from the same targeting node exceed this limit, the
2819 message **MUST** be withdrawn and a fault **MUST** be returned to the targeting node:

2820	Fault 15: MsgFrequencyLimitExceeded
2821	[Code] Sender
2822	[Subcode] MsgFrequencyLimitExceeded
2823	[Reason] Message frequency per hour exceeds policy

2824 10.3 WS Addressing Metadata and WS MakeConnection

2825 Hence the use of WS-Addressing is mandatory for OSCI, an endpoint policy **MUST** contain WS-
2826 Addressing properties described here in terms of WS-Addressing Metadata [WSAM] .

2827 Following policy assertions **MUST** be bound to the **wsld11:port** (WSDL 2.0: endpoints) or
2828 **wsdl11:binding** endpoint policy subjects which accept messages of type osci:Request; WS
2829 MakeConnection is not supported in this case:

```
2830 <wsp:Policy wsu:Id="xs:ID" ?>
2831   <wsam:Addressing>
2832     <wsp:Policy/> ?
2833   </wsam:Addressing>
2834 </wsp:Policy>
```

2835 This policy ascertains the use of WS-Addressing and that the endpoint requires request messages to
2836 use response endpoint EPRs that contain something other than the anonymous URI as the value in
2837 the SOAP header element **/wsa:ReplyTo/wsa:Address**.

```
2838 <wsp:Policy wsu:Id="xs:ID" ?>
2839   <wsmc:MCSupported/>
2840 </wsp:Policy> ?
```

2842 This policy assertion **MUST** only be used, if WS MakeConnection is supported by this endpoint (see
2843 chapter [6.2]). In this case, the value of **/wsa:ReplyTo/wsa:Address** **MUST** be the WS-MC
2844 anonymous URI template

²⁶ No further details defined here, it is left to implementations how to define appropriate count starting and reset points

2845 **http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsmc/200702/anonymous?id={unique-String}.**

2846 Following policy assertions MUST be bound to **wsdl11:ports** (WSDL 2.0: endpoints) or
 2847 **wsdl11:binding** policy subjects accepting messages for MsgBox access - these are the message
 2848 of type MsgBoxFetchRequest, MsgBoxStatusListRequest, MsgBoxGetNextRequest and
 2849 MsgBoxCloseRequest:

```
2850 <wsp:Policy wsu:Id="xs:ID" ?>
2851   <wsam:Addressing>
2852     <wsp:Policy>
2853       <wsam:AnonymousResponses/>
2854     </wsp:Policy>
2855   </wsam:Addressing>
2856 </wsp:Policy>
```

2857 This policy ascertains the use of WS-Addressing and that the endpoint requires request messages to
 2858 use response endpoint EPRs that carry an URI value of

2859 **"http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous"**

2860 in the SOAP header element **/wsa:ReplyTo/wsa:Address**.

2861 10.4 WS Reliable Messaging Policy Assertions

2862 Support of WS Reliable Messaging is an optional feature of conformant implementations. If supported,
 2863 adequate policy assertions SHOULD be used to ascertain the details of reliable messaging exchange.
 2864 We refer to the specification WS Reliable Messaging Policy Assertions Version 1.1 [WSRMP] in this
 2865 point with no further profiling.

2866 10.5 MTOM Policy Assertion

2867 The SOAP Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism [MTOM] MUST be supported by
 2868 conformant implementations. The MTOM policy assertion MUST be attached to either a
 2869 **wsdl11:binding** or **wsdl11:port** endpoint policy subject. It is expressed as

```
2870 <wsp:Policy wsu:Id="xs:ID" ?>
2871   <wspmtom:OptimizedMimeSerialization/>
2872 </wsp:Policy> ?
```

2873 We refer to the specification draft [MTOMP].

2874 10.6 WS Security Profile and Policy Assertions

2875 10.6.1 Endpoint Policy Subject Assertions

2876 10.6.1.1 Symmetric Binding

2877 The symmetric binding assertion defines details of message protection by means of WS-Security
 2878 [WSS]. In both directions from the Initiator to the Recipient or his MsgBox instance and backwards the
 2879 same security tokens are used for transport level encryption and signature.

2880 According to [WSSP], this assertion SHOULD apply to the endpoint policy subject **wsdl11:binding**;
 2881 it MAY apply to operation policy subject **wsdl11:binding/wsdl11:operation**.

2882 Requirements outlined in this document for message security lead to following restrictions of overall
 2883 options defined by WS Security Policy (see [WSSP], chapter 7.4).

2884 As described in chapter [7.5, R0600], SAML Token issued by STS instances MUST be used, which
 2885 here leads to:

2886 **R1230** - This profiling restricts to the usage of **wssp:ProtectionToken**; distinct
 2887 **wssp:EncryptionToken** and **wssp:SignatureToken** MUST NOT be used.

2888 **10.6.1.2 Asymmetric Binding**

2889 For the asymmetric binding, public keys of X.509v3 certificates are used as security tokens. The
2890 support of this binding is OPTIONAL; it MUST be used in case of anonymous access is supported as
2891 described in chapter [6.2].

2892 According to [WSSP], this assertion SHOULD apply to the endpoint policy subject **wsdl11:binding**;
2893 it MAY apply to operation policy subject **wsdl11:binding/wsdl11:operation**.

2894 Used certificates MUST have the according key usage set; R0610 and R0620 (see chapter [7.4])
2895 apply here and in addition:

2896 **R1240** - The node a message is targeted to MUST verify the validity of certificates used for
2897 encryption; in case a value other than valid at time of usage is stated, the message MUST
2898 be discarded and a fault MUST be generated.

2899 Fault 16: **EncryptionCertNotValid**

2900 [Code] Sender

2901 [Subcode] EncryptionCertNotValid

2902 [Reason] Encryption certificate not stated to be valid

2903 More information about the certificate validation results SHOULD be provided in the fault
2904 [Details] property in this case. It is strongly RECOMMENDED to log such faults to be able
2905 to detect possible security violation attacks.

2906 In the context with certificates used by a Recipient oder his MsgBox node as described in the chapter
2907 [10.2.1], the assertions **/wssp:RecipientEncryptionToken** and
2908 **/wssp:RecipientSignatureToken** SHOULD point to the according certificate entries in in the
2909 Recipients metadata file.

2910 **10.6.1.3 Transport Binding**

2911 The transport binding MAY be used in scenarios in which message protection and security correlation
2912 is provided by means other than WS-Security. We restrict to HTTPS here:

2913 **R1250** - HTTPS MUST be used, if message protection is provided by the underlying transport
2914 protocol.

2915 This assertion MUST apply to the endpoint policy subject **wsdl11:binding**.

2916 **10.6.2 Message Policy Subject Assertions**

2917 [WSSP] offers policy statements for directions, which message parts must be present and which
2918 message parts have to be signed and encrypted. For the here presented profiling, assertions on the
2919 SOAP header and body block level are REQUIRED, assertions on element level according to [WSSP]
2920 MAY be used in addition.

2921 Following outlines only show the syntax of these assertions; following requirement applies:

2922 **R1260** - Concrete instances MUST enumerate the header and body blocks marked as mandatory
2923 for presence, to be signed and/or encrypted according to definitions made per message
2924 type in chapter [9, Constituents of OSCI Message Types].

2925 Required message parts policy assertion:

```
2926 <wsp:Policy>
2927   <wsp:ALL>
2928     <wssp:RequiredParts xmlns:wssp="..." ... >
2929       <wssp:Header Name="xs:NCName"? Namespace="xs:anyURI" ... /> +
2930     </wssp:RequiredParts>
2931   </wsp:ALL>
2932 </wsp:Policy>
```

2933 Signed message parts policy assertion:

```

2934 <wsp:Policy>
2935   <wsp:ALL>
2936     <wssp:SignedParts xmlns:wssp="..." ... >
2937       <wssp:Body />
2938       <wssp:Header Name="xs:NCName"? Namespace="xs:anyURI" ... /> +
2939     </wssp:SignedParts>
2940   </wsp:ALL>
2941 </wsp:Policy>

```

2942 **NOTE:** According to R1230, the SOAP body block always **MUST** be included in the transport
 2943 signature to ensure integrity of coherence with the message header block parts.

2944 Encrypted message parts policy assertion:

```

2945 <wsp:Policy>
2946   <wsp:ALL>
2947     <wssp:EncryptedParts xmlns:wssp="..." ... >
2948       <wssp:Body /> ?
2949       <wssp:Header Name="xs:NCName"? Namespace="xs:anyURI" ... /> *
2950     </wssp:EncryptedParts>
2951   </wsp:ALL>
2952 </wsp:Policy>

```

2953 If potentially unsecured network connections are used for message exchange, following requirement
 2954 applies:

2955 **R1270** - If the Content Data carried in the SOAP body is not encrypted end-to-end, the body block
 2956 **MUST** be transport encrypted.

2957 To include the required SOAP header blocks of the different OSCI message types, following
 2958 requirement applies:

2959 **R1280** - These policy assertions **MUST** be bound to the message policy subject:

2960 wsdl11:binding/wsdl11:operation/wsdl11:input

2961 respective

2962 wsdl11:binding/wsdl11:operation/wsdl11:output

2963 10.6.3 Algorithm Suite Assertions

2964 In the chapters [7.2.1 and 7.3.2], restrictions are defined to suitable cryptographic algorithms, which
 2965 leads to following restrictions²⁷:

2966 **R1290** - For the symmetric case, following restriction applies for the algorithm suite assertion:

```

2967 <wsp:Policy>
2968   <wssp:AlgorithmSuite>
2969     <wsp:Policy>
2970       ( <wssp:Basic256Sha256 ... /> |
2971         <wssp:Basic192Sha256 ... /> |
2972         <wssp:Basic128Sha256 ... /> |
2973         <wssp:TripleDesSha256 ... /> )
2974     </wsp:Policy>
2975   </wssp:AlgorithmSuite>
2976 </wsp:Policy>

```

2977 **R1300** - For the asymmetric case, following restriction applies for the algorithm suite assertion:

```

2978 <wsp:Policy>
2979   <wssp:AlgorithmSuite>

```

²⁷ As of today, there are not yet algorithm identifier assertions defined for SHA512 and RIPEMD160. As these are recommended algorithms, this will be aligned with the responsible OASIS TC and completed as soon as possible by corrigenda for this document.

```
2980 <wsp:Policy>
2981   ( <wssp:Basic256Sha256Rsa15 ... /> |
2982     <wssp:Basic192Sha256Rsa15 ... /> |
2983     <wssp:Basic128Sha256Rsa15 ... /> |
2984     <wssp:TripleDesSha256Rsa15 ... /> )
2985   </wsp:Policy>
2986 </wssp:AlgorithmSuite>
2987 </wsp:Policy>
```

2988 The scope of these assertions is defined by its containing assertion.

2989 **R1310** - Algorithm suite assertions MUST at least be included in assertions bound to the the
2990 endpoint policy subject **wsdl11:binding**. In addition, variations MAY be bound to
2991 subsidiary policy subjects to express specific requirements.

11 Applying End-to-end Encryption and Digital Signatures on Content Data

Predominant for OSCI is exchange of data in an authentic, confidential manner with support for legal binding. Hence, functionalities are needed for Content Data end-to-end encryption and decryption, application of digital signatures to Content Data and signature validation.

To ensure interoperability and conformance with the EC-Directive on Digital Signatures as well the German Signature Law and -Ordinance and underlying technical specifications, these optional functionalities – if provided – MUST be realized conformant to the "Common PKI Specifications for Interoperable Applications, Part 7: Signature API" [COMPKI]. This specification is a subset of the "eCard-API Framework" [eCardAPI], based on standards worked out by the OASIS Digital Signature Services Technical Committee [DSS].

The Common PKI Signature API defines an XML interface for – among others – following functions:

- SignRequest
- VerifyRequest
- EncryptRequest
- DecryptRequest.

API bindings are defined for C and Java; on base of the XML definitions the defined functions could also be realized as services provided by an OSCI Gateway implementation.

To use the OSCI-feature of certificate validation on the message route, messages producing instances SHOULD supply certificates used for cryptographical operations on Content Data level in a structure described as "X.509-Token Container" in chapter [8.4.1]. This container must be carried in a message as custom SOAP header block.

On the message consuming side, the resulting custom SOAP headers **/xkms:ValidateResponse** SHOULD be used to simplify signature verification, as the burden of connecting to CAs is delegated to specialized nodes on the message route. See chapter [8.4] for details.

3017 12 Indices

3018 12.1 Tables

3019	Table 1: Referenced Namespaces.....	9
3020	Table 2: Predefined business scenario types.....	15
3021	Table 3: Defined URIs for the WS Addressing Action element.....	18
3022	Table 4: Digest method: allowed algorithm identifiers.....	21
3023	Table 5: Signature method: allowed algorithm identifiers.....	21
3024	Table 6: Symmetric encryption algorithms.....	25
3025	Table 7: Security token types – support requirements.....	25
3026	Table 8: Predefined business scenario types.....	47
3027	Table 9: OSCI X.509-Token usages.....	82
3028	Table 10: SOAP/OSCI roles assigned to token usages.....	83
3029		

3030 12.2 Pictures

3031	Figure 1: Request Security Token Message.....	29
3032	Figure 2: Request Security Token, Body for Issue Request.....	30
3033	Figure 3: Request Security Token Response Message.....	32
3034	Figure 4: Request Security Token, Body for Issue Response.....	33
3035	Figure 5: SAML 2.0 Assertion constituents.....	34
3036	Figure 6: RST for OneTimeToken.....	38
3037	Figure 7: RSTR for OneTimeToken.....	39
3038	Figure 8: osci:Request header and body block assembly.....	69
3039	Figure 9: osci:Response header and body block assembly.....	71
3040	Figure 10: MsgBoxFetchRequest header and body block assembly.....	73
3041	Figure 11: MsgBoxStatusListRequest header and body block assembly.....	74
3042	Figure 12: MsgBoxResponse header and body block assembly.....	75
3043	Figure 13: MsgBoxGetNextRequest header and body block assembly.....	76
3044	Figure 14: MsgBoxClose header and body block assembly.....	77

3045 12.3 OSCI specific faults

3046	Fault 1: ProcessingException.....	12
3047	Fault 2: AddrWrongActionURI.....	18
3048	Fault 3: AddrWrongTypeOfBusinessScenario.....	18
3049	Fault 4: AuthnCertNotValid.....	26

3050	Fault 5: AuthnCertInvalidKeyUsage	26
3051	Fault 6: AuthnSecurityLevelInsufficient	28
3052	Fault 7: AuthnTokenFormalMismatch	36
3053	Fault 8: MsgBoxRequestWrongReference.....	52
3054	Fault 9: QualTSPServiceNotAvailable.....	58
3055	Fault 10: MsgBodyDecryptionError	60
3056	Fault 11: SignatureOfReceiptInvalid.....	63
3057	Fault 12: SignatureOfValidateResultInvalid.....	67
3058	Fault 13: MsgHeaderStructureSchemaViolation	67
3059	Fault 14: MsgSizeLimitExceeded.....	86
3060	Fault 15: MsgFrequencyLimitExceeded.....	86
3061	Fault 16: EncryptionCertNotValid	88
3062		

3063 12.4 Listings

3064	Listing 1: ExampleEndpointOSCIPolicy.xml.....	104
3065	Listing 2: Example XML Signature	106
3066		

13 References

13.1 Normative

- [AlgCat] Bekanntmachung zur elektronischen Signatur nach dem Signaturgesetz und der Signaturverordnung (Übersicht über geeignete Algorithmen), Bundesnetzagentur für Elektrizität, Gas, Telekommunikation, Post und Eisenbahnen, 17. November 2008, <http://www.bundesnetzagentur.de/media/archive/14953.pdf>
- [COMPKI] Common PKI Specifications for interoperable Applications, Version 2.0, 20 January 2009; http://www.common-pki.org/uploads/media/Common-PKI_v2.0.pdf
- [eCardAPI] Das eCard-API-Framework (BSI TR-03112). Version 1.0, Federal Office for Information Security (Bundesamt für Sicherheit in der Informationstechnik), March 2008, <http://www.bsi.de/literat/tr/tr03112/index.htm>
- [DSS] Digital Signature Service Core - Protocols, Elements, and Bindings Version 1.0, OASIS Standard, 11 April 2007; <http://www.oasis-open.org/specs/index.php#dssv1.0>
- [MTOM] SOAP Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism, W3C Recommendation 25 January 2005, <http://www.w3.org/TR/soap12-mtom/>
- [MTOMP] MTOM Policy Assertion 1.1, W3C Working Draft 18 September 2007, <http://www.w3.org/TR/soap12-mtom-policy/>
- [PKCS#1] B. Kaliski, J. Staddon: PKCS #1: RSA Cryptography Specifications – Version 2.0, IETF RFC 2437, The Internet Society October 1998, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2437.txt>
- [RFC2119] S. Bradner, **Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels**, RFC 2119, Harvard University, March 1997, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>
- [RFC2396] T. Berners-Lee, R. Fielding, U.C. Irvine, L. Masiner, Uniform Ressource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax, RFC 2396, The Internet Society 1998; <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2396.txt>
- [RFC3161] D. Pinkas, R. Zuccherato, Time-Stamp Protocol (TSP), IETF RFC 1661, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3161.txt>
- [RFC4122] A Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace, The Internet Engineering Task Force July 2005, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4122.txt>
- [SAFE] S.A.F.E. (Secure Access to Federated e-Justice/e-Government) / D.I.M. (Distributed Identity Management), Unterarbeitsgruppe SAFE der BLK Arbeitsgruppe ITStandards in der Justiz, April 2008, http://www.justiz.de/ERV/Grob-_und_Feinkonzept/index.php
- [SAMLAC] Authentication Context for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) V2.0, OASIS Standard, 15 March 2005, <http://docs.oasis-open.org/security/saml/v2.0/saml-authn-context-2.0-os.pdf>
- [SAML1] Assertions and Protocol for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML) V1.2, OASIS Standard, 2 September 2003, <http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/3406/oasis-sstc-saml-core-1.1.pdf>

3110	[SAML2]	Assertions and Protocol for the OASIS Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML)
3111		V2.0, OASIS Standard, 15 March 2005; http://docs.oasis-
3112		open.org/security/saml/v2.0/saml-core-2.0-os.pdf
3113	[SOAP12]	SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework (Second Edition), W3C
3114		Recommendation 27 April 2007, http://www.w3.org/TR/soap12-part1/
3115	[WSA]	Web Services Addressing 1.0 - Core, W3C Recommendation 9 May 2006,
3116		http://www.w3.org/TR/2006/REC-ws-addr-core-20060509/
3117	[WSAM]	Web Services Addressing 1.0 - Metadata, W3C Proposed Recommendation 31 July
3118		2007, http://www.w3.org/TR/ws-addr-metadata/
3119	[WSASOAP]	Web Services Addressing 1.0 – SOAP Binding, W3C Recommendation 9 May 2006,
3120		http://www.w3.org/TR/2006/REC-ws-addr-soap-20060509/
3121	[WSAW]	Web Services Addressing 1.0 – WSDL Binding, W3C Candidate Recommendation 29
3122		May 2006, http://www.w3.org/TR/ws-addr-wsdl/
3123	[WSDL20]	Web Services Description Language (WSDL) Version 2.0 Part 1: Core Language,
3124		W3C Recommendation 26 June 2007, http://www.w3.org/TR/wsdl20/
3125	[WSDL11]	Web Services Description Language (WSDL) 1.1: W3C Note 15 March 2001,
3126		http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/NOTE-wsdl-20010315
3127	[WSDLA]	Web Services Description Language (WSDL) Version 2.0 Part 2: Adjuncts, W3C
3128		Recommendation 26 June 2007, http://www.w3.org/TR/2007/REC-wsdl20-
3129		adjuncts-20070626/
3130	[WSF]	Web Services Federation Language (WS-Federation), Version 1.1, December 2006,
3131		http://specs.xmlsoap.org/ws/2006/12/federation/ws-
3132		federation.pdf
3133	[WSI-Basic]	WS-I Basic Profile 2.0, Working Group Draft, 2007-10-25, WEB SERVICES
3134		INTEROPERABILITY ORGANIZATION, http://www.ws-
3135		i.org/Profiles/BasicProfile-2_0(WGD).html
3136	[WSI-BP11]	WS-I Basic Profile 1.1, Final Material, 2006-04-10, WEB SERVICES
3137		INTEROPERABILITY ORGANIZATION, http://www.ws-
3138		i.org/Profiles/BasicProfile-1.1.html
3139	[WSI-BSP11]	WS-I Basic Security Profile Version 1.1, Final Material, 2010-01-24, WEB SERVICES
3140		INTEROPERABILITY ORGANIZATION, http://www.ws-
3141		i.org/Profiles/BasicSecurityProfile-1.1.html
3142	[WSMC]	Web Services Make Connection (WS MakeConnection), Version 1.0, OASIS
3143		Standard, 14 June 2007, http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-
3144		rx/wsmc/200702/wsmc-1.0-spec-os-01.pdf
3145	[WSPA]	Web Services Policy 1.5 - Attachment, W3C Recommendation, 4 September 2007;
3146		http://www.w3.org/TR/2007/REC-ws-policy-attach-20070904/
3147	[WSPF]	Web Services Policy 1.5 - Framework, W3C Recommendation, 4 September 2007;
3148		http://www.w3.org/TR/2007/REC-ws-policy-20070904/
3149	[WSRM]	Web Services Reliable Messaging (WS-ReliableMessaging) Version 1.1, OASIS
3150		Standard Specification incorporating approved Errata, 07 January 2008,
3151		http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrmp/200702/wsrmp-1.1-spec-os-
3152		01-e1.pdf
3153	[WSRMP]	Web Services Reliable Messaging Policy Assertion (WS-RM Policy) Version 1.1
3154		OASIS Standard Specification incorporating approved Errata, 07 January 2008,

3155		http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-rx/wsrmp/200702/wsrmp-1.1-spec-os-01-e1.pdf
3156		
3157	[WSS]	Web Services Security: SOAP Message Security 1.1 (WS-Security 2004), OASIS Standard incorporating Approved Errata, 01 November 2006, http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/v1.1/wss-v1.1-spec-errata-os-SOAPMessageSecurity.pdf
3158		
3159		
3160		
3161	[WSSC]	Web Services Secure Conversation 1.3, OASIS Standard, 1 March 2007, http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-secureconversation/200512/ws-secureconversation-1.3-os.pdf
3162		
3163		
3164	[WSSP]	WS-SecurityPolicy 1.2, OASIS Standard 1 July 2007, http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-securitypolicy/200702/ws-securitypolicy-1.2-spec-os.pdf
3165		
3166		
3167	[WSSKERB]	Web Services Security Kerberos Token Profile 1.1, OASIS Standard Specification, incorporating Approved Errata, 1 November 2006, http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/v1.1/wss-v1.1-spec-errata-os-KerberosTokenProfile.pdf
3168		
3169		
3170		
3171	[WSSSAML]	Web Services Security SAML Token Profile 1.1, OASIS Standard Specification incorporating Approved Errata, 1 November 2006, http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/v1.1/wss-v1.1-spec-errata-os-SAMLTOKENProfile.pdf
3172		
3173		
3174	[WSSUSER]	Web Services Security Username Token Profile 1.1, OASIS Standard Specification, 1 February 2006, http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/download.php/16782/wss-v1.1-spec-os-UsernameTokenProfile.pdf
3175		
3176		
3177		
3178	[WSSX509]	Web Services Security X.509 Certificate Token Profile 1.1, OASIS Standard Specification, incorporating Approved Errata, 1 November 2006, http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/v1.1/wss-v1.1-spec-errata-os-x509TokenProfile.pdf
3179		
3180		
3181		
3182	[WST]	WS-Trust 1.3, OASIS Standard, 19 March 2007, http://docs.oasis-open.org/ws-sx/ws-trust/200512/ws-trust-1.3-os.pdf
3183		
3184	[XAdES]	European Telecommunications Standards Institute. ETSI TS 101 903: XML Advanced Electronic Signatures, V1.3.2 2006-03; http://webapp.etsi.org/action/PU/20060307/ts_101903v010302p.pdf
3185		
3186		
3187		.
3188	[XENC]	World Wide Web Consortium. XML Encryption Syntax and Processing, W3C Recommendation, 10.12.2002; http://www.w3.org/TR/2002/REC-xmlenc-core-20021210/
3189		
3190		
3191	[XKMS]	XML Key Management Specification (XKMS 2.0) v2, W3C Recommendation, 28 June 2005, http://www.w3.org/TR/2005/REC-xkms2-20050628/
3192		
3193	[XKMSEU]	PEPPOL XKMS v2 Interface Specification, Version 1.2, PEPPOL WP1 2009-04-30, copy at http://www.osci.eu/transport/osci2/specification/PEPPOL_D1.1_v1.2_XKMSInterfaceSpecification
3194		
3195		
3196	[XMLDSIG]	World Wide Web Consortium. XML-Signature Syntax and Processing (Second Edition), W3C Recommendation, 10 June 2008; http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlsig-core/
3197		
3198		
3199	[XMLSchema]	World Wide Web Consortium. XML Schema, Parts 0, 1, and 2 (Second Edition). W3C Recommendation, 28 October 2004; http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-0/ , http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-1/ , and http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema-2/
3200		
3201		
3202		

- 3203 [XML 1.0] World Wide Web Consortium. Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Fourth
3204 Edition), T. Bray, J. Paoli, C. M. Sperberg-McQueen, and E. Maler, Editors. 10
3205 February 1998, revised 16 August 2006; [http://www.w3.org/TR/2006/REC-
3206 xml-20060816/](http://www.w3.org/TR/2006/REC-xml-20060816/)
- 3207 [XPath 1.0] W3C Recommendation, "[XML Path Language \(XPath\) Version 1.0](http://www.w3.org/TR/xpath)," 16
3208 November 1999; <http://www.w3.org/TR/xpath>

3209 **13.2 Informative**

- 3210 [WSFED] Web Services Federation Language (WS-Federation), Version 1.2, latest TC/Editor
3211 Draft see: [http://www.oasis-
3212 open.org/committees/documents.php?wg_abbrev=wsfed](http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/documents.php?wg_abbrev=wsfed)
- 3213 [WSMEX] Web Services Metadata Exchange, Version 1.1, W3C Member Submission 13 August
3214 2008, [http://www.w3.org/Submission/2008/SUBM-WS-
3215 MetadataExchange-20080813/](http://www.w3.org/Submission/2008/SUBM-WS-MetadataExchange-20080813/)

Appendix A. Schema

OSCI Transport 2.0 Schema

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
  xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
  xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
  xmlns:osci="http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport" xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-
  open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"
  xmlns:s12="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
  xmlns:wsp="http://www.w3.org/ns/ws-policy"
  targetNamespace="http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport"
  elementFormDefault="qualified" attributeFormDefault="unqualified">
  <!--OSCI Transport Version 2.0 schema - last edited by Joerg Apitzsch/bos as of
  2010-04-07-->
  <!--xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing" schemaLocation="ws-
  addr.xsd"/-->
  <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"
  schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2006/03/addressing/ws-addr.xsd"/>
  <!--xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
  schemaLocation="xmldsig-core-schema.xsd"/-->
  <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"
  schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/TR/xmldsig-core/xmldsig-core-schema.xsd"/>
  <!--xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
  schemaLocation="soap-envelope.xsd"/-->
  <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
  schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"/>
  <!--xs:import namespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-
  wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd" schemaLocation="oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-
  1.0.xsd"/-->
  <xs:import namespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-
  wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd" schemaLocation="http://docs.oasis-
  open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-utility-1.0.xsd"/>
  <!--xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/ns/ws-policy" schemaLocation="ws-
  policy.xsd"/-->
  <xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/ns/ws-policy"
  schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2007/02/ws-policy.xsd"/>
  <!--xs:import namespace="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-
  wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd" schemaLocation="oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-
  1.0.xsd"/-->
  <!--WSA-Extension: BusinessScenarioType-->
  <xs:complexType name="TypeOfBusinessScenarioType">
    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:extension base="xs:anyURI">
        <xs:attribute ref="wsa:IsReferenceParameter" use="optional"/>
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:simpleContent>
  </xs:complexType>
  <xs:element name="TypeOfBusinessScenario" type="osci:TypeOfBusinessScenarioType"/>
  <!--General header-part of OSCI messages: timestamps-->
  <xs:complexType name="MsgTimeStampsType">
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="ObsoleteAfter" type="xs:date" minOccurs="0">
        <xs:annotation>
          <xs:documentation>Date, when this message is obsolete; may be set by
  Initiator</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
      </xs:element>
      <xs:element name="Delivery" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0">
        <xs:annotation>
          <xs:documentation>Time of entry in a Recipient MsgBox</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
      </xs:element>
      <xs:element name="InitialFetch" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0">
        <xs:annotation>
          <xs:documentation>Time of first comitted fetch from MsgBox by the
  Recipient</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
      </xs:element>
      <xs:element name="Reception" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0">
        <xs:annotation>
          <xs:documentation>Reception Time set by the Recipient</xs:documentation>
        </xs:annotation>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>

```

```

3289     </xs:sequence>
3290     <xs:attribute ref="wsu:Id" use="required"/>
3291   </xs:complexType>
3292   <xs:element name="MsgTimeStamps" type="osci:MsgTimeStampsType"/>
3293   <!--Types and Elements for MsgBox request/responses-->
3294   <xs:annotation>
3295     <xs:documentation>Template for MsgBox-Requests</xs:documentation>
3296   </xs:annotation>
3297   <xs:complexType name="MsgBoxRequestType">
3298     <xs:sequence>
3299       <xs:element ref="wsa:EndpointReference"/>
3300       <xs:element ref="osci:MsgSelector" minOccurs="0"/>
3301     </xs:sequence>
3302   </xs:complexType>
3303   <xs:simpleType name="MsgBoxReasonEnum">
3304     <xs:restriction base="xs:anyURI">
3305       <xs:enumeration value="http://www.osci.eu/transport/MsgBox/reasons/NoMatch"/>
3306       <xs:enumeration
3307         value="http://www.osci.eu/transport/MsgBox/reasons/SearchArgsInvalid"/>
3308       <xs:enumeration
3309         value="http://www.osci.eu/transport/MsgBox/reasons/RequestIdInvalid"/>
3310     </xs:restriction>
3311   </xs:simpleType>
3312   <xs:simpleType name="MsgBoxReasonOpenEnum">
3313     <xs:union memberTypes="osci:MsgBoxReasonEnum xs:anyURI"/>
3314   </xs:simpleType>
3315   <xs:complexType name="MsgBoxResponseType">
3316     <xs:choice>
3317       <xs:element name="NoMessageAvailable">
3318         <xs:complexType>
3319           <xs:attribute name="reason" type="osci:MsgBoxReasonOpenEnum"/>
3320         </xs:complexType>
3321       </xs:element>
3322       <xs:element name="ItemsPending" type="xs:nonNegativeInteger"/>
3323     </xs:choice>
3324     <xs:attribute ref="osci:MsgBoxRequestID" use="required"/>
3325     <xs:attribute ref="wsu:Id"/>
3326   </xs:complexType>
3327   <xs:complexType name="MsgAttributeListType">
3328     <xs:sequence>
3329       <xs:element ref="wsa:MessageID"/>
3330       <xs:element ref="wsa:RelatesTo" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
3331       <xs:element ref="wsa:From" minOccurs="0"/>
3332       <xs:element ref="osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario"/>
3333       <xs:element name="MsgSize" type="xs:int"/>
3334       <!--xs:element ref="osci:MsgTimeStamps"/-->
3335       <xs:element name="ObsoleteAfterDate" type="xs:date" minOccurs="0"/>
3336       <xs:element name="DeliveryTime" type="xs:dateTime"/>
3337       <xs:element name="InitialFetchTime" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0"/>
3338     </xs:sequence>
3339   </xs:complexType>
3340   <xs:attribute name="MsgBoxRequestID" type="xs:anyURI"/>
3341   <xs:element name="MsgSelector">
3342     <xs:complexType>
3343       <xs:sequence minOccurs="0">
3344         <xs:element ref="wsa:MessageID" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
3345         <xs:element ref="wsa:RelatesTo" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
3346         <xs:element name="MsgBoxEntryTimeFrom" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0"/>
3347         <xs:element name="MsgBoxEntryTimeTo" type="xs:dateTime" minOccurs="0"/>
3348         <xs:element name="Extension" type="xs:anyType" minOccurs="0"/>
3349       </xs:sequence>
3350       <xs:attribute name="newEntry" type="xs:boolean"/>
3351     </xs:complexType>
3352   </xs:element>
3353   <xs:element name="MsgStatusList" type="osci:MsgStatusListType"/>
3354   <xs:complexType name="MsgStatusListType">
3355     <xs:sequence>
3356       <xs:element name="MsgAttributes" type="osci:MsgAttributeListType"
3357         maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
3358     </xs:sequence>
3359   </xs:complexType>
3360   <xs:element name="MsgBoxFetchRequest" type="osci:MsgBoxRequestType"/>
3361   <xs:element name="MsgBoxStatusListRequest"
3362     type="osci:MsgBoxStatusListRequestType"/>
3363   <xs:complexType name="MsgBoxStatusListRequestType">
3364     <xs:complexContent>
3365       <xs:extension base="osci:MsgBoxRequestType">
3366         <xs:attribute name="maxListItems" type="xs:positiveInteger"/>
3367       </xs:extension>

```

```

3368     </xs:complexContent>
3369 </xs:complexType>
3370 <xs:element name="MsgBoxResponse" type="osci:MsgBoxResponseType"/>
3371 <xs:element name="MsgBoxGetNextRequest" type="osci:MsgBoxGetNextRequestType"/>
3372 <xs:complexType name="MsgBoxGetNextRequestType">
3373   <xs:sequence minOccurs="0">
3374     <xs:element name="LastMsgReceived" type="wsa:AttributedURIType"
3375 maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
3376   </xs:sequence>
3377   <xs:attribute ref="osci:MsgBoxRequestID" use="required"/>
3378 </xs:complexType>
3379 <xs:element name="MsgBoxCloseRequest" type="osci:MsgBoxCloseRequestType"/>
3380 <xs:complexType name="MsgBoxCloseRequestType">
3381   <xs:sequence minOccurs="0">
3382     <xs:element name="LastMsgReceived" type="wsa:AttributedURIType"
3383 maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
3384   </xs:sequence>
3385   <xs:attribute ref="osci:MsgBoxRequestID" use="required"/>
3386 </xs:complexType>
3387 <!--Types and Elements for Receipt- and Notification Handling-->
3388 <xs:attribute name="qualTSPForReceipt" type="xs:boolean" default="false"/>
3389 <xs:attribute name="echoRequest" type="xs:boolean" default="false"/>
3390 <xs:complexType name="ReceiptDemandType">
3391   <xs:sequence>
3392     <xs:element ref="wsa:ReplyTo"/>
3393   </xs:sequence>
3394   <xs:attribute ref="wsu:Id" use="required"/>
3395   <xs:attribute ref="s12:role"/>
3396   <xs:attribute ref="osci:qualTSPForReceipt"/>
3397   <xs:attribute ref="osci:echoRequest"/>
3398 </xs:complexType>
3399 <xs:element name="DeliveryReceiptDemand" type="osci:DeliveryReceiptDemandType"/>
3400 <xs:element name="ReceptionReceiptDemand" type="osci:ReceptionReceiptDemandType"/>
3401 <xs:element name="ReceiptInfo" type="osci:ReceiptInfoType"/>
3402 <xs:complexType name="ReceiptInfoType">
3403   <xs:sequence>
3404     <xs:element ref="wsa:MessageID"/>
3405     <xs:element ref="osci:MsgTimeStamps"/>
3406     <xs:element ref="wsa:RelatesTo" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
3407     <xs:element name="To" type="wsa:EndpointReferenceType"/>
3408     <xs:element ref="wsa:From" minOccurs="0"/>
3409     <xs:element ref="wsa:ReplyTo"/>
3410     <xs:element name="RequestEcho" type="xs:base64Binary" minOccurs="0"/>
3411   </xs:sequence>
3412   <xs:attribute name="Id" type="xs:ID" use="required"/>
3413   <xs:attribute name="ReceiptIssuerRole" use="optional">
3414     <xs:simpleType>
3415       <xs:restriction base="xs:anyURI">
3416         <xs:enumeration value="http://www.osci.eu/2008/transport/roles/MsgBox"/>
3417         <xs:enumeration value="http://www.osci.eu/2008/transport/roles/Recipient"/>
3418       </xs:restriction>
3419     </xs:simpleType>
3420   </xs:attribute>
3421 </xs:complexType>
3422 <xs:complexType name="DeliveryReceiptDemandType">
3423   <xs:complexContent>
3424     <xs:restriction base="osci:ReceiptDemandType">
3425       <xs:sequence>
3426         <xs:element ref="wsa:ReplyTo"/>
3427       </xs:sequence>
3428       <xs:attribute ref="s12:role" fixed="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-
3429 envelope/role/next"/>
3430     </xs:restriction>
3431   </xs:complexContent>
3432 </xs:complexType>
3433 <xs:complexType name="ReceptionReceiptDemandType">
3434   <xs:complexContent>
3435     <xs:restriction base="osci:ReceiptDemandType">
3436       <xs:sequence>
3437         <xs:element ref="wsa:ReplyTo"/>
3438       </xs:sequence>
3439       <xs:attribute ref="s12:role" fixed="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-
3440 envelope/role/ultimateReceiver"/>
3441     </xs:restriction>
3442   </xs:complexContent>
3443 </xs:complexType>
3444 <xs:complexType name="DeliveryReceiptType">
3445   <xs:sequence>
3446     <xs:element ref="osci:ReceiptInfo"/>

```

```

3447     <xs:element ref="ds:Signature"/>
3448   </xs:sequence>
3449   <xs:attribute ref="wsu:Id" use="required"/>
3450 </xs:complexType>
3451 <xs:element name="DeliveryReceipt" type="osci:DeliveryReceiptType"/>
3452 <xs:complexType name="ReceptionReceiptType">
3453   <xs:sequence>
3454     <xs:element ref="osci:ReceiptInfo"/>
3455     <xs:element ref="ds:Signature"/>
3456   </xs:sequence>
3457   <xs:attribute ref="wsu:Id"/>
3458 </xs:complexType>
3459 <xs:element name="ReceptionReceipt" type="osci:ReceptionReceiptType"/>
3460 <xs:complexType name="FetchedNotificationDemandType">
3461   <xs:sequence>
3462     <xs:element ref="wsa:ReplyTo"/>
3463   </xs:sequence>
3464   <xs:attribute ref="s12:role"
3465 default="http://www.osci.eu/2008/transport/roles/MsgBox"/>
3466   <xs:attribute ref="wsu:Id"/>
3467 </xs:complexType>
3468 <xs:element name="FetchedNotificationDemand"
3469 type="osci:FetchedNotificationDemandType"/>
3470 <xs:complexType name="FetchedNotificationType">
3471   <xs:sequence>
3472     <xs:element name="FetchedTime" type="xs:dateTime"/>
3473     <xs:element ref="wsa:MessageID"/>
3474     <xs:element ref="wsa:To"/>
3475     <xs:element ref="wsa:From"/>
3476   </xs:sequence>
3477 </xs:complexType>
3478 <xs:element name="FetchedNotification" type="osci:FetchedNotificationType"/>
3479 <!-- Extensions for Key usage context -->
3480 <xs:complexType name="X509TokenContainerType">
3481   <xs:sequence maxOccurs="unbounded">
3482     <xs:element ref="osci:X509TokenInfo"/>
3483   </xs:sequence>
3484   <xs:attribute name="validateCompleted" type="xs:boolean" default="false"/>
3485   <xs:attribute ref="wsu:Id"/>
3486   <xs:attribute ref="s12:role"/>
3487 </xs:complexType>
3488 <xs:element name="X509TokenContainer" type="osci:X509TokenContainerType"/>
3489 <xs:element name="X509TokenInfo">
3490   <xs:complexType>
3491     <xs:sequence>
3492       <xs:element ref="ds:X509Data"/>
3493       <xs:element name="TokenApplication" maxOccurs="unbounded">
3494         <xs:complexType>
3495           <xs:sequence>
3496             <xs:element name="TimeInstant" type="xs:dateTime"/>
3497             <xs:element name="MsgItemRef" type="xs:IDREF" minOccurs="0"/>
3498           </xs:sequence>
3499           <xs:attribute name="validateResultRef" type="xs:IDREF"/>
3500           <xs:attribute name="ocspNoCache" type="xs:boolean"/>
3501         </xs:complexType>
3502       </xs:element>
3503     </xs:sequence>
3504     <xs:attribute name="validated" type="xs:boolean" default="false"/>
3505     <xs:attribute name="Id" type="xs:ID" use="required"/>
3506     <!-- RFC 3280 for KeyUsage with Extentensions Attribute Certificate and usage
3507 for Authentication -->
3508   </xs:complexType>
3509   <!-- OSCI Policy Asserstions -->
3510   <!-- Policy qualified Timestamp Servcie available -->
3511 </xs:element>
3512 <!-- Poliy Assertion carrying Endpoints X509Certificates -->
3513 <xs:element name="X509CertificateAssertion">
3514   <xs:complexType>
3515     <xs:sequence>
3516       <xs:element ref="wsp:All"/>
3517     </xs:sequence>
3518   </xs:complexType>
3519 </xs:element>
3520 <!-- Policy, when qualified TSP service can be requested from this node -->
3521 <xs:element name="QualTspAssertion">
3522   <xs:complexType>
3523     <xs:attribute name="PolicyRef" type="xs:anyURI"/>
3524   </xs:complexType>
3525 </xs:element>

```

```

3526 <!--Policy if and how MsgTimeStamps:OsoleteAfter is handled-->
3527 <xs:element name="ObsoleteAfterAssertion">
3528   <xs:complexType>
3529     <xs:sequence>
3530       <xs:element name="MsgRetainDays" type="xs:positiveInteger"/>
3531       <xs:element name="WarningBeforeMsgObsolete" type="xs:positiveInteger"
3532 minOccurs="0"/>
3533     </xs:sequence>
3534     <xs:attribute name="PolicyRef" type="xs:anyURI"/>
3535   </xs:complexType>
3536 </xs:element>
3537 <!--Poliy for MakeConnection: Response Retention Days-->
3538 <xs:element name="MsgRetainDays" type="xs:positiveInteger"/>
3539 <!--Enumeration for possible X509 Token Usages-->
3540 <xs:attribute name="TokenUsage">
3541   <xs:simpleType>
3542     <xs:restriction base="xs:anyURI">
3543       <xs:enumeration
3544 value="http://www.osci.eu/common/names/TokenUsage/e2eContentEncryption"/>
3545       <xs:enumeration
3546 value="http://www.osci.eu/common/names/TokenUsage/TransportEncryption"/>
3547       <xs:enumeration
3548 value="http://www.osci.eu/common/names/TokenUsage/ReceiptSigning"/>
3549       <xs:enumeration
3550 value="http://www.osci.eu/common/names/TokenUsage/TSPSigning"/>
3551     </xs:restriction>
3552   </xs:simpleType>
3553 </xs:attribute>
3554 <!--Opaque Body Type - not used-->
3555 <!--Policy maximum accepted Message size and Frequency per hour-->
3556 <xs:element name="AcceptedMsgLimits">
3557   <xs:complexType>
3558     <xs:sequence>
3559       <xs:element name="MaxSize" type="xs:positiveInteger"/>
3560       <xs:element name="MaxPerHour" type="xs:positiveInteger"/>
3561     </xs:sequence>
3562   </xs:complexType>
3563 </xs:element>
3564 <xs:complexType name="MessageBody">
3565   <xs:sequence>
3566     <xs:any namespace="##any" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
3567   </xs:sequence>
3568 </xs:complexType>
3569 </xs:schema>

```

Appendix B. Example: OSCI Endpoint Metadata Instance

This example is a policy instance of the schema explained in chapter [10.2]. The encryption and signature certificates exposed in this policy are addressed by URI references; according to [WSS] they could also be embedded in this policy file itself in base64Binary format.

This endpoint exposes different encryption and signature certificates for the MsgBox and Recipient / UltimateRecipient instances. The [ObsoleteAfter] property is handled by this endpoint, while a service for qualified timestamps is not offered.

For readability of policies used in the OSCI Transport context, it is strongly RECOMMENDED generally to use the **wsu:id** attribute values highlighted **bold** in this example, as these policy parts and certificates are referenced by other policies or service instances like a STS (i.e., the latter needs access to the endpoint encryption certificate for appropriate SAML token encryption).

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!-- OSCI specific endpoint metadata / policies -->
<wsp:Policy Name="ExampleEndpointOSCIPolicy"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy/ws-policy.xsd"
  xmlns:wsu="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-
utility-1.0.xsd" xmlns:wsp="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy"
  xmlns:wspmtom="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2004/09/policy/optimizedmimeserializat
ion" xmlns:wss="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-
wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd"
  xmlns:fimac="urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:authenticationcontext"
  xmlns:osci="http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport.xsd"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance">
  <wsp:All>

    <wsp:Policy wsu:id="X509CertificateAssertion">
      <osci:X509CertificateAssertion>
        <wsp:ALL>
          <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="UltimateRecipientEncCert"
wsse:Usage="http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/e2eContentEncryption"
osci:Role="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope/role/ultimateReceiver">
            <wsse:Reference URI="REPLACE WITH ACTUAL URL to UltimateRecipientEncCert"
ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-
profile-1.0#X509v3"/>
          </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
          <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="RecipientSigCert"
wsse:Usage="http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/ReceiptSigning"
osci:Role="http://www.osci.eu/ws/2008/05/transport/role/Recipient">
            <wsse:Reference URI="REPLACE WITH ACTUAL URL to RecipientSigCert"
ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-
profile-1.0#X509v3"/>
          </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
          <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="MsgBoxEncCert"
wsse:Usage="http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/TransportEncryption"
osci:Role="http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/role/MsgBox">
            <wsse:Reference URI="REPLACE WITH ACTUAL URL to MsgBoxEncCert"
ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-
profile-1.0#X509v3"/>
          </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
          <wsse:SecurityTokenReference wsu:id="MsgBoxSigCert"
wsse:Usage="http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/TokenUsage/ReceiptSigning"
osci:Role="http://www.osci.eu/2008/05/common/names/role/MsgBox">
            <wsse:Reference URI="REPLACE WITH ACTUAL URL to MsgBoxSigCert"
ValueType="http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-x509-token-
profile-1.0#X509v3"/>
          </wsse:SecurityTokenReference>
        </wsp:ALL>
      </osci:X509CertificateAssertion>
    </wsp:Policy>

    <wsp:Policy wsu:id="ServicesAssertion">
      <osci:ObsoleteAfterAssertion
PolyRef="http://www.OSCIExmapleEndPoint/MsgRetainPolicy.htm">
```

```
3636     <osci:MsgRetainDays>7</osci:MsgRetainDays>
3637   </osci:ObsoleteAfterAssertion>
3638 </wsp:Policy>
3639
3640   <wsp:Policy wsu:id="AuthLevelPolicy">
3641     <fimac:Authentication>urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:high</fimac:Authenti
3642 cation>
3643     <fimac:Registration>urn:de:egov:names:fim:1.0:securitylevel:veryhigh</fimac:Regist
3644 ration>
3645   </wsp:Policy>
3646 </wsp:All>
3647 </wsp:Policy>
```

3650 Listing 1: ExampleEndpointOSCIPolicy.xml

Appendix C. Example Signature Element

For illustration, following example is given for an instance of such a signature element:

```
<ds:Signature Id="uuid:E57C0006-A629-5767-ED32-2667F1512912">
  <ds:SignedInfo>
    <ds:CanonicalizationMethod Algorithm=
      "http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
    <ds:SignatureMethod Algorithm=
      "http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmldsig-more#rsa-sha256"/>
    <ds:Reference URI="#uuid:97544A28-F042-9457-3286-DD37F6FF7FEA">
      <ds:Transforms>
        <ds:Transform Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
      </ds:Transforms>
      <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256"/>
      <ds:DigestValue>DQrljZZVeewWoXLzLLi/uPqESY2fGscAjVLBxpjKEEnM=</ds:DigestValue>
    </ds:Reference>
    <ds:Reference Id="uuid:4422AB49-BF3E-8521-BD1D-820F2160DDC6"
      Type="http://uri.etsi.org/01903/v1.1.1/#SignedProperties"
      URI="#uuid:5A075139-52E8-CF5E-3A1B-F54B6B1F1025">
      <ds:Transforms>
        <ds:Transform Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
      </ds:Transforms>
      <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256"/>
      <ds:DigestValue >RjwjB12TBumKSvG05Jgelzz6jlllA3t7GUxikLaa8io=</ds:DigestValue>
    </ds:Reference>
  </ds:SignedInfo>
  <ds:SignatureValue>FrPlHt0v/Njnk...8JZV/LE141aSTcLyBxBQ==</ds:SignatureValue>
  <ds:KeyInfo >
    <ds:X509Data >
      <ds:X509Certificate>MIIDHjCCAagAwIBAAIER4...YQya8Q==</ds:X509Certificate>
    </ds:X509Data>
  </ds:KeyInfo>
  <ds:Object>
    <xades:QualifyingProperties Target="#uuid:E57C0006-A629-5767-ED32-2667F1512912">
      <xades:SignedProperties>
        <xades:SignedSignatureProperties
          Id="uuid:5A075139-52E8-CF5E-3A1B-F54B6B1F1025">
          <xades:SigningTime>2008-01-17T18:57:27</xades:SigningTime>
          <xades:SigningCertificate>
            <xades:Cert>
              <xades:CertDigest>
                <ds:DigestMethod Algorithm="http://www.w3.org/2001/04/xmlenc#sha256"/>
                <ds:DigestValue >0uGTT8Gg..oXRjpsKp9BMVBaYid7kzsa4=</ds:DigestValue>
```

```

3693     </xades:CertDigest>
3694     <xades:IssuerSerial>
3695         <ds:X509IssuerName>CN=Apitzsch, OU=QA, O=waycony, L=Hamburg, C=DE
3696     </ds:X509IssuerName>
3697         <ds:X509SerialNumber >1200577645</ds:X509SerialNumber>
3698     </xades:IssuerSerial>
3699 </xades:Cert>
3700 </xades:SigningCertificate>
3701 </xades:SignedSignatureProperties>
3702 </xades:SignedProperties>
3703 <xades:UnsignedProperties>
3704     <xades:UnsignedSignatureProperties>^
3705         <xades:SignatureTimeStamp>
3706             <ds:CanonicalizationMethod Algorithm=
3707                 "http://www.w3.org/2001/10/xml-exc-c14n#" />
3708             <xades:EncapsulatedTimeStamp>0uGKT8Gg..oXRjpsKp9BMVBaYid
3709         </xades:EncapsulatedTimeStamp>
3710     </xades:SignatureTimeStamp>
3711 </xades:UnsignedSignatureProperties>
3712 </xades:UnsignedProperties>
3713 </xades:QualifyingProperties>
3714 </ds:Object>
3715 </ds:Signature>

```

Listing 2: Example XML Signature

urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion

Appendix D. Change History

Edition	as of	Author	Changes made in chapter / Comments
2	July/ August 2009	Apitzsch	5.1 introduced: How to handle unspecific processing errors 5.2 introduced: Fault delivery and logging 6.2, "Anonymous" replaced by "Non addressable" Initiator 6.3 introduced: Addressing faults 8.2.3: @reason attribute in MsgBoxResponse changed to type xs:anyURI with predefines enumerations 7.5: For interoperability reasons, SAML support exented to SAML version 1.1, too 8.2.3.2: wsa:Action discarded from the response body MsgBoxStatusList/MsgAttributeList, as it contains always the same value in a message send to a MsgBox. (Schema change, too, in this point!) 8.2.3.2: MsgAttributeList, typo corrected BusinessScenarioType -> ref to TypeOfBusinessScenario (Schema change, too, in this point!) 8.2.4, schema simplification: Body of MgBoxGetNextRequest needs no EPR (this EPR is already outlined in initial MsgBoxFetch-/MsgBoxStatusListRequest) 8.3.2, schema description fault correction, <osci:ItemsPending> carries no attribute (no schema change necessary!) 8.3.2.1: Discard message, if production of DeliveryReceipts fails 8.3.3: s12:role with cutom value made optional due to current WCF is not strict SOAP12-conformant at this point 8.3.4, Receipt/Notification processing: No abort of message processing if ReceptionReceipt/notification delivery fails 3.2 and 13.1: Web Service Seruity Scheme (prefix wsse) must point to: http://docs.oasis-open.org/wss/2004/01/oasis-200401-wss-wssecurity-secext-1.0.xsd - Appendix A: OSCI schema replaced with modified version
3	Febru- ary to April 2010	Apitzsch/ Linde- mann/ Schwel- lach	- Diverse typos (all chapters) - WS-I Basis Security Profile – Refrence updatet to final Version available since January, 2010 6.1.1: TypeOfBusinessScenarioType introduced 7.3.1: e2e encryption only MUST when using MsgBox ! 8.x.x.: osci:EPR changed to wsa.EndpointReference 8.x.x and 9.x: wsa:ReplyTo eliminated as header for all message types where this header makes no sence (sync. request/response scenarios) - Appendix A: Schema detailed for osci:TypeOfBusinessScenario - Schema Element corrections. - MsgBoxClose -> MsgBoxCloseRequest

			b. ReceptionReceipt,: RelatosTo now cardinality 0..1 c. MsgSelector: Name change EntryFrom -> EntryTimeFrom,, EntryTo -> EntryTimeTo d. TypeOfBusinessScenarioType introduced
--	--	--	---

3720

Appendix E. Acknowledgements

Following people having contributed temporarily or during the whole specification process to the OSCI Transport 2 concepts and documents are gratefully acknowledged:

Requirements, Architecture and Specification Working Groups

Jörg Apitzsch (bos), Ingo Beyer (PC-Ware), Thomas Biere (BSI), Oliver Böhm (Fraunhofer ISST), Nils Büngener (bos), Dr. Peter Dettling (IBM Deutschland), Jan Füssel (cit), Clemens Gogolin (PTB), Golo Hoffmann (procilon), Marc Horstmann (bos), Christoph Karich (Hochschule Harz), Daniel Koszior (PC-Ware), Harald Krause (Dataport), Arnold Külper (DVZ Mecklenburg-Vorpommern), Raik Kuhlisch (Fraunhofer ISST), Ralf Lindemann (bos), Dr. Klaus Lüttich (bos), Fabian Meiswinkel (Microsoft Deutschland), Lutz Nentwig (Fraunhofer ISST), Lars Nitzsche (procilon), Torsten Rienaß (procilon), Martin Schacht (Microsoft Deutschland), Thilo Schuster (cit), Janos Schwellach (bos), Prof. Dr.-Ing. Hermann Strack (Hochschule Harz), Dr. Hamed Tabrizi (bos), Lutz Vorwerk (IZN Niedersachsen), Sascha Weinreuter (cit), Mario Wendt (Microsoft Deutschland)

Approval Instance

Members of the Architecture and Specification Working Group and:

Marcel Boffo (LDI Rheinland-Pfalz), Carlheinz Braun (DPMA), Christoph Damm (Staatskanzlei Sachsen), Steffen Düring (UBA), Joachim Gerber (INFORA), Reto Giger (Schweizer Post), Jens Habermann (LDS Düsseldorf), Renée Hinz (UBA), Wolfgang Klebsattel (DLR), Andreas Kraft (PBEG), Svea Lahn (HSH), Dr. Christian Mrugalla (BMI), Dr. Bernhard Paul (IBM Deutschland), Maren Pohl (HABIT), Anja Riekenberg (Hannit), Martin Rost (ULD Kiel), Alexander Spohn (ITDZ), Frank Steimke (OSCI Leitstelle), Andrea Steinbeck (HSH), Heiko Thede (DVZ Mecklenburg-Vorpommern), Joachim Wille (SAP Deutschland)